Syllabus

Revised Basic B.Sc. Nursing



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B.Sc NURSING PROGRAM

I. OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAM

The B.Sc. nursing degree program is a four-year fulltime program comprising eight semesters, which prepares a student to become a registered nurse qualified to practice in a variety of settings in either public/ government or private healthcare settings. It adopts credit system and semester system as per UGC guidelines. The program encompasses foundational, core and elective courses. The choice-based system is applicable to electives only and is offered in the form of modules. Modular learning is also integrated in the foundational as well as core courses that is mandatory.

The program prepares nurses for generalist nursing practice. Knowledge acquisition related to wellness, health promotion, illness, disease management and care of the dying is core to nursing practice. Mastery of competencies is the main focus. Students are provided with opportunities to learn a whole range of nursing skills in addition to acquiring knowledge related to nursing practice. This is achieved through learning in skill lab/simulated labs and clinical environment. Simulation will be integrated throughout the curriculum wherever feasible to enable them to develop competencies before entry into real field of nursing practice.

The revised curriculum embraces competency-based approach throughout the program integrating mastery learning and self-directed learning. Through the educational process the students assimilate and synthesize knowledge, cultivate critical thinking skills and develop care strategies. Competencies that reflect practice standards of Indian Nursing Council (INC) address the areas of cultural diversity, communication technology, teamwork and collaboration, safety, quality, therapeutic interventions and evidence- based practice. They are prepared to provide safe and competent care to patients across life span and influence patient outcomes.

II. PHILOSOPHY

Indian Nursing Council believes that:

Health and wellness are two fundamental concepts that are integrated throughout the program. Health is a state of well-being that encompasses physical, psychological, social, economic and spiritual dimensions. Wellness is the individual's perception of wellness and is influenced by the presence of disease and individual's ability to adapt. Health is a right of all people. Individuals have a right to be active participants in achieving health as they perceive it. Society consists of dynamic and interactive systems involving individuals, families, groups and communities. Cultural diversity, race, caste, creed, socio economic levels, religion, lifestyles, changes in environment and political factors influence it. Nurses recognize and respect human differences and diversity of population within society and provide ethical care with respect and dignity and protect their rights.

Nursing as a profession and a discipline utilizes knowledge derived from arts, sciences (physical, biological and behavioral), humanities and human experience. Nursing science incorporates clinical competence, critical thinking, communication, teaching learning, professionalism, and caring and cultural competency. Nurses collaborate with other health disciplines to solve individual and community health problems. Nursing facilitates evidence-based practice, compassionate caring among its practitioners in response to emerging issues in healthcare and new discoveries and

technologies in profession. Nursing practice requires personal commitment to professional development and life-long learning.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across the life span in a wide variety of healthcare settings. Nursing practice is based on acquisition of knowledge, understanding, attitude, competencies and skills through INC's curricular and practice standards and proposed Indian Nursing and Midwifery Council Act (Includes Nurse Practice Act). The competencies in which the students are trained will guide them in performing their scope of practice. Nursing offers qualified nurses a wealth of opportunities in the field of practice, education, management and research in India and overseas.

The undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic curricular framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies appropriate to human and professional values. The teaching learning process is focused on mastery learning, modular, self-directed and self-accountable in choice making in terms of elective courses. The program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizens by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations. Health and community orientation are provided with special emphasis on national health problems, national health programs and national health policy directives to achieve universal health care for all citizens of India. The main roles of graduates would be provider of care with beginning proficiency in delivering safe care, coordinator/manager of care by being active participant of inter-professional team and member of a profession demonstrating self-responsibility and accountability for practice as well as to support the profession.

The faculty has the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that facilitates cultivation of critical thinking, curiosity, creativity and inquiry driven self- directed learning and attitude of life-long learning in students. Learners and educators interact in a process whereby students gain competencies required to function within their scope of practice.

III. AIMS

The aims of the undergraduate program are to

- Produce knowledgeable competent nurses with clear critical thinking skills who are caring, motivated, assertive and well-disciplined responding to the changing needs of profession, healthcare delivery system and society.
- Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative healthcare services in hospital or public health settings.
- Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations within the scope of practice, protect the rights of individuals and groups and conduct research in the areas of nursing practice and apply evidence-based practice.
- Prepare nurses to assume role of practitioner, teacher, supervisor and manager in clinical or public health settings.

IV. CORE COMPETENCIES FOR NURSING PRACTICE BY BSC GRADUATE (Figure 1)

The B.Sc. Graduate nurse will be able to:

1. <u>Patient centered care</u>

Provide holistic care recognizing individual patient's preferences, values and needs, that is compassionate, coordinated, age and culturally appropriate safe and effective care.

2. <u>Professionalism</u>

Demonstrate accountability for the delivery of standard-based nursing care as per INC standards that is consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles.

3. Leadership

Influence the behavior of individuals and groups within their environment and facilitate establishment of shared goals.

4. System-based practice

Demonstrate awareness and responsiveness to the context of healthcare system and ability to manage resources essential to provide optimal quality of care.

5. <u>Health informatics and Technology</u>

Use technology and synthesize information and collaborate to make critical decisions that optimize patient outcomes.

6. <u>Communication</u>

Interact effectively with patients, families and colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance patient satisfaction and health outcomes.

7. <u>Teamwork and Collaboration</u>

Function effectively within nursing and interdisciplinary teams, fostering open communication, mutual respect, shared decision making, team learning and development.

8. <u>Safety</u>

Minimize risk of harm to patients and providers through both system effectiveness and individual performance.

9. **Quality improvement**

Use data to monitor the outcomes of care processes and utilize improvement methods to design and test changes to continuously improve the quality and safety of healthcare system.

10. Evidence based practice

Identify, evaluate and use the best current evidence coupled with clinical expertise and consideration of patient's preferences, experience and values to make practical decisions.

Guidelines for Establishment of B.Sc (Nursing) College of Nursing:-

- 1. The following Establishments / Organizations are eligible to establish / Open a B.Sc. (Nursing) College of Nursing.
 - a) Registered Private or Public Trust;
 - b) Organizations Registered under Societies Registration Act including Missionary Organizations;
 - c) Companies incorporated under section 8 of Company's Act;
- 2. The eligible Organizations / Establishments should have their own 100 bedded Parent Hospital.
- 3. In respect of Tribal and Hilly Area the requirement of own Parent Hospital is exempted.
 - a) Tribal area Scheduled notified area; [Areas as the President of India may by order declare to be Scheduled Areas;]
 - b) Hilly area North East States, UTs of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh & Uttrakhand.
- 4. The eligible Organizations / Establishments should obtain Essentiality Certificate / No objection Certificate from the concerned State Government where the B.Sc. (Nursing) College of Nursing is sought to be established. The particulars of the name of the College / Nursing Institution along with the name of the Trust /Society [as mentioned in Trust Deed or Memorandum of Association] as also full address shall be mentioned in No Objection Certificate/Essentiality Certificate.
- 5. After receipt of the Essentiality Certificate/ No objection Certificate, the eligible institution shall get recognition from the concerned State Nursing Council for the B.Sc.(Nursing) programme for the particular academic year, which is a mandatory requirement.
- 6. The Indian Nursing Council shall after receipt of the above documents / proposal online would then conduct Statutory Inspection of the recognized training nursing institution under Section 13 of Indian Nursing Council Act 1947 in order to assess the suitability with regard to availability of Teaching faculty, Clinical and Infrastructural facilities in conformity with Regulations framed under the provisions of Indian Nursing Council Act, 1947.

Parent Hospital (Unitary/ Single Hospital)

Parent Hospital for a nursing institution having the same trust which has established nursing institutions and has also established the hospital.

OR

For a nursing institution (managed by trust) a "Parent Hospital" would be a hospital either owned and controlled by the trust or managed and controlled by a member of the trust. In case the owner of the hospital is a member of the Trust that the hospital would continue to function as a "Parent Hospital" till the life of the nursing institution. The undertaking would also be to the effect that the Member of the Trust would not allow the hospital to be treated" Parent/Affiliated Hospital" to any other nursing institution and will be for minimum 30 years [i.e., signed by all members of trust] to the undertaking to be submitted from the Members of the Trust.

Note:

I. <u>Change of Trust/Society</u>:- The trust/ Society cannot be purchased as per Indian Trust Act, but there can be change of members/trustees. Therefore the purchase of institution or change of membership will not be considered as continuation of the programme. The institution which is purchased/ taken over will be considered as closed. And a fresh Govt. Order is required mentioning the trust/ society name along with programmes.

The change of membership in society/ change of trust and trustees to be submitted immediately after incorporating through registrar cooperative societies/Indian trust act.

- II. Trust/society can open number of institutions, but it will be considered as one institution under the ambit of one Trust. Further a trust can open only one nursing institution in one city/town.
- III. Change of Address:-State Nursing Councilshall issue a certificate certifying the fact that the nursing institution is being shifted to the new building/premises at the address indicated. The certificate issued should indicate clearly total covered area of the nursing institution, number of rooms along with area specification, provision of adequate washroom facilities, lighting and ventilation etc of the new building.

Change of location (district/town/city/village) shall be considered under new proposal.

- IV. No two institutions will have same name in same city/town.
- V. No Institutions / University will modify the syllabi; however they can add units/subjects if need be.
- VI. If, no admission are made for two consecutive academic years then it shall be considered that the institution is closed. If the institution wants to restart the programme they have to submit the fees along with a valid justification, SNRC/University approval for the same to be submitted to Indian Nursing Council within 5 years i.e, from the year they did not have admissions or else it will be be come under new Nursing institution definition.
- VII. <u>Change of Name of the Institution</u>:- If the Trust/society proposes to change the name of the institute, a valid reason has to be submitted. In such cases SNRC/University shall accept the proposal for change of name of the Institute, before submission of the proposal to INC.

PHYSICAL FACILITIES

Teaching Block:

- The college of Nursing should be within 30 Km Distance from its parent hospital having space for expansion in an institutional area. For a College with an annual admission capacity of **60** students, the constructed area of the college should be **22800** square feet.
- Adequate hostel/residential accommodation for students and staff should be available in addition to the above mentioned built up area of the Nursing College respectively. The details of the constructed area are given below for admission capacity of **60** students:

S.No.	Teaching Block	Area (Figures in Sq feet)
1.	Lecture Hall	4 @ 900 = 3600
2.	Skill/ Simulation Laboratory	•
	(i) Nursing foundation lab	1500
	(ii) CHN	900
	(iii) Nutrition	900
	(iv) OBG and Pediatrics lab	900
	(v) Pre-clinical science lab	900
3	Computer Lab*	1500
4	A.V. Aids Room	600
5.	Multipurpose Hall	3000
6.	Common Room (Male and Female)	1000
7.	Staff Room	800
8.	Principal Room	300
9.	Vice Principal Room	200
10.	Library	2300
11.	One room for each Head of Departments	5 @ 200 = 1000
10.	Faculty Room	2400
11.	Provisions for Toilets	1000
	Total Constructed Area	22800 Sqr. Ft.

Note:*-1:5 computer student ratio as per student intake.*

Note:

- 1. Nursing Educational institution should be in Institutional area only and not in residential area.
- 2. If the institute has non-nursing programme in the same building, Nursing programme should have separate teaching block.
- 3. Shift-wise management with other educational institutions will not be accepted.

- 4. Separate teaching block shall be available if it is in hospital premises.
- 5. Proportionately the size of the built-up area will increase/decrease according to the number of seats approved.

Hostel Block (60 Students):

S. No.	Hostel Block	Area (Figures in Sq feet)
1	Single Room	12000 (50 sq. ft. for each students)
1.	Double Room	
2.	Sanitary	One latrine & One Bath room
۷.		$(for 5 students) - 600 \times 4 = 2400$
3.	Visitor Room	500
4.	Reading Room	250
5.	Store	500
6.	Recreation Room	500
7.	Dining Hall	3000
8.	Kitchen & Store	1500
9.	Warden's room	450
	Total	21100 Sqr. Ft.

Grand Total Constructed Area-

Grand Total	43900 Sqr. Ft.
Hostel Block	21100 Sqr. Ft
Teaching Block	22800 Sqr. Ft

{Note: Day Scholars are allowed, however 30% provision of hostel is mandatory}

CLINICAL FACILITIES for 60 students (for new institution)

I.a College of Nursing should have a 100 bedded Parent/Own Hospital.

Note:- The institution offering General Nursing Midwifery programme and found suitable by INC before 2013-14 are eligible for up-gradation (phasing out GNM programme) will be exempted from the requirement of parent hospital.

I.b 100 beds is not sufficient to offer clinical experience/ specialities to students as laid down in the B.Sc (Nursing) syllabus.

II. Additional affiliation of hospital

In addition to Parent Hospital of 100 beds, institution shall take affiliation of the hospital, if all the required learning experience are not available in the parent hospital. The students should be sent to affiliated hospital/agencies/Institutions where it is available.

a. Criteria for Affiliation:-

The types of experience for which a nursing college can affiliate are:

• Community Health Nursing

- Communicable Disease
- Mental Health (Psychiatric) Nursing
- Specialty like Cardiology, Neurology, Oncology Nephrology etc.
- Obst, Gynaecology, Paediatrics, Ortho etc.

b. The size of the hospital for affiliation:-

- Should not be less than 50 beds apart from having own hospital
- Bed occupancy of the hospital should be minimum 75%

III. Clinical requirements for Nursing program are as given below:

S. No	Areas of Clinical Experience	Number of Beds
1	Medical	45
2	Surgical	45
3	Obst. & Gynaecology	45
4	Pediatrics	30
5	Orthopaedics	15
6	Psychiatric	50

IV. Other Specialties/Facilities for clinical experience required are as follows:

- Major OT
- Minor OT
- Dental Eye/ENT
- Burns and Plastic
- Neonatology care unit
- Communicable disease
- Community Health Nursing
- Cardiology
- Oncology Neurology/Neuro-surgery
- Nephrology etc.
- ICU/ICCU
- Geriatric

Educational Visits will also be conducted as per the B.Sc(N) syllabus (for example: Milk Treatment plant, Water and Sewage plant, Rehabilitation Centres, Orphanage, Geriatric Care, Home for Destitute, Professional Organisation etc.)

- V. The Nursing Staffing norms in the Parent and affiliated Hospital should be as per the INC norms.
- VI. The Parent/affiliated Hospital should give student status to the candidates of the nursing programme.
- VII. Maximum Distance between affiliated hospitals & institutions should not be more than 30 kms.
- VIII. For Hilly & Tribal the maximum distance can be 50 kms.
- IX. 1:3 student patient ratio to be maintained.

STAFFING PATTERN

<u>Table – I</u>

Qualifications & experience of teachers of college of Nursing

S.No.	POST, QUALIFICATION & EXPERIENCE
1.	Principal cum Professor- Essential Qualification:-M.Sc. (N) Experience:- M.Sc (N), Ph.D. (N) having total 15 years experience with M.Sc. (N) out of which 10 years after M.Sc. (N) in collegiate progarmme. Ph.D.(N) is desirable
2.	Vice- Principal cum Professor- Essential Qualification:-M.Sc (N) Experience:-M.Sc (N) Total 12 years experience with M.Sc. (N) out of which 10 years teaching experience after M.Sc (N) Ph.D.(N) is desirable
3.	Professor- Essential Qualification:- M.Sc (N) Experience:- M.Sc (N)Total 12 years experience with M.Sc.(N) out of which 10 years teaching experience after M.Sc (N). Ph.D.(N) is desirable
4.	Associate Professor- Essential Qualification:- M.Sc (N) Experience:-Total 8 years experience with M.Sc. (N) including 5 years teaching experience Ph.D.(N) desirable
5.	Assistant Professor- Essential Qualification:- M.Sc (N) Experience:- M.Sc. (N) with total 3 years teaching experience Ph.D.(N) desirable
6.	Tutor- M.Sc.(N) preferable Experience:- B.Sc.(N)/P.B.B.Sc.(N) with 1 year experience.

Table –II

S.No.	Designation	B.Sc.(N) 40-60	B.Sc.(N) 61-100
1	Principal	1	1
2	Vice- Principal	1	1
3	Professor	1	1-2
4	Associate Professor	2	2-4
5	Assistant Professor	3	3-8
6	Tutor/Clinical Instructor/Demonstrator	5-10	10-12
	Total	13-18	18-28

(For example for 40 students intake minimum number of teacher required is 13 including Principal, 1- Principal, 1- Vice Principal, 1-Professor, 2- Associate Professor & 3- Assistant Professor, tutors will be 5)

• Number of Nursing departments = 6 (Six)

- i. Nursing Foundation (Professor or Associate shall head of the department)
- ii. Medical-surgical Nursing
- iii. Psychiatric Nursing
- iv. Paediatric Nursing
- v. Midwifery, Obst. & Gynaecology
- vi. Community Health Nursing

Minimum one professor from each specialty area shall be appointed as head of the department except nursing foundation.

- 1:15 teacher student ratio excluding Principal and Vice Principal
- All teacher shall take classes, perform clinical teaching and supervision academic activities including Principal & Vice Principal
- If the number of students are more than 60 there shall be two sections with minimum 30 students each. Maximum number of students in each section shall be 60 only.

Admission Terms and Conditions

- The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on 31st December of the year in which admission is sought. The maximum age limit for admission shall be 35 years.
- Minimum Educational Qualification
 - i. Candidate with Science/Arts/Humanities/Commerce who have passed the 12th Standard examination (10+2) and must have obtained a minimum of 45% marks in the core/elective/academic subjects taken together and passed English individually. The above candidates should have passed from recognise board under AISSCE/CBSE/ICSE/SSCE/HSCE or other equivalent Board.
 - Candidate with Science/Arts/Humanities/Commerce who have passed the 12th Standard examination (10+2) and must have obtained a minimum of 45% marks in the core/elective/academic subjects taken together and passed English individually. The candidates should have passed from State Open School recognized by State Government and National Institute of Open School (NIOS) recognized by Central Government.
 - iii. Vocational ANM's/ RANMs are also eligible.
 - iv. Admission shall be through Entrance examination. Entrance test** shall comprise of:
 - a) Aptitude for Nursing10 marksb) General Science50 marksc) General knowledge20 marksd) English10 marks
 - e) General ability 10 marks

-Minimum qualifying marks for entrance test shall be 50% marks.

**Entrance test shall be conduct by University/State Government

- Candidate shall be medically fit.
- Candidate shall be admitted once in a year

Reservation policy:

- For disabled candidates: 3% Disability reservation to be considered with a disability of loco-motor to the tune of 40% to 50% of the lower extremity and other eligibility criteria with regard to age and qualification will be same as prescribed for each nursing programme.
- Colour Blind candidates are eligible provided that colour corrective contact lens and spectacles are worn by such candidates.
- **Note:** A committee to be formed consisting of medical officer authorized by medical board of State government and a nursing expert in the panel which may decide whether the candidates have the disability of loco-motor to the tune of 40% to 50% and also for the color blind candidates.

In respect of candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC and candidates with benchmarked disabilities under the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 (PH) the marks obtained in core subject stated above shall be 40% instead of 45 % marks for General category Candidates.

• Foreign Nationals:

The entry qualification equivalency i.e., 12th standard will be obtained by Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. Institution, State Nursing Council & University will be responsible to ensure that the qualification and eligibility will be equivalent to what has been prescribed by Indian Nursing Council

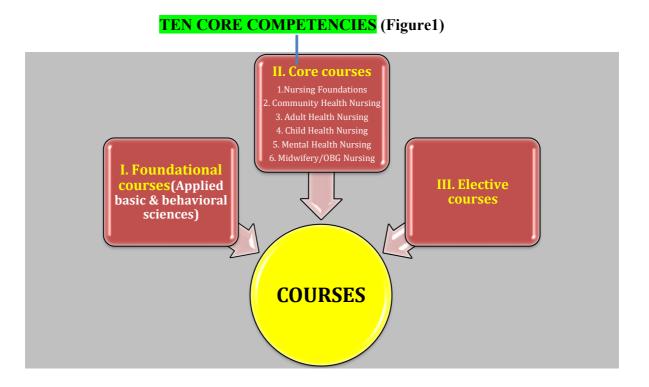
• Reservation of seats in Nursing Colleges for SC/ST/OBC/PH/EWSs

Admission under the reserved quota shall be subject to reservation policy and eligibility criteria for SC/ST/OBC/PH/EWSs prescribed by the Central Govt./ State Govt./ Union Territory as applicable to the College concerned.

Note:

- **Constitutions shall be applicable within the sanctioned number of the seats.**
- \Box The start of the semester shall be 1^{st} August every year.
- □ No admission after the cut-off date i.e. 30th September will be undertaken. Further Hall tickets/admit card shall not be issued to the candidates who are admitted after 30th September.
- □ The responsibility of obtaining and verifying the requisite documents for admission lies with the Institution and University.

BSC NURSING PROGRAM-Four years (8 semesters) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) & SEMESTER SYSTEM COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM



I & II Sem

I Semester

 General Science
 Communicative English
 Applied Anatomy & Physiology
 Applied Sociology & Psychology
 Nursing Foundations

II Semester

6. Appliied Biochemistry
7. Applied Nutrition & Dietetics
8. Nursing Foundations II
9. Introduction to Community Health Nursing (Including Health care Policy & Regulation and Environmental science)

IV Sem

III &

III Semester

10. Applied Microbiology, and Infection control including Safety

11. Pharmacology I 12. Pathology I

13. Adult Health (Medical Surgical) Nursing I with integrated

pathophysiology 14. Professionalism, Professional values & Ethics including bioethics

IV Semester

15. Pharmacology II
16. Pathology II & Genetics
17. Adult Health (Medical Surgical) Nursing II including Geriatrics with integrated pathophysiology
18. Educational Technology/Nursing Education

Figure2. Curricular Framework

V & VI Sem

V Semester

19. Child Health Nursing I 20. Mental Health Nursing I 21. Nursing Management & Leadership 22. Nursing Research and Statistics

23. Health/Nursing Informatics & technology 24. Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws

VI Semester

25. Child Health Nursing II 26. Mental Health Nursing II 27. Community Health Nursing I including Epidemiology 28. Midwifery /Obstetrics & Gynaecology I

VIII Sem

VII &

VII Semester

29. Community Health Nursing II 30. Midwifery and /Obstetrics & Gynaecology II

VIII Semester

31. Internship (Intensive practicum/ Residency posting)

1. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

	BSc Nursing Program Structure					
 I Semester General Science (Refresher Course) Communicative English Applied Anatomy & applied Physiology Applied Sociology & applied Psychology Nursing Foundations I 	 II Semester Applied Biochemistry Applied Nutrition and dietetics *Nursing Foundations II including First Aid module Introduction to Community Health Nursing including Health care Policy & Regulation and Environmental Science 	 III Semester Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety Pharmacology I Pathology I *Adult Health (Medical Surgical) Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology Professionalism, Professional values & ethics including bioethics 	 IV Semester Pharmacology II Pathology II & Genetics *Adult Health Nursing II including Geriatric Nursing with integrated pathophysiology Educational Technology/ Nursing education 			
	<u>Mandatory Module</u> *First Aid	<u>Mandatory Module</u> *BCLS	Mandatory Module *Health Assessment			
 <u>V Semester</u> *Child Health Nursing I Mental Health Nursing I Nursing Management & Leadership Nursing Research and Statistics Health/Nursing Informatics & technology Introduction to Forensic Nursing & Indian Laws 	 VI Semester Child Health Nursing II Mental Health Nursing II *Community Health Nursing I (Including epidemiology) Midwifery/ Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I 	 VII Semester *Community Health Nursing II **Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II 	VIII Semester Internship (Intensive practicum/ Residency posting)			
<u>Mandatory Modules</u> *PLS/PALS, IMNCI, Essential Newborn Care & Facility Based Newborn Care (FBNBC)	* Standard treatment protocols used in national health programmes (Part I from NPPHC syllabus- draft)	<u>Mandatory Module</u> * Standard treatment protocols used in national health programmes (Part II from NPPHC syllabus - draft) ** SBA module (VI / VII Sem)	<u>Mandatory Module</u> ACLS			

MANDATORY MODULES:

The prepared modules (Health Assessment) and available modules as National guidelines (First Aid-NDMA, IMNCI, ENBC, FBNBC, SBA module, and National program treatment protocols will be provided in separate learning resource package) For BCLS, ACLS, PLS/PALS- Standard national/international modules can be used

ELECTIVE MODULES

Number of electives to be completed: 4 (Every module=1 credit=20Hours)

III & IV Semesters: To complete any **two** electives by end of 4th semester across 1st to 4th semesters

- Human values
- Diabetes Care
- Palliative care
- Disaster Management

V & VI Semesters: *To complete any one* of the following before end of 6th semester

- CBT
- Personality development
- Addiction psychiatry
- Adolescent health
- Sports health
- Accreditation and practice standards
- Developmental psychology
- Menopausal health
- Health Economics

VII & VIII Semesters: To complete any **one** of the following before end of 8^{th} semester

- Scientific writing skills
- Lactation management
- Sexuality & Health
- Stress management
- Job readiness and employability in health care setting
- Soft Skills

2. CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION: OVERALL PLAN

Duration of the program: 8 semesters

<u>1-7 Semesters</u>

One Semester Plan for the first 7 semesters

Total Weeks per Semester: 26wks/semester

Number of Weeks per Semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40hrs/week x 20 weeks=800hours)

Number of Working Days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days/weekx20 weeks)

Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory Holidays-6 Weeks

Vacation: 3 weeks Holidays-1 week Examination & preparatory holidays-2 weeks

8th Semester

One semester-22 weeks Vacation-1 week, holidays- 1 week, Exam & preparatory holidays-2wks

S.No.	SEMESTER	COURSE NO.	COURSES/ SUBJECTS	Theory (hrs.)	Lab (hrs.)	Clinica l (hrs.)	Total (hrs.)
1	First	1	General Science * (Refresher Course)	80			80
		2	Communicative English*	40			40
		3	Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology	100			100
		4	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	100			100
		5	Nursing Foundations I including First Aid	120	80	160	360
		6	Science Module*	80			80
			TOTAL	440	80	160	760
2	Second	1	Applied Biochemistry	20			20
		2	Applied Nutrition and dietetics	40			40
		3	Nursing Foundations II including First Aid Module	120	120	320	560
		4	Introduction to community Health Nursing* (Including Health care Policy & regulation and Environmental Science)	40		80	120
		5	Self study and co curricular	20+20=40			40
			TOTAL	220	120	400	780
3	Third	1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including	40	40		80
		2	Pharmacology I	20			20
		3	Pathology I	20			20
		4	Medical Surgical Nursing I/ Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	120	40	480	640
		5	Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including Bioethics	20			20
		6	Self study/Co curricular	20			20
			TOTAL	220	80	480	800

4. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

4	Fourth	1	Pharmacology II	40			40
		2	Pathology II and Genetics	20			20
		3	Adult Health Nursing II including Geriatric Nursing with Health Assessment Module	120	40	480	640
		4	Educational Technology/ Nursing education	40	40		80
		5	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	220	80	480	800
5	Fifth	1	Child Health Nursing I including FBNC, Essential Newborn Care(ENBC), IMNCI and PLS/PALS, modules	80	40	160	280
		2	Mental Health Nursing I	80		80	160
		3	Nursing Management and Leadership	60		80	140
		4	Nursing Research and Statistics	40		80(Proj ect)	120
		5	Health/ Nursing Informatics and technology	30	20		50
		6	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian laws	20			20
		7	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	310	60	400	790
6	Sixth	1	Child Health Nursing II	20		80	100
		2	Mental Health Nursing II	20		160	180
		3	Community Health Nursing I including Epidemiology and standard treatment protocols	100		160	260
		4	Midwifery /Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I including SBA module	40	40	160	240
		5	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20

7	Seventh	1	Community Health Nursing II	40		80	120
		2	Midwifery/ Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II	80	40	560	680
		3	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	120	40	640	820
8	Eight (Internship)	1	Community Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
	-22 weeks	2	Adult Health Nursing- 6 weeks				
		3	Child Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
		4	Mental Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
		5	Midwifery- 4 weeks				
			TOTAL	22×	< 88 hrs/wee	k	1056

1 credit theory- 1hour/week/semester

1credit practical/lab- 2hrs/week/semester

1credit clinical – 4hrs/week/semester

Total Semesters=8

Total number of credits-160 (Excludes electives)

Total number of hours- 6606 hours

Theory-1690

Lab-520

Clinical-4176

Self study/cocurricular-220

Electives: 4 {One elective course -1credit (20Hrs)}

Total credits=164 (Includes Electives)

Courses of Instruction with Credit structure is given in Appendix 1

5. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End semester College exam, and End semester University exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End semester College	End semester University	Hours	Total marks		
			exam	Exam				
	Theory							
1	General Science	25	25		1	50		
2	Communicative English	25	25		1	50		
3	Applied Anatomy & Physiology	25		75	3	100		
4	Applied Sociology & Psychology	25		75	3	100		
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25						
	Practical							
6	Nursing Foundations I	*25						

* Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations I& II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory

Nursing Foundations I theory in I semester Internal marks will be added to Nursing Foundations I & II Theory Internal in the second semester (25+25=50)

II SEMESTER

S.No	S.No Course Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	College exam*	University Exam*	Hour s	Total marks
	Theory					
1	Applied Biochemistry and applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 (I Sem-25 & II Sem-25)		75	3	100
3	Introduction to Community Health Nursing (Including Health Care Policy and Regulation and Environmental Science)	25	25		1	50
	Practical					
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25		50		100

* End Semester

III SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory							
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	25		75	3	100		
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25						
2	Adult Health Nursing (Medical Surgical Nursing) I	25		75	3	100		
3	Professionalism, Ethics & Professional values	25	25		1	50		
	Practical							
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100		

* Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same).

IV SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory		Cxam	Exam				
1	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100		
2	Pharmacology & Pathology (I & II) & Genetics	25 (III Sem-25 & IV Sem-25)		75	3	100		
3	Educational Technology/Nursing education	25		75	3	100		
	Practical							
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100		

V SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory							
1	Child Health Nursing I	*25						
2	Mental Health Nursing I	*25						
3	Nursing Management and Leadership	25		75	3	100		
4	Nursing Research and Statistics	25		75	3	100		
5	Health/Nursing Informatics & technology	25	25		1	50		
6	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	25	25		1	50		
	Practical							
7	Child Health Nursing I	*25						
8	Mental Health Nursing I	*25						

* Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing I & II and Mental Health Nursing I & II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Asses	ssment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory					-
1	Child Health Nursing (I&II)	25 (Sem V-25 &Sem VI- 25)		75	3	100
2	Mental Health Nursing (I&II)	25 (Sem V-25 &Sem VI- 25)		75	3	100
3	Community Health Nursing I	*25				
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology I	*25				
	Practical					
4	Child Health Nursing (I&II)	50 (Sem V-25 &Sem VI- 25)		50		100
5	Mental Health Nursing (I&II)	50 (Sem V-25 &Sem VI- 25)		50		100
	Practical					
	Community Health Nursing I	*25				
	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology I	*25				

* Will be added to Community Health Nursing I&II and Midwifery I&II theory and practical respectively in the next semester.

VII SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Asse	essment (Mark	s)	
		Internal	End	End	Hours	Total
			Semester	Semester		marks
			college	University		
			exam	Exam		
	Theory					
1	Community Health Nursing	25		75	3	100
	(I&II)	(Sem VI-				
		25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
2	Midwifery /Obstetrics and	25		75	3	100
	Gynecology (OBG) Nursing	(Sem VI-				
	(I&II)	25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
	Practical					
3	Community Health Nursing	50		50		100
	(I&II)	(Sem VI-				
		25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and	50		50		100
	Gynecology (OBG) Nursing	(Sem VI-				
	(I&II)	25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				

VIII SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal	End	End	Hours	Total
			Semester	Semester		marks
			College	University		
			exam	Exam		
	Practical					
1	Competency assessment	100		100		200

6. EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

The student has to pass by getting 80% and above in all mandatory modules and allotted percentage of marks will be included in the internal assessment of college /university exam. Pass mark for the elective modules is C -50% minimu

Note:

- 1. Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology-Question paper will consist of Section A Applied Anatomy of 37 marks and B applied Pysiology should be of 38 marks.
- 2. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics and Biochemistry and- Question paper will consist of Section A Applied Nutrition and Dietetics of 50 marks and Section B of Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 3. Pharmacology, genetics, pathology: Section A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section B of Pathology of 25 and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 4. Nursing Research and Statistics-Nursing Research should be of 55 marks and Statistics of 20 marks
- 5. Following exams shall be conducted as College exam and minimum pass is C grade (5 point) and to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet and shall not be considered for calculating aggregate.
 - i. Health and Nursing Informatics
- ii. Introduction of Forensic nursing
- iii. Communicative English
- iv. Introduction to Community Health Nursing
- 6. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% (C grade/5 point) for English only
- 7. Minimum pass marks shall be 50 % in each of the Theory and practical papers separately.
- 8. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 9. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical he/ she has to reappear for both the papers (Theory and practical).
- 10. Candidate shall appear for exams in each semester:
 - a) The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing for fifth semester examination. However the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - b) The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing seventh semester examination. The candidates shall permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - c) The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- Candidate has to pass separately in internal and external examination. No institution shall submit average internal marks of the test students more than 75% is if 40 students are admitted in a course the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed 75% of total internal marks
- 3. At least 50% of the Non-nursing subjects like Anatomy & Physiology,

Biochemistry, Biophysics, Psychology, Microbiology, Pharmacology Genetics, Nutrition, Sociology, English and Computer Science should be taught by the Nursing teachers. Teachers who are involved in teaching non-nursing subjects can be the examiners for the programme.

- Teaching shall be done by the Nursing faculty and will be supplemented by the guest faculty who are doctors/ PG qualification in the requisite subject.
- Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 25 per day. Particular year and of same institution batch shall be examined by the same set of examiners.
- All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- One internal and One external examiners should jointly conduct practical examination for each student
- An examiner should be a Lecturer/ Assistant Professor or above in a college of Nursing with M.Sc(N) in concerned subject and minimum 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for nursing foundation course faculty having M.Sc.(N) with any specialty shall be considered

VI. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. GRADING OF PERFORMANCE

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course. Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals.

UGC 10point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses - Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50 % and above For English and electives- Pass at P Grade (4 Grade point) 40 % and above

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point average (CGPA)

SPGA- Is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses by the student during the semester (All courses excluding English and electives)

Ex. SGPA computation

Course	Credit/s	Letter grade	Grade point	Credit point
Number				(Credit X grade)
1	3 (C1)	А	8 (G1)	3x8=24
2	4 (C2)	B+	7 (G2)	4x7=28
	× ,			
3	3 (C3)	В	6 (G3)	3x6=18
	~ /			

 $SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3}{C1 + C2 + C3}$

 $=\frac{70}{10}=7$ (rounded off to two decimal points)

Computation of CGPA

CGPA is calculated with SGPA of all semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade in mark card/transcript showing grades of all 8 semesters and their courses/subjects.

Semester I	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
Credit-Cr			
Cr: 20	Cr: 22	Cr: 25	Cr: 26
SGPA: 6.5	SGPA: 7.0	SGPA: 5.5	SGPA: 6.0
CrxSGPA=20x6.5			

CGPA reflects the failed status in case of fail till the course/s are passed

 $CGPA = \frac{20x6.5 + 22x7 + 25x5.5 + 26x6}{93}$

$$=\frac{577.5}{93}=6.2$$

Transcript Format:

Based on the above recommendation on letter grades, grade points, SPGA and CGPA, the transcript shall be issued for each semester with a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

Declaration of Pass

First Class with Distinction- CGPA of 7.5 and above

First Class- CGPA of 6.00-7.49

Second Class-CGPA of 5.00-5.99

2. INTERNAL ASSESSMENT AND GUIDELINES

The marks distribution of internal assessment is shown in Appendix 2 and the specific guidelines in Appendix 3

3. UNIVERSITY THEORY AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PATTERN

The theory question paper pattern and practical exam pattern are shown in Appendix 4

SYLLABUS

GENERAL SCIENCE

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 4Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to refresh their knowledge and understanding gained during the previous education that will enhance their ability to apply the same in nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Recal and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Physics and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 2. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 3. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I-X	20 hours	Review and recall the knowledge and application of concepts and principles of Physics	 PHYSICS I. Physical World and Measurement Physical world Units and Measurements II. Kinematics Motion in a straight line Motion in a plane Uniform circular motion III. Laws of motion Laws of conservation of linear momentum and its applications Laws of friction IV. Work, energy and power kinetic energy, work- energy, power. conservation of mechanical energy (kinetic and potential energies) V. Motion of system of particles and rigid body- 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-directed learning Assignments 	 MCQ Short answer Evaluation of assignments

COURSE OUTLINE

			System	n of particles and				
			rotatio	onal motion				
			VI. Gr	avitation				
			VII. P	roperties of bulk				
				atter-				
				echanical properties of				
			so	lids, fluids				
			• Th	ermal properties of				
				atter				
				Thermodynamics				
			IX. I	Behaviour of perfect				
			-	ases and kinetic				
				heory of gases				
				cillation of waves				
				scillations				
	20			aves		.		
I- XIV	20 hours	Review and recall the		MISTRY	•	Lecture cum discussion	•	MCQ
ΛΙΥ	nours	knowledge and	I.	Some basic concepts		discussion		Short answer
		application of	TT	of chemistry Structure of atom	•	Self-directed	•	Short answer
		concepts and	II. III.	Classification of		learning	•	Evaluation of
		principles of	111.	elements and				assignments
		Chemistry		periodicity in	•	Assignments		
				properties				
			IV.	Chemical bonding				
			1,1	and molecular				
				structure				
			V.	States of matter:				
				gases and liquids				
			VI.	Chemical				
				thermodynamics				
			VII.	Equilibrium				
			VIII.	Redox reactions				
			IX.	Hydrogen				
			Х.	S-Block elements				
			XI.	P-Block elements				
			XII.	Organic chemistry-				
				some basic principles				
				and techniques				
			XIII.	Hydrocarbons				
			XIV.	Environmental				
				chemistry				

I-X 40 hours Review and hours recall the knowledge and application of concepts and principles of Biology BIOLOGY I. Diversity in Living World Biodiversity Salient features and classification of plants and animals II. Structural Organization in
 knowledge and application of concepts and principles of Biology Knowledge and World Biodiversity Salient features and classification of plants and animals II. Structural Self-directed learning Short answer Short answer Evaluation of assignments
 application of concepts and principles of Biology Biodiversity Salient features and classification of plants and animals II. Structural Self-directed learning Self-directed learning Evaluation of assignments
 Concepts and principles of Biology Salient features and classification of plants and animals II. Structural III. Structural
Biology Classification of plants II. Structural • Assignments
and animals II. Structural
II. Structural
()ragnization in
Organization in
Animals and Plants:
Plant tissues-
Morphology, anatomy
and functions of different
parts of flowering plants
Animal tissues;
Morphology, anatomy
and functions of different
systems
III. Cell Structure and
Function
Plant cell and animal
cell-structure and
functions
Cell division: Cell cycle,
mitosis, meiosis and their
significance
IV. Plant Physiology
Transport in plants
Transport of food:
Mineral nutrition-
Essential minerals,
macro and micronutrients
and their role
Nitrogen metabolism
Photosynthesis- Factors
affecting photosynthesis
Respiration: Exchange of
gases; Cellular
respiration, Energy
V. Human Physiology
Digestion and absorption
Breathing and
Respiration: Respiratory

r	
	system in humans; Machaniam of broothing
	Mechanism of breathing and its regulation in
	humans,
	Body fluids and circulation
	Human circulatory
	system
	• Human excretory
	system–structure and functions
	Locomotion and Movement
	Skeletal system and its function
	Nervous system in
	humans
	• Sense organs -eye and
	ear.
	Human endocrine system VI. Reproduction
	1
	Sexual reproduction in
	flowering plants
	Human Reproduction: Male and female
	reproductive systems, Reproductive health
	VII. Genetics and
	Evolution
	Chromosomes and genes
	 Sex determination in
	humans
	Structure of DNA and
	RNA, Gene expression
	and regulation
	VIII. Biology and Human
	Welfare
	Health and Disease:
	Pathogens; parasites
	causing human diseases
	Basic concepts of
	immunology, Microbes
	in human welfare

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• Sewage treatment,
energy generation and
biofertilizers
IX. Biotechnology and
Its Applications
Biotechnology in health
and agriculture
X. Ecology and
environment
Population and
ecological adaptations
• Air pollution and its
control; Water pollution
and its control
• Solid waste management,
Radioactive waste
management,
Greenhouse effect and
global warming, Ozone
depletion, Deforestation

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION:

The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context as an individual or to the team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc...
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	3 hours	Identify the significance of communicative English	 Communication What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? 	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	 Checking for understanding through tasks
Π	5 hours	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	IntroductiontoLSRGW•L- Listening:Different types oflistening•S-Speaking:UnderstandingConsonants,Vowels, Word andSentenceStress,Intonation•R- Reading:Medical vocabulary,•Gr-Grammar:Understandingtenses, linkers•W- writing simplesentences and shortparagraphs-emphasis on correctgrammar	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech- C, V, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/ video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ 	Through 'check your understanding' exercises'

	5 hours	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	Attentive Listening • Focusing on listening in different situations- announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations • Reproducing Verbatim	 Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multi- choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	 Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9	Converse effectively,	 Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation 	Different types	Individual and group/ peer
	9 hours	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking-Effective Conversation Conversation situations- informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking- setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, Introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for Information, Giving instructions and directions 	prompts and free discussions • Presentation techniques • Talking to peers and other adults. • Talking to patients and Patient attenders • Talking to other healthcare professionals • Class room conversation	Individual and group/ peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of Situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking

V5 necdoting conclusionsRead, interpret and next, flow sheet, framework, figures, anecdotesRead, interpret and next, flow sheet, framework, figures, anecdotesReading next, flow sheet, framework, figures, anecdotesDetailed tasks and exercises on information neading notes and messages • Vocabulary for everyday and medical vocabulary vocabulary itiesDetailed tasks and exercises on information, informa	V 5 Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes • Image: Complex of the second se	 people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations Delivering strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on Instructions Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, 	and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation • Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis • Grammar	ng answers orally • Patient document • Doctor's Prescription of care • Journal/news reading and interpretation
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			presentations		
			• Remedial		
			Grammar		
VI	5	Enhance expressions	Writing Skills	• Writing tasks	Paper based assessment by
• •	hours	through writing skills	• Writing patient	with focus on task	the teacher/trainer against set
			tory	fulfilment,	band descriptors
			• Note taking	coherence and	• Presentation of situation
			Summarising	cohesion,	Documentation
			Anecdotal records	appropriate	Report writing
			• Letter writing	vocabulary and	Paper writing skills
			• Diary/ Journal	correct grammar	• Verbatim reproducing
			iting	• Guided and free	• Letter writing
			 Report writing 	tasks	• Resume/CV
			• Paper writing skills	• Different kinds	
			 Abstract writing 	of letter writing	
				tasks	
VII	8	Apply LSRW Skill in	LSRW Skills	Valuating	• Consolidated assessment
	hours	combination to learn,	• Critical thinking	different	orally and through written
		teach, educate and	strategies for	options/	tasks/ exercises
		share information,	listening and reading	multiple	
		ideas and results	• Oral reports,	answers and	
			• Writing	interpreting decisions	
			• Writing instructions, letters	through	
			and reports	situational	
			• Error analysis	activities	
			regarding LSRW	Demonstration	
				-individually	
				and in groups	
				Group	
				Discussion	
				Presentation	
				Role Play	
				Writing	
				reports	

APPLIED ANATOMY& APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours)

Anatomy -50 hours & Physiology -50 hours

APPLIED ANATOMY

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

UN	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	Т	EACHING	Δ.	SSESSMI	ENT
IT	(HRS)	OUTCOMES	CONTENT		EARNING		ETHODS	
11	(IIINS)	OUTCOMES				IVI	EINUD	
				A	CTIVITIES			
Ι	6		Introduction to anatomical	•	Lecture cum	•	Quiz	
		Define the terms	terms and organization of the		Discussion	٠	MCQ	
		relative to the	human body			•	Short	Answer
		anatomical	• Introduction to anatomical	•	Use of models		question	
		position	terms relative to position-				1	
		-	anterior, ventral, Posterior					
			dorsal, superior, inferior,					
			median, lateral, proximal,					
			distal, superficial, deep,					
			prone, supine, palmar and	•	Video			
		Describe the	plantar	•				
		anatomical planes	1		demonstration			
		anatonnear planes	• Anatomical planes					
		٦. ٣. 1	(axial/transverse/ horizontal,	٠	Use of			
		Define and	sagittal/vertical plane and		microscopic			
		describe the terms	coronal/frontal/oblique		slides			
		used to describe	plane)					
		movements	• Movements (flexion,					
			extension, abduction,					
			adduction, medial rotation,					
			lateral rotation, inversion,					

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	 eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction. Cell structure, Cell division Tissue-definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands-classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication 	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides Anatomical Torso 	
II	5	Describethe ofstructureofrespiratorysystemIdentifythe musclesmusclesofrespirationand examineexaminetheir contributioncontributionto the mechanism of breathingDescribethe structureDescribethe of digestive system	 in nursing The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum discussion Models Video slides Lecture cum discussion Video slides Anatomical Torso 	 Short answer questions Objective type Short answer Objective type

IV	5	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels-Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models Video /slides 	•	Short answer MCQ
V	4	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	The Endocrine systemStructureofHypothalamus,PinealGland,Pituitarygland,Thyroid,Parathyroid,Thymus,PancreasandAdrenalglands	• Lecture	•	Short answer questions Objective type
VI	3	Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/models/ charts 	•	Short answer MCQ
VII	8	Describe anatomical position and structure of bones and joints Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton Classify the joints Identify the application and implications in nursing Describe the structure of muscle	 The Musculoskeletal system: The skeletal system Anatomical positions Bones- Types, structure, growth and ossification Axial and Appendicular skeleton Joints- classification, major joints and structure Application and implications in nursing The Muscular System Types and structure of Muscles Muscle groups-muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles- deltoid, 	 Review – discussion Lecture Discussions Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso 	•	Short answer questions Objective type

		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 			
VIII	4	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal System Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing 	• Lecture	•	MCQ Short answer
IX	4	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive System• Structure of male reproductive organs• Structure of female reproductive organs• Structure of breast	• Lecture	•	MCQ Short answer
X	6	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	•	MCQ Short answer
		Describe the ventricular system	• Ventricular system, formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing			

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions
- **4.** Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOME S	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Ι	3 hrs	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology-Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue- formation, repair Membranes and glands- functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum discussion Video demonstrations 	 Quiz MCQ OSPE Short Answer questions

II	5hrs	Describe the	Respiratory system		
II	5hrs	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Respiratory system Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary circulation- functional features Pulmonary ventilation, Exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and Carbon- dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea, periodic breathing PFT Respiratory changes during exercise Aging changes Application and 	LectureVideo slides	 Essay Short answer MCQ
			implication in nursing		
III	6hrs	Describe the functions of digestive system	 Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva-composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Composition of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and Function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, Absorption of food Metabolism of CHO, fat and proteins Application and 	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides 	 Essay Short answer MCQ

			implications in nursing		
IV	5hrs	Explain the	Circulatory and lymphatic		
		functions of the	system		
		heart, and	• Functions of heart,		
		physiology of	conduction system, cardiac		
		circulation	cycle, Stroke volume and		
			cardiac output		
			 Blood pressure and Pulse 	• Lecture	• Short
			 Circulation- principles, 	Discussion	answer
			factors influencing blood	 Video/slides 	MCQ
			pressure, pulse	• Video/sindes	· meg
			• Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic		
			circulation		
			Heart rate-regulation of heart rate		
			heart rate, Normal value and		
			variations		
			• Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise		
			and posture		
			• Aging changes		
			Application and		
X7	41	D 1 1	implication in nursing		
V	4hrs	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of	Blood-Functions, Physical	Discussion	• Short
		blood	characteristics,	• Videos	answer
		01000	Components		• MCQ
			• Formation of blood cells		
			• Erythropoiesis, Functions		
			of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC- types, functions		
			Platelets-Function and		
			production of platelets		
			• Clotting mechanism of		
			blood, clotting time,		
			bleeding time, PTT		
			• Hemostasis –role of		
			vasoconstriction, platelet		
			plug formation in		
			hemostasis, coagulation		
			factors, intrinsic and		
			extrinsic pathways of		
			coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			• Functions of reticulo-		
			endothelial system,		
			Immunity		
			Application in nursing		

VI	4hrs	Identify the	The endocrine system	• Lecture	Short
		major endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. Other hormones Alterations in disease Application and implication in nursing 	Explain using charts	answer • MCQ
VII	4hrs	Describe the	The sensory Organs	• Lecture	Short
		structure of various sensory organs	 Functions of skin Vision, hearing, taste and smell Errors of refraction, aging changes Application and implications in nursing 	• Video	answer • MCQ
VIII	4hrs	Describe the	Musculo-skeletal system		
		functions of bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	 Bones- Functions, movements of bone s of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Video presentation 	 Structured essay Short answer MCQ
IX	4hrs	Describe the	Renal system	Lecture	Short
		physiology of renal system	 Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 	• Charts and models	answer • MCQ

Х	4hrs	Describe the	The Reproductive System	• Lecture	• Short
		structure of reproductive system	 Female reproductive system- Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system- Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care 	• Explain using charts, models, specimens	answer • MCQ
XI	7hrs	Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	 Nervous system Overview of nervous system 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	 Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflection

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

Sociology-2 credits (40hrs) & Psychology -3 credits (60hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and selfempowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention
- 8. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life
- 9. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour
- 10. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality
- 11. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups
- 12. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients
- 13. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 14. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role
- 15. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society
- 16. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	1hr	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answers
II	10hrs	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individal and society Personal disorganization Social group- meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes- definition and forms, Co-operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization-characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change- nature, process, and role of nurse Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession 	Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay type Short answers objective type
III	5hrs	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	 Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	LecturePanel discussion	EssayShort answer

IV	5hrs	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family- characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage- forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 	 Lecture Family case study 	 Essay, Short answer Case study report
V	5hrs	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification- Introduction- Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system- origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race- concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	 Lecture Panel discussion Community Survey 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Report of community survey
VI	12hrs	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 social organization and disorganization- Social organization- meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system- definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control- meaning, aims and process of social control Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization- definition, causes, Control and planning 	 Lecture group Discussion Observational visit 	 Essay type Short answer, Objective type question Visit report

VII	2hrs	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Major social problems- poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS Vulnerable group- elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programmes in India Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused 	 Lecture Group c Role plate 	liscussion		Ssay Short answer
			• Use of clinical sociology				
			in crisis intervention				
			APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY				
VIII	2hrs	Describe scope, branches and	Introduction		• Lecture	e	• Essay
		significance of	Meaning of PsychologyDevelopment of psychology	- Scope	cum Discus	sio	• Short answer
		psychology in	branches and methods of psy		n	.510	a115 W C1
		nursing.	• Relationship with other subject	ects			
			• Significance of psychology in				
			 Applied psychology to solve issues 	everyday			
IX	3hrs	Describe biology of	Biological basis of behaviour-		• Lecture		• Essay and
		human behaviour	IntroductionBody mind relationship		• Discus	sio	short answer
			 Genetics and behaviour 		n		type
			• Inheritance of behaviour				
			Brain and behaviour.				
			 Psychology and sensation- se process -normal and abnormal 	•			
			-				

X	5hrs	Explain mentally healthy person and defence mechanisms	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict- types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping. 	 Lecture Case discussio n Role play 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type
XI	5hrs	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness- Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and old age Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of children Psychology of vulnerable individuals- challanged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable group 	 Lecture Group discussion n 	 Essay Short answer
XII	4hrs	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality-Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in Identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality. 	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n	Essay and short answer type Objective type
XIII	14hrs	Explain cognitive process and their applications	 Cognitive process Attention- definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception - Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence - Meaning of intelligence Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests - Mental deficiencies Learning -Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning - Learning process, Habit formation 	 Lecture Discussion n 	 Essay and short answer type Objective type

XIV	6hrs	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client.	 Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking- types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude- concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes-Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes Motivation and emotional processes Motivation- meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions - Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness - handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation- stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping 	 Lecture Group Discussio n 	 Essay and short answer type Objective type
			 Attitudes - Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude-Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 		
XV	4hrs	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	 Psychological assessment and tests - introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in Psychological assessment 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrati on 	Short answer typeAssessment of practice
XVI	12hrs	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies- managing time, coping stress, resilience, work- life balance 	 Lecture Group Discussio n Role play 	• Essay and short answers

			 Applying soft skill to workplace and society Use of soft skill in nursing 		
XVII	5hrs	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	 Lecture Discussion n 	 Short answers Objective type

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I & II

PLACEMENT: I & II SEMESTERS

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I-(I SEMESTER) THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours) PRACTICUM: (Skill Lab): 2 Credits (80 hours)

NURSING FOUNDATIONS II

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours) PRACTICUM(Lab-L/Skill Lab-SL): 3 Credits (120hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs
- 6. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings
- 7. Describe the principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management
- 8. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge
- 10. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education

NURSING FOUNDATIONS II (SEMESTER II)

- 12. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 13. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical

settings

- 14. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 15. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 16. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 17. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 18. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 19. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 20. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 21. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 22. Explain loss, death and grief
- 23. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 24. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 25. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 26. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care
- 27. Perform first aid measures during emergencies

*Module used in teaching/learning:

II Semester: First Aid-40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

SEMESTER I

	TIME	LEARNING	COURSE OUTLINE	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
UNIT		OUTCOMES	CONTENT	LEARNING	METHODS
01111	(HRS)	OUTCOMES	CONTENT	ACTIVITIES	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
T	L/SL			T (F
1	5 T	Describe the concept of health and illness	 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health: Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health - Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness: Types, Illness behavior Impact of illness on patient and family 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
II	5 T 2 L	Describe the levels of Illness prevention and care, health care services	Health Care delivery	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning – Visit to Primary Health Centre (observation of real settings) 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type Visit report

III	12 T	1	History of Nursing and		
111	12 1	Trace the history of	History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession	• Lecture	
		Nursing	Nul sing as a profession	Discussion	• Essay
		Tursing	• History of Nursing,	 Case discussion 	
		Explain the concept,		Role plays	Objective type
		nature and scope of	motory of rearbing in man	• Role plays	• Objective type
		nursing	• Contributions of Profence		
		nononig	Nightingale		
			• Nursing:		
		Describe values, code	Definition- Nurse,		
		of ethics and	Nursing, Concepts,		
		professional conduct	philosophy, objectives,		
		for nurses in India	Characteristics, nature		
		for huises in man	and Scope of Nursing/		
			Nursing practice,		
			Functions of nurse,		
			Qualities of a nurse,		
			Categories of nursing		
			personnel		
			• Nursing as a profession-		
			Definition and		
			Characteristics/ criteria of		
			profession		
			Values: Introduction-		
			meaning and importance		
			• Code of ethics and		
			professional conduct		
			for nurses-		
TV.	0 T		Introduction	T to	- Easar
IV	8 T 3 L		Communication and	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort
	JL	Describe the process,			
		principles, and types	-	• Role play and	Answers
		of communication	Communication:	video film on	Objective type
			Levels, Elements and	Therapeutic	
			Process, Types, Modes,	Communication	
		Explain therapeutic,	Factors influencing		
		non therapeutic and	communication		
		professional	 Methods of effective 		
		communication	communication/		
			Therapeutic		
		Communicate	Communication		
		effectively with	Techniques		
		patients, their families	1		
		and team members	communication /		
			Nontherapeutic		
			Communication		
			techniques		
			Professional		
			communication		
			 Helping Relationships 		
			1 0 1		
1			(Nurse Patient Relationship):		

			Dumosos and Dhagag]
	<u>م</u> ب		 Purposes and Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) 		- Facey
V	4 T 2 L	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 Documentation: Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/ Common Record-keeping forms 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
VI	15 T 20 L	Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Assess and record vital signs accurately	 Vital signs Guidelines for taking vital signs Body temperature: Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipment and technique Temperature alterations: 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration and Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Document the given values of temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic sheet

Stages, Types,
Nursing Management
 Hot and Cold applications
➤ Pulse:
\circ Definition,
Physiology and
Regulation,
Characteristics, Factors
affecting pulse
• Assessment of
pulse: sites,
equipment and
technique
• Alterations in pulse
Respiration:
\circ Definition,
Physiology and
Regulation, Mechanics of
breathing, Characteristics,
Factors affecting
respiration
• Assessment of
respirations: technique
• Arterial Oxygen
saturation
 Alterations in respiration
Blood pressure:
o Definition,
Physiology and
Regulation,
Characteristics, Factors
affecting BP
• Assessment of BP:
sites, equipment and
technique, Common
Errors in BP Assessment
• Alterations in Blood
Pressure
Documenting Vital Signs

VII	25 T 10 L 3 T	purpose and	 Health assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment Health history Physical examination: Methods-Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessment findings Equipment and Linen Types: Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, 	 Modular learning Health assessment module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
IX	10 T 4 L	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	glassware, metal, plastics, furniture Introduction: Indent, maintenance, Inventory Introduction to Infection control in Clinical settings Infection Nature of infection, Chain of infection Types of infection Stages of infection Factors increasing susceptibility to infection Body defenses against infection: Inflammatory response & Immune response Health care associated infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis: Medical &	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Visit to Infection Control Department 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

		T		Surgical aconsis		т
				Surgical asepsis		
				Precautions		
				Hand Hygiene		
				(Hand washing		
				and use of hand		
				Rub)		
				• Use of Personal		
				Protective		
				Equipment (PPE)		
				Standard		
				precautions		
				Biomedical Waste		
				management- Types of		
				hospital waste, waste		
v	10 т	X1		segregation and hazards	T (Г
Х	12 T	Identify and	meet the	Comfort, Rest & Sleep	• Lecture	• Essay
	20 L	comfort need	de of the	and Pain	• Discussion	• Short answers
		connort new	us of the	• Comfort –	• Demonstration	• Objective type
		patients		• Factors	and re	<i>v v i</i>
		r		Influencing	demonstration	
				Comfort		
				• Types of beds		
				• 1		
				& bed making		
				• Therapeutic		
				positions		
				 Comfort devices 		
				• Sleep and Rest -		
				 Physiology of sleep 		
				• Factors affecting sleep		
				• Promoting Rest and		
				sleep		
				• Sleep Disorders		
				 Pain (Discomfort) 		
				• Physiology		
				• Common cause of pain		
				o Types		
				• Assessment		
				• Pharmacological and		
				Non- pharmacological		
				pain relieving measures		
				 Invasive techniques of 		
				pain management		
				• CAM (Complementary		
				& Alternative healing		
				Modalities)		

XI	3 T	Describe the concept	Promoting Safety in	• Lecture	
	5 L			 Discussion 	• Essay
		of patient	Health Care Environment	 Demonstration 	 Short answers
		environment	• Physical environment:		• Objective type
			Temperature, Humidity,		
			Noise, Ventilation, Light,		
			Odor, Pest control		
			Reduction of Physical		
			hazards: fire, accidents		
			• Fall Risk Assessment		
			• Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			 Safety devices: 		
			-		
			• Restraints- Types,		
			Purposes,		
			Indications, Legal		
			Implications and		
			Consent, Application		
			of Restraints- Skill		
			and Practice		
			guidelines		
			 Other Safety Devices: 		
			Side rails, Grab bars,		
			Ambu alarms, non-skid		
			slippers etc.		

XII	6 T Explain 2 L perform admiss transfer, discharge of patient	 and Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
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XIII	8 T	Demonstrate	skill in	Mobility and	• Lecture	
	10 L			Immobility	• Discussion	• Essay
		caring for	patients	• Elements of Normal	• Demonstration	• Short answers
		with	restricted	Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility,	& Re-	 Objective type
		mobility		Balance, Coordinated	demonstration	
		moonity		Movement		
				• Principles of body mechanics		
				Factors affecting Body		
				Alignment and activityExercise- Types and benefits		
				• Effects of Immobility		
				• Maintenance of normal Body		
				Alignment and Activity		
				• Alteration in Body		
				Alignment and mobilityNursing interventions for		
				impaired Body Alignment		
				and Mobility: assessment,		
				types, devices used, method		
				\circ Range of motion		
				exercises		
				• Muscle strengthening		
				exercises Agintaining bady		
				 Maintaining body alignment: positions 		
				 Moving 		
				Lifting		
				• Transferring		
				• Walking		
				 Assisting clients with 		
				ambulation		
				• Care of patients with		
				Immobility using Nursing process approach		
				• Care of patients with casts		
				and splints		
		Describe the	principles	Dationt admastic-		• Essay
XIV	4 T	and practice	of patient	Patient educationPatient Teaching:		EssayShort answers
	2 L	education	- Pauloni	• Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes,	 Discussion 	Objective type
				Process	 Role plays 	
				 Integrating nursing process 		
				in patient teaching		

XV 51	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care Care of the Skin- (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale Pressure ulcers- causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention Perineal care/Meatal care Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type
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		Describe	The Nursing Process	-	Lecture	
XVI	14 T		• Critical Thinking Competencies,		Discussion	• Essay
	7 L	assessment,	• Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking,		Discussion	• Short
		planning	•	ľ	n	answer
		planning,	Levels of critical thinking in	•	Supervised	
		implementation	NursingNursing Process Overview		Clinical	S Oliveri
		and evaluation of	• Assessment		practice	• Objectiv
		and evaluation of	 Assessment Collection of Data: Types, Sources, 			e type
		nursing care using	Methods			 Evaluati on of
		Nursing process	 Organizing Data 			care
		Nursing process	 Validating Data 			plan
		approach	 Documenting Data 			P
			 Nursing Diagnosis 			
			 Identification of client 			
			problems, risks and strengths			
			 Nursing diagnosis statement- parts, 			
			Types, Formulating, Guidelines for			
			formulating Nursing Diagnosis			
			 NANDA approved diagnoses 			
			 Difference between medical and 			
			nursing diagnosis			
			• Planning			
			 Types of planning 			
			 Establishing Priorities 			
			 Establishing Goals and Expected 			
			Outcomes- Purposes, types,			
			guidelines, Components of goals and			
			outcome statements			
			 Types of Nursing Interventions, 			
			Selecting interventions: Protocols			
			and Standing Orders			
			 Introduction to Nursing 			
			Intervention Classification and			
			Nursing Outcome Classification			
			 Guidelines for writing care plan 	1		
			• Implementation	1		
			 Process of Implementing the 	1		
			plan of care	1		
			 Types of care - Direct and 	1		
			Indirect	1		
			• Evaluation	1		
			 Evaluation Process, Documentation 	1		

XVII 5 T 5 L	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	 Nutritional needs Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds-types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer S Objectiv type Evaluati on of nutrition al assessm ent & diet planning
XVIII 10 T 10 L	Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient	 Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed pan Care of patients with Condom drainage Intermittent Catheterization Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary diversions Bladder irrigation Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel elimination Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures Enemas Suppository Bowel wash 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type

			 Digital Evacuation of impacted feces Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures) 		
XIX	4 T 3 L	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	 Diagnostic testing Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes LFT Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose- AC, PC, HbA1c Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar-GRBS) Stool Routine Examination Urine Testing- Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen Sputum culture Overview of Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type
XX	11 T 10 L	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	 Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting airway movement of air diffusion Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suctioning- oral, tracheal Chest physiotherapy- Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage- principles & purposes Pulse Oximetry- Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type

XXI	7.5		 Restorative & continuing care Hydration Humidification Coughing techniques Breathing exercises Incentive spirometry 		
	7 T 8 L	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	 Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit- Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess- Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances Metabolic- acidosis & alkalosis Respiratory- acidosis & alkalosis Intravenous therapy Peripheral venipuncture sites Types of IV fluids Calculation for making IV fluid plan Complications of IV fluid therapy Measuring fluid intake and output Administering Blood and Blood components Restricting fluid intake 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type Problem solving- calculati ons

22 T		Administration of Medications	•	Lecture	
	Explain the	• Introduction-Definition of Medication,	•	Discussion	• Essay
	principles, routes,	Administration of Medication, Drug	•	Demonstratio	 Short
	effects of administration of	Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms		n &	answer
	medications	of Medications, Purposes,		Redemonstrat	S
	incarcations	Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics		ion	• Objectiv
		 Factors influencing Medication Action 			e type
	Calculate	Medication orders and Prescriptions			
	conversions of	• Systems of measurement			
	drugs and	Medication dose calculation			
	dosages within	• Principles, 10 rights of Medication			
	and between	Administration			
	systems of measurements	• Errors in Medication administration			
	measurements	• Routes of administration			
		 Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility 			
	Administer oral	• Terminologies and abbreviations used in			
	and topical	prescriptions and medications orders			
	medication and	Developmental considerations			
	document	• Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes:			
	accurately under	Equipment, procedure			
	supervision	• Introduction to Parenteral			
		Administration of Drugs- Intramuscular,			
		Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal:			
		Location of site, Advantages and			
		disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the			
		different routes and sites.			
		 Equipment- Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets - parts, types, 			
		sizes			
		• Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing			
		Injectable medicines from vials and			
		ampoules			
		• Care of equipment: decontamination and			
		disposal of syringes, needles, infusion			
		sets			
		• Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries			
		• Topical Administration: Types,			
		purposes, site, equipment, procedure			
		• Application to skin & mucous			
		membrane			
		• Direct application of liquids,			
		Gargle and swabbing the throat			
		• Insertion of Drug into body cavity:			
		Suppository/ medicated packing in			
		rectum/vagina			
		• Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal,			
		Bladder, and Rectal			
		 Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal 			
		 Spraying: Nose and throat 			
		 Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/ 			
		tracheal (steam, oxygen and			
		medications)- purposes, types,			
		equipment, progedure, recording and			
		reporting of medications administered			
		• Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of			
		epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intrapleural, intraarterial			
		muapernoneai, muapreurai, muaarteriai			

XXIII	7	Provide care to	Sensory needs	• Lecture	
	T	patients with	• Introduction	 Discussion 	• Essay
	4 L	altered	• Components of sensory experience-	• Demonstratio	• Short
	L	functioning of sense organs	Reception, Perception & ReactionArousal Mechanism	n	answer
		and	 Factors affecting sensory function 		S
		unconsciousne	Assessment of Sensory alterations-		• Objectiv
		ss in	sensory deficit, deprivation, overload &		e type
		supervised	sensory poverty		
		clinical practice	• Management		
		practice	 Promoting meaningful communication (patients with 		
			Aphasia, artificial airway &		
			Visual and Hearing		
			impairment)		
			Care of Unconscious Patients • Unconsciousness: Definition, causes &		
			risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of		
			Unconsciousness, Clinical		
			Manifestations		
			• Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness,		
			complications		
XXIII	<i>5</i> T			T (
XXIV		Explain loss, death and grief	Care of Terminally ill, death and dying • Loss- Types	LectureDiscussion	• Essay
	• -	8	• Grief, Bereavement & Mourning	• Case	• Short
			• Types of Grief responses	discussions	answer
			Manifestations of GriefFactors influencing Loss & Grief		S
			Responses		• Objectiv
			• Theories of Grief & Loss-Kubler Ross		e type
			5 Stages of DyingThe R Process model (Rando's)		
			Death- Definition, Meaning, Types		
			(Brain & Circulatory Deaths)		
			 Signs of Impending Death Dving patient's Bill of Bights 	• Death	
			Dying patient's Bill of RightsCare of Dying Patient	care/last office	
			Physiological changes occurring after	onnee	
			Death Death Declaration Contification		
			 Death Declaration, Certification, Autopsy, 		
			Embalming		
			• Last office/Death Care		
			 Counseling & supporting grieving relatives 		
			 Placing body in the Mortuary 		
			 Releasing body from Mortuary 		
			• Overview- Medico-legal Cases, Advance		
			directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation,		
			Euthanasia		
			PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D)		

XXV	3 T	Develop basic understanding of self- concept	 A. Self-concept Introduction Components (Personal Identity, Body Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem) Factors affecting Self Concept Nursing Management 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion/ Role play 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type
XXVI	2 T	Describe sexual development and sexuality	 B. Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behaviour 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XXVII	3 T 3 L	Describe stress and adaptation	 C. Stress and Adaptation-Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation- General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress- Physical & psychological Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment Recreational and diversion therapies 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration n 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

XXVIII	6 T	Explain culture and cultural norms Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision	 D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality Cultural diversity Cultural Concepts- Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts- Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XXIX	6 T	Explain the significance of nursing theories	 Nursing Theories: Introduction Meaning &Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories- Nightingale, Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XXX	20 T 20 L	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	 First Aid & Emergencies * Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries: Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies- Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n & Re- demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Essay Short answer s Objectiv e type OSCE

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I & II – PRACTICUM (SKILL LAB & CLINICAL)

PLACEMENT: Semester I & II PRACTICUM

Skill Lab: 200 (80+120) hours Clinical: 480 (160 + 320) hours

Semester I- Lab 80 Hours (2 Credits), Clinical- 160 Hours (2 Credits) Semester II- Lab- 120 Hours (3 Credits), Clinical- 320 Hours (4 Credits)

COMPETENCIES

SEMESTER I

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 7. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 8. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Provide safe and clean environment
- 10. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 11. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 12. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles.

SEMESTER II

- 13. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 14. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 15. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 16. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 17. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 18. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 19. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 20. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 21. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 22. Care for terminally ill and dying patients
- 23. Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies
- 24. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies

S. NO	COMPETENCIES	MODE OF DEMONSTRATION
	Semester I	•
1.	Therapeutic Communication and	Role Play
	Documentation	
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/ Standardized patient
3.	Physical Examination	Simulator/ Mannequin /
		Standardized patient
4.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	-
5.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
6.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
7.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
8.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
9.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
10.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
11.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
12.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
13.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
	wheel chair	
14.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge &	Role Play
	Health Teaching	
	Semester II	
15.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
16.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
17.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
18.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
19.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
20.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of	Simulator/ Mannequin
	suppository	
21.	Oxygen administration- face mask,	Mannequin
	venture mask, nasal prongs	
22.	Administration of medication through	IM injection trainer, ID injection
	Parenteral route- IM, SC, ID, IV	trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
23.	Last Office	Mannequin
24.	CPR	CPR Mannequin

<u>Skill Lab</u> <u>Use of mannequins and simulators</u>

SEMESTER I- 10 weeks- 16 hours/ week

CLINICAL	POSTINGS-	General Medical/Surgical Wards
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Clinical Unit	Duration in Weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/Clinical Skills (Supervised clinical practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessment Methods
General Medica 1/ Surgica 1 wards		Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs Care for patients with altered vital signs	 Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report Written report Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications- Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter	Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 2	 OSCE Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
,, ,,	2	Perform health assessment of each body system	 Health assessment & Infection control in Clinical settings Health Assessment Nursing/ Health history taking Perform physical examination: General Body systems Use various methods of physical examination- 	 History Taking- 2 Physical examination- 2 	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

		-		-	
		Demonstrate skill in	Inspection, Palpation,		
		implementing standard	Percussion, Auscultation,		
		precautions and use of PPE	Olfaction		
		L	• Identification of system wise		
			deviations		• Assessmen
			• Documentation of findings		t of
					clinical
			Infection control in		skills
			Clinical settings		using
			 Hand hygiene 		checklist
			• Use of PPE		• OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in	Comfort, Rest & Sleep,		- OBCL
		meeting the comfort needs	Pain and Promoting		
		of the patients	8		
		1	Safety in Health Care		
			Environment		
					• Assessmen
			Comfort, Rest & Sleep		t of
			Bed making-		clinical
			• Open		skills
			• Closed		
			• Occupied		using checklist
			• Post-operative		• OSCE
			• Cardiac bed		• OSCE
			• Fracture bed		
			Comfort devices		
	2		o Pillows		
	2		• Over bed table/cardiac table		
			• Back rest		
			∘ Bed Cradle		
			• Therapeutic Positions		
			• Supine		
			• Fowlers (low, semi, high)		
			○ Lateral		
			○ Prone		
			\circ Sim's		
			• Trendelenburg		
			• Dorsal recumbent		
			• Lithotomy		
			○ Knee chest Pain		
			PainPain assessment and		
			• Pain assessment and provision for comfort		
		Provide safe and clean	Promoting Safety in Health Care	• Presentation	• Assessmen
			Environment	on Physical	• Assessment t of
		environment		restraints- 1	clinical
			• Care of Patient's Unit	• Fall risk	skills
			• Use of Safety devices:	assessment - 2	
			• Side Rails		using
			Restraints (Physical)		checklist
			 Fall risk assessment and Post 		• OSCE
			Fall Assessment		
II		1	1		L]

2 Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient Hopital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Patient clucation + Assessment clinical skills using checklist 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Hopital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: - Admission + Assessment clinical skills • OSCE 1 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Mobility and Immobility • Assessment tof • OSCE 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Mobility and Immobility • Assessment tof 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Mobility and Immobility • Assessment tof 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assessment tof • Assessment tof 3 Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles • Assessment tof • Assessment tof 4 Develop skills in assessment using Process approach • Stemesser Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/ Norton scale • Nursing eare plan • Assessment tof 4 Develop skills in assessment using Process approach • Perioaal Hygiene • Perioaal Hygiene eryter asse • Nursing eare plan • Nursing Process • Nursing Process	-		1			
4 Develop skills in addirectaring implementation and provide hygiene needs of patient Patient education • Individual skills using checklist 4 Develop skills in assessment planned Patient education • Individual teaching -1 • Assessment to feature education 4 Develop skills in assessment planned • SEMESTER 11 (16 wecks z 20 hours/week) • Assessment to feature education • Assessment to feature education 4 Develop skills in assessment phygiene needs of patient • Charging position of helpless patient • Assessment to feature education • Individual teaching -1 4 Develop skills in assessment phygiene needs of patient • Patient education • Individual teaching -1 • Assessment to feature education 4 Develop skills in assessment phygiene needs of patient • Charging position of helpless patient • Assessment to feature education • Individual teaching -1 4 Develop skills in assessment phygiene needs of patient • Charging position fish & Hair: -5ponge Bath Bed bath -Care of pressure points & back massage - Pressure socr risk assessment to feature with Pain-1 • Assessment to feature phaning, englight englight englight english assessment planning, englight english assessment planning, english assessment planning, english assessment planning, english assessment planning, english assessment planning,				Hospital Admission		• Assessmen
4 Develop skills in meeting hygienic needs of patients Mobility and Patient education clinical skills using checklist 4 Develop skills in meeting hygienic needs of patients Mobility and Patient education • Assessment planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process approach • Assessment end planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process • Assessment end planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process • Assessment end planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process • Assessment planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process • Assessment planning, implementation and growthead on fursting Process • Assessment planning, implementation and growthead on the Pressure points & back massage - Pressure points & back on the Pressure Pressure points & back massage - Pressure points & back on the Presser Pressure points & back on the Pressere Pressure points & back on the Pressere Presse			admission, transfer, and	and discharge,		t of
4 Develop skills in assessment planning for the planning process approach SEMESTER II (16 vectors) skills using checklist 4 Develop skills in assessment planning implementation and evaluation of nursing process approach SEMESTER II (16 vectors) • Assessment to following checklist				Mobility and		clinical
2 education using checklist 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Hospital Admission and discharge • OSCE 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in: • Omoving • Turnsing • Changing position of helpless • patient • Transferring (Bed to and from chair' wheelchair' stricther) • Assessment • OSCE 2 Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles Platent education • Individual teaching - 1 • Assessment • Assessment • OSCE 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing are using Nursing process approach Hygiene • Care of Skin & Hair: • Presure sore risk assessment using Brader/ • Presure sore risk assessment planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach • Nursing care plan • Nursing care plan • Assessment • Care of Skin & Hair: • Oral Hygiene • Care of pressure points & back massage • Pressure sore risk assessment using Brader/ • Preineal Hygiene • Catheter care The Nursing Care of Nursing explored • Nursing care plan • Evaluation of Nursing Patient with Fever-1 • Evaluation of Nursing						skills
2 Hospital Admission and discharge - checktist • OSCE 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge • Assessment tof 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Mobility and Immobility • Assessment tof 1 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Mobility and Immobility • Assessment tof 2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients • Checktist • Assessment tof 1 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles • Individual teaching - 1 • Assessment tof 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach Hygiene & The Nursing Process • Nursing care plan 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach • Presure sore risk assessment using Braden/ • Perimeal Hygiene • Carteeler care the patient based on the plan • Nursing care plan						
2 Inspiral Admission and discharge • OSCE 2 Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Assessment tof Changing position of helpless patient Cosce • Assessment tof 2 Develop skills in assessment planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing and using Nursing process approach • Setter strateging Patient with -Care of pressure points & bath -Care of pressure points & bat				cuucution		
2 Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Mobility and humobility Planned Discharge Planned Discharge Assessment o Transfer Planned Discharge Range of Motion Exercises Assessment following the principles Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) Hygiene & The Nursing Process Pressure sore risk assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach Pressure sore risk approach Pressure sore risk approach				Hospital Admission and		
2 Perform & Document: Admission 						• OSCE
2 - Admission - Transfer Planned Discharge - Assessment tof clinical skills using o Turning o Moving o Turning o Logrolling - Changing position of helpless patient - Assessment tof clinical skills using checklist Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles Patient education - Individual teaching - 1 - Assessment tof clinical skills using checklist Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygiene needs of patients implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) Hygiene - Proses - Nursing care plan - Patient with coare of prises - Assessment tof clinical skills using checklist				Dorform & Document:		
2 Transfer Planned Discharge Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assessment tof Changing postion of helpless patient Cost patient Cost patient Patient education Implement basie nursing tracking hygienic needs of patients Pressure sore risk assessment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing eare using Nursing process Prepate Nursing Process Prepate Nursing Process Prepate						
2 • Planned Discharge • Assessment skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Aage of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in: • Moving • Range of Motion Exercises • Assessment to for clinical skills using • Assist patient in: • Dewold and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles • Logrolling • OSCE Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles Patient education • Individual teaching - 1 • Assessment to for clinical skills using checklist Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienie needs of patient Patient education • Individual teaching - 1 • Assessment to for clinical skills using checklist 4 Develop skills in assessment planning, implementation and evaluation of noursing care using Nursing process approach • Care of Skin & Hair: • Sponge Bath/ Bed bat - Care of pressure points & back massage - Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/ Norton scale • Nursing care plan Patient with Pain 1 • Hair wash - Pediculosis treatment or alugion of noursing care is approach • Oral Hygicne • Assessment of nor high process • Prepare Nursing Care plan for the patient based on the • Care of prescue points & back massage • Nursing Process						
4 Demonstrate skill in aring for patients with restricted mobility Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving Turning Corrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bod to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) Transferring (Bod to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) Transferring (Bod to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles Patient education Individual teaching hygiene core of patients SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) Hygiene & The Nursing Process OSCE Assessment using techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/ Norton scale Patient wash assessment using Braden/ Norton scale Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/ Norton scale Oral Hygiene Catheter care Preare Nursing care plan for the patient with Pain- 1 Patient with Pain- 1						
4 Develop skills in assessment, planing, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Nursing brocess • Nursing care plan for the planing for the platient with even for the planing for the principles • Nursing care plan for the planing for the planing for the platient with even for the planing for the planing for the principles • Nursing care plan for the planing for the planin		2				
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implement dats in meeting hygiene needs of patients SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Assessment using bath Bath - Care of Skin & Hair: • Speakent - Prediculosis treatment • Prediculosis treatment • Prediculosis treatment • Prepare Nursing Process • P				Mobility and Immobility		
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Assessment ving Braden/ Nortic scale • Prepare Nursing Process • Prepare Nursing Process • Prepare Nursing care plan for Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for Nursing Process • Nursing Process 4 Develop skills in assessment vising Braden/ Norton scale • Prepare Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for Protect vising Braden/ Norton scale • Nursing care plan for Nursing Process • Nursing Process 9 Perineal Hygiene • Prepare Nursing acre plan for Nursing Process • Prepare Nursing care plan for Nursing Process • Prepare Nursing care plan for Nursing Process						
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing process approach • Moving • Turning • Logrolling • Changing position of helpless patient • Transferring (Bed to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) • Individual to 6 Construction • Construction • Individual to 6 Construction • Individual • Construction • Indindividual • Construction • Individual • Construction • Indinate •			restricted mobility			clinical
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach Perineal Hygiene - Care of Skin & Hair: - Sponge Bath/ Bed bath - Care of pressure points & bases segment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing care plan for the Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process						skills
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing grocess approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process • Prepare Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process						using
4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Nursing care plan for the plane for the						checklist
4 Develop skills in assessment uplaning simplementation and cvaluation of nursing approach Pseulop skills in assessment uplaning implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process • Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the Nursing Process • Nursing process 4 Develop skills in assessment uplaning, implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process • Oral Hygiene • Nursing Process • Nursing process 4 Develop skills in assessment using implementation and cvaluation of nursing care using Nursing process • Periseure Playiene • Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the patient with Pain- • Nursing process						• OSCE
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4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) • Nursing Process • Assessment to for clinical skills using checklist 4 Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach • Perineal Hygiene • Nursing Process • Nursing care plan for the patient with Fever-1 • Evaluation of Nursing Process				patient		
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the patient based on the process						Nursing
given case with						-
				given case		

	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs • Nutritional Assessment • Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed • Nasogastric tube feeding	 Nutritional Assessment- 1 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Nasogastric tube feeding-1 	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
3	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient	 Elimination needs Providing -Urinal -Bedpan Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage 	• Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation-1	
	Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	 Diagnostic testing Specimen Collection Urine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips Urine- Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity Blood-GRBS Monitoring 	• Lab values- interpretation	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

		Owners at is not de Flad	• Duogontation -	
	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs	•Presentation on methods of Oxygen administration	Assessmen t of clinical skills using
	caring for patients with impaired oxygenation	 Oxygen administration Methods Nasal Prongs Face Mask/ Venturi 		• OSCE
3		Mask • Steam inhalation • Chest Physiotherapy • Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises • Oral Suctioning		
	Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances	 Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Maintaining intake output chart Identify & report complications of IV therapy 	 Presentation on Blood & Blood Component therapy 	• Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist
		 Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy Administration of 		• OSCE
3	 Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of 	 Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topical 		 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	 Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes-Oral, Intradermal, Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation 	 Inhalations Parenteral Intradermal Subcutaneous -Intramuscular Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose- instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations 		

		Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying& Stress and Adaptation Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients • Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale	• Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium	
2		Care for terminally ill and dying patients Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies	<i>Terminally ill, death and dying</i> Death Care Stress and Adaptation	Presentation on dying patient's bill of rights Presentation on Relaxation techniques	• Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist
	1	Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	 First aid and Emergencies Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye / Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage Shoulder Spica Thumb spica Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs) Binders Basic CPR 	 Mock drill- Fire Safety Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competenc ies)

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 1credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry

UNIT LEARNING CONTENT **TEACHING**/ ASSESSMENT TIME **OUTCOMES** LEARNING **METHODS ACTIVITIES** I. 5 Describe the Carbohydrates Lecture cum • Essay • metabolism of hours Digestion, absorption and discussion using metabolism of carbohydrates and carbohydrates charts and Short • and its related disorders slides answers alterations Regulation of blood glucose • Diabetes Mellitus - type 1 & • Demonstration • Very short of laboratory type 2, symptoms, complications answers & management in brief tests Investigations of Diabetes • Mellitus OGTT: Indications. 0 Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve • Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) 0 Hypoglycemia-definition & causes Explain the II. 4 Lipids Lecture, Essay • • metabolism of hours Fatty acids: Definition, Discussion • lipids and its classification Short alterations **Definition & Clinical** • answers • Explain using significance of MUFA & PUFA, Charts/ Slides Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty Very short acids answers Demonstration • Digestion, absorption & • of laboratory metabolism of lipids & related tests disorders • Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & • significance only) Lipoproteins – types & • functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) • Explain the III. 5hours **Proteins** • Lecture cum Essay • metabolism of Classification of amino acids Discussion • amino acids based on nutrition, Short and proteins metabolic rate with examples Explain using answers • Digestion, absorption & charts, models Verv short Identify metabolism of protein & related Slides answers alterations in disorders disease **Biologically** important •

		conditions	 compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal 		
IV	1 hour	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 electrophoretic patterns (in brief) Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases-ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction-CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases-CK, Aldolase Bone diseases-ALP Prostate cancer-PSA, ACP 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts & slides 	 Essay Short answers Very short answers
V	2 hours	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Acid base maintenance pH - definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG – normal values Acid base disorders –types, definition & causes 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VI	1 hours	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VII	1hour	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) • Renal • Liver • Thyroid	 Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using Charts/slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VIII	1 hour	Illustrate the immunochemis try	 Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation-ELISA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides Demonstration of Lab tests 	 Short answers Very short answers

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTERTHEORY & LAB: 2 credits (40 hours)Theory: 34 hoursLab: 6 hours

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

CONTENT **UNIT** TIME LEARNIN **TEACHING**/ **ASSESSMEN** in G LEARNING **T METHODS OUTCOM** ACTIVITIES hours ES I T-2 Define **Introduction to Nutrition** Lecture cum Essay • • nutrition Concepts: Definition of Nutrition & Health Discussion Short • and its answers Malnutrition- Under Nutrition & Over relationship Very short Nutrition to Health Charts/ Slides answers Role of Nutrition in maintaining health • Factors affecting food and nutrition • Nutrients Classification • Macro & Micronutrients • Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy • Yielding Food **Classification-Food groups** • • Origin Describe T-2 Π Carbohydrates Lecture cum Essay the Discussion Short Composition -starches, sugar and classificati answers cellulose on. • Charts/ Slides Very short • Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) • functions. Models answers Dietary sources • sources and recommend • Functions Display of • ed daily Energy food items allowances Unit of energy-Kcal • (RDA) of Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) • carbohydra Factors affecting BMR tes Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR T-3 Describe III **Proteins** • Lecture cum Essay • the Discussion Short Composition classificati answers Eight essential amino acids • on. • Charts/ Slides Very short Functions Functions, • Models answers Dietary sources • sources and

		RDA of proteins.	• Protein requirements-RDA	• Display of food items	
IV	T-2	Describe the classificati on, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Fats Classification-saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements-RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items 	 Essay Short Answers Very Short answers
V	T-3	Describe the classificati on, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification-fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble-Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble-Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements-RDA of every vitamin 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items 	 Essay Short Answers Very Short Answers
VI	T-3	Describe the classificati on, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	 Minerals Classification- Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium, and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements- RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items 	 Short Answers Very Short Answers

VII	T-4	Describe	Balanced diet	Lecture cum	Short Answers
	L-3	and plan	• Definition, principles, steps	Discussion	
		balanced	• Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups		Very Short
		diet for	 RDA – Definition, limitations, uses 	Meal planning	Answers
		different	 Food Exchange System 	Lab session on	
		age groups, pregnancy,	 Calculation of nutritive value of foods 	Preparation of	
		and		balanced diet for	
		lactation	• Dietary fibre	different	
			Nutrition across life cycle	categories and	
			 Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps 	low cost nutritious dishes	
			• Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF)	uisiles	
			guidelines- breast feeding, infant foods		
			• Diet plan for different age groups-		
			Children, adolescents and elderly		
			• Diet in pregnancy- nutritional		
			requirements and balanced diet plan		
			 Anemia in pregnancy-diagnosis, diet for 		
			anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid		
			supplementation and counseling		
			 Nutrition in lactation-nutritional 		
			requirements, diet for lactating mothers,		
			complementary feeding/weaning		
VIII	T-4	Classify	Nutritional deficiency disorders	• Lecture cum	• Essay
		and describe	• Protein energy malnutrition- magnitude of	discussion	• Short
		the	the problem, causes, classification, signs	• Charts/slides/m	Answer
		common	& symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition	odels	 Very Short Answer
		nutritional	(SAM), management & prevention,		
		deficiency	nurses' role		
		disorders	• Childhood obesity-Signs & symptoms,		
		and	assessment, management & prevention		
		identify nurses' role	and nurses' role		
		in	• Vitamin deficiency disorders- vitamin A,		
		assessment,	B, C & D deficiency disorders: causes,		
		manageme	signs & symptoms, management &		
		nt and	prevention and nurses' role		
		prevention	• Mineral deficiency diseases-iron, iodine		
			and calcium deficiencies: causes, signs &		
			symptoms, management & prevention and		
			nurses' role		

IX	T-4 L-3	Principles of diets in various diseases	 Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post operative period 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets	 Essay Short Answer Very Short Answer
X	T-3	Describe the rules and preservatio n of nutrients	 Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides	 Essay Short Answer Very Short
XI	T-2	Explain the methods nutritional assessment and nutrition education	Nutritionassessmentandnutritioneducation• Objectives of nutritional assessment• Methodsofassessment-clinicalexamination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method• Nutritioneducation-purposes, principles and methods	•	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report	 Essay Short Answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report

XII	T-2	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	 National Nutritional Programmes and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programmes: Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Programme, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every programme 		Lecture cum Discussion	•	Essay Short Answer Very Short Answer
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Food born diseases and food safety are dealt in Introduction to Community Health Nursing

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours) **PRACTICUM:** Clinical-1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environment, environmental health and sanitation, nutrition and food safety. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science
- 8. Identify the role and significance of environmental protection and preservation
- 9. Relate the influence of environmental factors and sanitation on health and disease
- 10. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 11. Identify the importance of food safety in prevention of food borne diseases
- 12. Discuss basic issues and concepts of Behavior Change Communication (BCC) and Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and identify the methods of BCC to target the audience
- 13. Provide health education and counseling to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings

UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTLINE	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	4 T	Define public health, community health and community health nursingExplain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursingExplain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of healthExplain the natural history of disease and levels of preventionDiscuss the health problems of India	 Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing <i>Review:</i> Concepts of health & Illness/disease- Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease Natural history of disease Levels of prevention- Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention- Review Health problems 	 ACTIVITIES Lecture, Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	 Short answers Essay type and objective type Survey report
Π	8 T	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels	 (Profile) of India Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India –various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India- 	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC) 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation

		Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC) Explain health care policies and regulations in India	 Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level, Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC)-elements, principles CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC) 	• Directed reading	
			 National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) Ayushman Bharat Universal Health Coverage 		
III	15 T	Identify the role of an individual in the conservation of natural resources Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to	 Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and Sanitation Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems- Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in 	 Lecture Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	 Short answers Essay type Field visit reports

biodiversityEnumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollutionDiscuss about climate change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletionEnumerate the role of an	 conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles <i>Ecosystem:</i> Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics- Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem 	
 environmental protection and preservation Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management Explain waste management 	 Environmental pollution: Introduction, Causes, effects and control measures of: Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health Climate change, global warming-eg. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to environmental protection and preservation 	 Directed reading Visits to water supply & purification sites Observe rain water harvesting plants Visit to Sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites

			Sanitation		
			 Concept of environment health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water Concepts of water conservation-rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management Commonly used insecticides and pesticides 		
IV	4 T	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Describe the national nutrition programs and provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups	 Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning -aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups 	 Performanc e assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports

3 T	Identify early the food borne diseases, and perform initial management and referral appropriately Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts related to food safety	families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status • General nutritional advice • Nutrition education- purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation • <i>Review</i> - Nutritional deficiency disorders • National nutritional policy & programs in India	 Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Essay type
		 Food Safety Food borne diseases Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication- features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases 	 Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module- BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5 	• Field visit reports

			Food safety]
			 Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India-Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat) Role of food handlers in food borne diseases Essential steps in safe cooking practices 		
V	6 T	Describe behaviour change communication skills Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy life style practices using appropriate methods and media	 Cooking practices Communication management and Health Education Behaviour change communication skills communication Human behaviour Health belief model-concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour Steps of behaviour change Techniques of behaviour change- Guiding principles in planning BCC activity Steps of BCC Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC)- techniques to collect social history from clients Barriers to effective communication, and methods to overcome them 	 Lecture Discussion Role play Demonstration Supervised field practice Workshop/Refe r- BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID) 	 Short answers Essay type Performanc e evaluation of health education sessions to individuals and families

	 Health promotion and Health education- methods/technique s, and audio-visual 	
	aids	

NOTE: To Environmental Studies Module by UGC is incorporated

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (80 Hours) = 2 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL	DURATION	LEARNING	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREA	IN WEEKS	OUTCOMES	COMPETENCIES/	REQUIREMENTS	
			CLINICAL SKILLS		
Urban & Rural	1 week	Build and maintain rapport	• Interviewing skills (using communication and interpersonal relationship)		
		Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	 Observation skills Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community 	Community needs assessment/Su rvey- Rural-1 Urban-1	• Evaluation of survey report
		Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult	 Nutrition assessment skills 	• Nutrition assessment of an individual (adult)-1	• Assessment of clinical performance
		Educate individuals/family on - Nutrition - Hygiene - Food hygiene - Healthy life style - Health promotion	 Skill in teaching individual/family on: Nutrition, including food hygiene and safety Healthy life style Health promotion 	 Individual health teaching (Adult) -1 Use of audio- visual aids Flash cards Posters Flannel graph Flip charts 	• Health talk evaluation

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Field visits	1 week	Observe the setup, functions and services of CHC, PHC, and SCs/HWCs in urban/rural areas Observe the national	• 0 0 0	Observational skills: Water resources and water purification sites Water quality tests Milk diary Slaughterhouse	•	SC/HWC, PHC, CHC	•	Evaluation of field visit and observation reports
		nutrition programs Learn the availability and cost of common food items			•	Observation of nutrition programs		
		Observe the various methods of water purification			•	Visit to market		
		Learn the standards of water quality and the water quality tests Observe the methods			•	Observational visit to water purification site		
		of purification of milk						
		Observe the hygienic practices in slaughterhouse with regard to meat			•	Observational visit to milk diary		
		hygiene			•	Observational visit to slaughterhouse		

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

SECTION A & SECTION B

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours) PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 Hours) (Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) PRACTICAL: ½ Credit (20 hours) (Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hours) PRACTICAL: ¹/₂ credit (20 hours) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hours) PRACTICAL: ¹/₂ credit (20 hours) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES

The students will be able to:

- Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols

(Theory-T, Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E)

UNIT	T	ME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	· · · ·	ours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
I	<u>T</u> 3	P	Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction:Importance and relevance to nursingHistorical perspectiveConcepts and terminologyPrinciples of microbiology	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer questions Objective type
II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining - simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer questions Objective type

III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria Pathogenic organisms • Micro-organisms - Cocci — gram positive and gram negative;	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Short answer Objective type
				 Bacilli— gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi -Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms 	• Experiential learning through visual	
IV	3	4(L/E)	Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	Immunity•Immunity-Types,classification••Antigen and antibody•reaction•Hypersensitivity reactions•Serological tests•Immunoglobulins –structure, types &properties•Vaccines -types &Classification, storageand handling, coldchain, Immunizationfor various diseases•Immunization Schedule	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Visit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

	COURSE OUTLINE								
UNIT	IT TIME (Hours)		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS			
	Т	Р							
Ι		2(E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare setting	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator Associated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & 	 Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning 	• Knowledge assessment- MCQ, Short answer type			
II	3	4(L)	Demonstrate appropriate use different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	Infection control committee Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) • Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) • Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines • Effective use of PPE	 Lecture Demonstration & Re- Demonstration 	Performance assessment			
III	1	2(L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	 Lecture Demonstrat ion & Re- demonstrati on 	Performance assessment			
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	 Disinfection and sterilization Definitions Types of disinfection and sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle 	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning through visit 	 Short answers Objective type 			

COUDSE OUTLINE

I

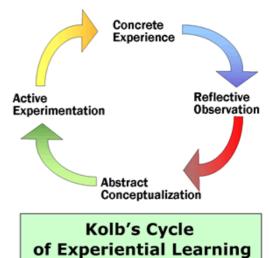
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	• Knowledge evaluation- Quiz & Performance assessment - Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	 BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segration of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation 	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visit 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance assessment
VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	Lecture & Discussion • Written assignment- Recent AMR guidelines	Short answers, Objective typeAssessment of assignment

VIII	2	4 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of HAI Documentation 	•	Lecture Demonstration Experiential learning	•	Knowledge assessment Checklist
IX	1	1 (E)	Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality improvement	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA CAPA Report writing 	•	Lecture Role-play Inquiry-Based Learning		 Knowledge assessment short answers, objective type
X	1	2	Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	•	Lecture Role play	•	Objective type
XI	2	3 (L/E)	Enumerate the various safety protocols and its applications	Safety protocol5SRadiation safety	•	Lecture Demonstration/		Mock drillsPost tests

			 Laser safety Fire safety Types and classification of fire Fire alarms Firefighting equipment HAZMAT safety Types of spill Spillage management MSDS Environmental safety Risk assessment Aspect impact analysis Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster 	Experiential learning	• Checklist
XII	1	Explain importance of employee safety indicators	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination NSI prevention Fall prevention Radiation safety Annual health check 	LectureDiscussion	• Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type
XIII	1	Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	 Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff Needle stick injuries and prevention Post exposure prophylaxis 	Lecture methodJournal review	• Short answer

*Experiential learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping and transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has



had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.

PHARMACOLOGY I & II

PLACEMENT: III & IV Semesters

THEORY

Pharmacology I (III Semester): 1 Credit (20 Hours) - Units I-VIII Pharmacology II (IV Semester): 2 Credits (40 Hours)- Units IX-XV

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, Pharmaco-kinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacokinetics and pharmacokinetics
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases
- 9. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders
- 10. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders
- 11. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders
- 12. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period
- 13. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders
- 14. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology
- 15. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine

COURSE OUTLINE

	TIME			TEACHING	
UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Ι	3	Describe Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs.	 Introduction to pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures <i>Pharmacodynamics:</i> Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance <i>Pharmacokinetics:</i> Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion Review-Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization Factors affecting dose, route etc Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs Rational Use of Drugs Principles of Therapeutics 	 Lecture cum Discussion Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of assignments
Π	1	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant & nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants Antiseptics and Disinfectants Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
III	2	Describe drugs acting on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on G.I system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

			 ulcer drugs Anti diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 		
IV	2	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
V	4	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Haematinics, & treatment of anemia Cholinergic and anti- cholinergic Adrenergic and antiadrenergics Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Anti anginals Antiarrhythmics Antihypertensives Coagulants & Anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

			Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VI	2	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	 Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid and anti thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vit. D3, calcium metabolism Calcium salts 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VII	1	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin- Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VIII	5	Explain drug therapy/chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitubercular drugs, Anti leprosy drugs Antimalarials Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

IX	4	Describe drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye • Antihistaminics • Topical applications for eye (Chloromphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerine, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
X	4	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XI	10	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics- Non steroidal anti- inflammatory(NSAID)drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics ✓ General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics ✓ Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Anti psychotics Mood stabilizers 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

	10	deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization	 Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone 	 Decture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XIII XIV	3	Develop understanding about important drugs used for women before, during and after labour Describe drugs used in	 Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophyaxis Iron and Vit K₁ supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation Lecture cum 	 Short answer Objective type Short answer
XII	5	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Antidepressants Anti Anxiety Drugs Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterones Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse, effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

		& immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities	 IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning Activated charcoal Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs- Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants 		
XV	4	Demonstrate awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine.	 Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine: Ayurveda, homeopathy, unani and siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	 Lecture cum Discussion Observational visit 	 Short answer Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY	- 6 Credits (120 hours)
PRACTICAL- Lab/Skill lab	- 1 Credit (40 hours)
Clinical	- 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT	HRS.	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	• OSCE
II	11 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment	 Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay 	 Caring for patient intra operatively Submit a list of disinfectant s used for instruments with the action and precaution

		Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	 common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anaesthesia- types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects 		
III	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management	 Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Shock Pain 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion 	 Short answer MCQ Case report
IV	16 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory	 Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia 	 Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab 	 Essay Short Answer OSCE

	T	•11	т 1	ſ	1
		illnesses	• Lung abscess		
			• Cyst and tumors		
			• Chest Injuries		
			• Acute respiratory		
			distress syndrome		
			 Pulmonary embolism 		
			• Health behaviours to prevent		
			respiratory illness		
V	15	Explain the etiology,	Nursing Management of		• Quiz
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with disorders of		
	5 (L)	manifestations,	digestive system		OSCE
		diagnostic tests, and	• Review of anatomy and		
		medical, surgical,	physiology of GI system	• Lecture,	
		nutritional, and nursing	 Nursing assessment – 	Discussion	
		management of	History and physical	 Demonstration, 	
		gastrointestinal disorders	assessment	Role play	
			 GI investigations 	Role playProblem Based	
		Demonstrate skill in			
		gastrointestinal	• Common GI disorders:	Learning	
		assessment	o Oral consists line anna	• Visit to stoma	
			 Oral cavity-lips, gums and teath 	clinic	
		Prepare patient for upper	and teeth		
		and lower	• GI - Bleeding,		
		gastrointestinal	Infections,		
		investigations	Inflammation, tumors,		
		investigations	Obstruction, Perforation		
			& Peritonitis		
			• Peptic & duodenal ulcer,		
			\circ Mal-absorption,		
			Appendicitis, Hernias		
			• Hemorrhoids, fissures,		
			Fistulas		
			• Pancreas- inflammation,		
		Demonstrate skill in	cysts, and tumors		
		gastric decompression,	• Liver-inflammation,		
		gavage, and stoma care	cysts, abscess, cirrhosis,		
		Demonstrate skill in	portal hypertension,		
		different feeding	hepatic failure, tumors		
		techniques	 Gall bladder- 		
			inflammation,		
			Cholelithiasis, tumors		
			<i>,</i>		
			• Gastric decompression,		
			gavage and stoma care,		
			different feeding techniques		
			 Alternative therapies, drugs 		
			used in treatment of		
			disorders of digestive system		
VI	15	Explain the etiology,	Nursing Management of		
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with cardiovascular		
	5(L)	manifestations,	problems		
	[J (L)	mannestations,	provienis		<u> </u>

VII 7 (T) 3 (L)	diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disordersDemonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessmentPrepare patient for 	 Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseasescoronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders - congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease - pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood, nursing assessment - history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders – clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemias, leukopenias, agranulocytosis Lymphomas, myelomas 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/ presentation BCLS Module Field visit to blood bank Counseling	 Care plan Drug record BLS/BCLS evaluation Interpretati on of blood reports Visit report
VIII 8 (T) 2 (L)	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	 patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine 	• Lecture, discussion,	• Prepare health education

		nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	 system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus 	 demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education 	on self- administrat ion of insulin • Submits a diabetic diet plan
ΙΧ	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	 Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	11 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for	 Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment- History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant 	 Lecture / Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

	1		I		<u>г</u>
		radiological and non-	tumour		
		radiological	• Orthopedic modalities: Cast,		
		investigations of	splint, traction, crutch		
		musculoskeletal system	walking		
			Musculoskeletal		
		Demonstrate skill in	inflammation: Bursitis,		
		crutch walking and	synovitis, arthritis		
		splinting	• Special therapies, alternative		
			therapies		
			• Metabolic bone disorder:		
			Osteoporosis, osteomalacia		
			and Paget's disease		
		Demonstrate skill in care	• Spinal column defects and		
		of patient with	deformities – tumor,		
		replacement surgeries	prolapsed intervertebral disc,		
		D 1 11	Pott's spine		
		Prepare and provide	Rehabilitation, prosthesis		
		health education on bone	Replacement surgeries		
VI	17	healing			
XI	17 (T)	Explain the etiology,	Nursing management of		
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with Communicable		
	3 (L)	manifestations,	diseases	T (D
		diagnostic tests, and	Overview of infectious	• Lecture,	• Prepares
		medical, surgical,	diseases, the infectious	discussion,	and
		nutritional, and nursing	process	demonstration	submits
		management of patients with communicable	Nursing Assessment –	• Practice session	protocol on
		diseases	History and Physical	• Case Discussion /	various
		diseases	assessment, Diagnostic tests	seminar	isolation
			Tuberculosis	• Health education	techniques
			• Diarrhoeal diseases,	 Drug Book/ 	•
			hepatitis A-E, Typhoid	presentation	
			Herpes, Chickenpox,		
			Smallpox, Measles, Mumps,	Refer TB control	
			Influenza	& Management	
			Meningitis	module	
			• Gas gangrene		
			• Leprosy		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Dengue, Plague, Malaria,		
		barrier and reverse	Chikungunya, swine flu,		
		barrier techniques	Filariasis		
			• Diphtheria, Pertussis,		
			Tetanus, Poliomyelitis		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Special infection control		
		execution of different	measures: Notification,		
		isolation protocols	Isolation, Quarantine,		
		r	Immunization,		
L	1	1			1

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) - 18 weeks x 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
General medical	4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in the Management of patients with Respiratory problems	 Intravenous therapy IV cannulation IV maintenance and monitoring Administration of IV medication Care of patient with Central line Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis Management patients with respiratory problems Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask Pulse oximetry Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Postural drainage Oropharyngeal suctioning Care of patient with chest drainage 	 Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation / Care note) - 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Care Study evaluation Care Note/ Clinical presentation
		Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality	 Diet Planning High Protein diet Diabetic diet Insulin administration Monitoring GRBS 		

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care / ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

Clinical D	Duration in	Learning	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit w		Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills		methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre and post- operative period Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro- intestinal Problems Develop skill in wound management	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing Colonoscopy ERCP Endoscopy Liver Biopsy Nasogastric aspiration Gastrostomy / Jejunostomy feeds Ileostomy / Colostomy care Surgical dressing Surgical soak Sitz bath Care of drain 	 Care study – 1, Care Note – 1 Health teaching Clinical Presentation / Care note) - 1 	 Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/ Clinical presentation

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical D	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit in	n	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
W	veeks				
Cardiology wards	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with cardiac problems Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	 Cardiac monitoring Recording and interpreting ECG Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation Administer cardiac drugs Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization CPR Collection of blood sample for Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Assisting for bone marrow aspiration Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose) Application / maintenance of sequential Compression device 	 Cardiac assessment – 1 Drug presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluation Drug presentati on

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system	Skin allergy testing		• Clinical evaluation

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation	U	• Care Note – 1	 Clinical evaluation Care note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	Myelogram / CT / MRI	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation,Care note

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u> <u>Use of manikins and simulators</u>

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical area/unit	Duration in	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
	weeks		skills		
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	 Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minor operation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring 	 Assist as circulatory nurse - 5 Positioning & draping - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries - 5 	Clinical evaluation, OSCE

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC NURSING (with Health Assessment module)

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY	- 120 hours (6 Credits)
PRACTICUM - Lab/Skill lab	- 40 hours (1 Credit)
Clinical	- 480 hours (6 Credits)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical & Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	patient with disorders ofEar, Nose and Throat(Includes etiology,pathophysiology, clinicalmanifestations, diagnostic	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic 	 MCQ Short answers Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
Π	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical	 Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy physiology of the eye 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, 	MCQShort EssayOSCE

Ш 9(Т)	manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	 History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors Eyelids – infection, deformities Conjunctiva – inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea- inflammation and infection Lens- cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye banking, Eye donation 	lens, medication administrationVisit to eye bank	Drug book
III 9(T) 4 (L)	 Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi 	 Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections- acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate - inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book & Field visit- Visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi

IV	5 (T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	 Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures – Phimosis, Epididymitis, and Orchitis Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception Male Breast Disorders - gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes 	 Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	• Short essay
V	8(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 Nursing management of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	OSCE Short notes
VI	16(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,		 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, 	 OSCE, short notes, Essay Drug book

diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	diagnostic tests tracheostomy
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VII	12 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of		
	4 (P)	etiology,	patients with	• Lecture,	
		pathophysiology,	Immunological problems	discussion	
		clinical	Review of Immune	Case Discussion	
		manifestations,	system	/ seminar	
		diagnostic tests,	• Nursing Assessment –	Refer Module on	
		and medical,	History and Physical	HIV/AIDS	
		surgical,	assessment	III V/AIDS	
		nutritional, and	• HIV & AIDS:		
		nursing	Epidemiology,		
		management of	Transmission, Prevention		
		immunological	of Transmission		
		disorders	• Role of Nurse;		
		 Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection Describe the national infection control programmes Describe the drug thermany 	 Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies, Infection control programs Rehabilitation 		
		drug therapy			
VIII	10(T)	for AIDS	Numerica and a second and second		OCCE
VIII	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	 Nursing management of patient with Oncological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests. Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition Common malignancies of 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of chemotherapy preparation and administration, Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit, 	 OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counseling, health teaching

			various body system eye,		
			 ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment - Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy - Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer-anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger Palliative care Supportive care Uasming corp. 		
IX	15(T)	Explain the types,	• Hospice care Nursing management of	• Lecture and	• OSCE
	4(L)	policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	 patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster; Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness - Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies – Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning 	 discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ ATCN module Guided reading 	Case presentations and case study

X	8(T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 History and physical assessment Aging process and agerelated body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programmes for 	on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines • Lecture and discussion • Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired • Field visit to old age homes	 OSCE Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	12(T) 8(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	 elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment, and supplies, Special equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of ACLS, mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors Clinical practice in different ICUs 	Objective questions and short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on BLS/ACLS, monitoring of patients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care

			 Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families— Communication with patient and family End of life care 		
XII	5(T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/indus trial health disorders	 Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management 	 Lecture and discussion Industrial visit 	• Assignment on industrial health hazards

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult / geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency / disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 11. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 12. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 13. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 14. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 15. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 16. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 17. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 18. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders
- 19. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 20. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
ENT Ward & OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Auditometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment -1 Case study/Clinical presentation -1 Drug Book 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study / Clinical presentation Drug Book

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit	in		competencies/Clinica		methods
	weeks		l skills		
Ophthalmol ogy unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with Eye disorders	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures 	 Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/Clinical Presentation– 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation
		Educate the patients and their families	 Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmosco py, tonometry, Refraction tests Pre and post- operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with foreign body removal 		

III. Nursing Management of Patients with kidney and urinary system disorders A. Skill Lab

- Use of manikins and simulators
 Assessment-kidney & urinary system
 Preparation –dialysis
- Catheterization and care

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies-IVP etc Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests-Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc Catheterization -care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment - 1, Drug presentation - 1 Care study/Clinical presentation - 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation n

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessmen t methods
Burns unit/reconstru ctive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluati on, Care study/c ase report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards	3	Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological problems	 History taking; Neurological Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non- invasive diagnostic procedures Range of motion exercises, muscle strengthening Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients 	 Neuro- assessment –1 Case study/ case presentation- 1 Drug presentation -1 	 Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/ presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Isolation ward/Medic al ward		Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunologica 1 disorders	1	• Assessment of immune status	 Care note Quiz Health Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical area/unit	in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assess ment method s
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers – TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Hormonal therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	 Assessment – 1 Care study/clinical presentation -1 Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

- Use of manikins and simulators
 Assessment –primary and secondary survey
 Trauma care-bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical area/unit		Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirement	Assessment methods
Emergency room	2 week	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing 'triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	care	 Clinical evaluation Quiz

IX. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Critical Care Unit	weeks 2 Weeks	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker 	 Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentation

 ICU care bundle Management of the dying
patient in the ICU

X. Nursing Management of Patients with geriatric illness

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Geriatric ward	1 week	Develops kill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	• History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment 1 Functional status assessment - 1 	Clinical evaluationCare plan

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) **PRACTICUM:** 1credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and needs
- 4. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 5. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 6. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 7. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 8. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 9. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 10. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 11. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 12. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 13. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 14. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 15. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices
- 16. Analyze the current health care trends that are applicable to nursing education

COURSE OUTLINE THEORY & PRACTICAL (LAB)

UNIT	IT TIME (Hours)		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
	Т	Р			ACTIVITIES	
Ι	4	2	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	Introductionand theoretical foundations:Education and educational technology• Definition, aims• Approaches and scope of educational technology• Definition• Definition• Definition• Definition• Of philosophy, education and philosophy• Comparison• Comparison• Of educational philosophy• Comparison• Philosophy of nursing education• Definition of teaching & learning• Teaching learning process:• Definition of teaching & learning• Teaching learning as a process• Nature characteristics of teaching• Nature characteristics of learning• Characteristics conditions• Nature characteristics of learning• Characteristics conditions• Principles of learning echaracteristics of learning• Characteristics conditions• Principles of learning echaracteristics echaracteristics echaracteristics of learning• Characteristics echaracteristics echaracteristics echaracteristics 	• Lecture cum discussion Group exercise: Preparation of comparison table for different educational philosophies	 Quiz Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories- analysis of any one
П	5	5	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty	 Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles-Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner 	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short Answer Objective type

			Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self- assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	 Types of learners Determinants of learning-learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors-personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum –definition, types Curriculum design-components, approaches Curriculum development- factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan 	Self- assessment exercise: • Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) • Lecture cum discussion Individual/gr oup exercise: • Writing learning outcomes • Preparation of a lesson plan	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual /Group
III	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management Describe different methods/ strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	 Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab: Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication Information communication technology (ICT)- ICT used in education Teaching methods: Features, advantages and disadvantages Lecture, Group 	 Lecture cum Discussion Practice teaching/ Micro teaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient 	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment of microteachi

			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	discussion, microteaching Skill lab- simulations, Demonstration & re demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions Role play, project Field trips Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning One- to- one instruction <i>Active learning strategies</i> Team based learning Problem based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming Inter professional education	•	teaching session Construction of game-puzzle Teaching in groups- interdisciplinar y		ng
Ι	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Compare the advantages of different clinical education models Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 Teaching in the clinical setting: Teaching methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Models of clinical education-traditional mode, collaborative model, preceptor model, integration of education and practice model, Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies- patient assignment- clinical conference, clinical presentation /bedside clinic, Case study/care 	•	Lecture cum discussion Debate: which clinical education model is the best? Writing clinical outcomes- assignments in pairs Written assignment on preceptorship	•	Short answer Assessment of written assignment

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					broadcasting,		

				videoconferencing Telephones-		
				Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology		
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment tests Develop skill in construction of different tests	 Assessment/Evaluation Methods/strategies Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types Barriers to evaluation Guidelines to develop assessment tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on 	 Short Answer Objective type
			Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	 Short answer questions (SAQ), Multiple choice questions (MCQ-single response & multiple response) 	constructing assessment tool/s	• Assessment of tool/s prepared
				 Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation- Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication- progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning- Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		

VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance• Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles• Roles of academic advisor/faculty in guidance• Dofference between guidance and counseling• Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling• Counseling scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling• Counseling students• Roles counseling in nursing studentsDiscipline guidance guidance counseling• Role of students'	 Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
VIII	5	2	Recognize the importance of value- based education	grievance redressal cell/ committee Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in nursing education Ethics-Review • Definition of terms	• Value	
			Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students	 Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship 	 clarificatio n exercise Case study analysis (student encountere d scenarios) 	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis

		Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	 Evidence based teaching- Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education 	 and suggest ethical decision- making steps Lecture cum discussion 	• Quiz-MCQ
IX 2	2 2	Orient towards recent trends in nursing education	 Emerging trends in healthcare and nursing education Emerging trends in healthcare in India Trends in nursing education 	Analysis of NHP 2017- to identify policy influencing nursing education and write term paper	 Evaluation of term paper

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTERS

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours) PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 3 Credits (240 Hours)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (80 Hours) PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical -2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child- care
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents
- 4. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance
- 5. Participate in national immunization programs /Universal Immunization program (UIP)
- 6. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation
- 7. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI)
- 8. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with common childhood diseases
- 9. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)		CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I.	T10 L10	Explain the modern concept of child- care Describe National policy, programs & legislation in relation to child health & welfare Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy & Modern concept of child- care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare. National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children. Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital 	ACTIVITIES Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response	 care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health <i>Preventive pediatrics:</i> Concept Immunization Immunization programs and cold chain. Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics /Well- baby clinics Preventive measures towards accidents 		
		Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child.	 Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological Psychological Social Immunological 		
		Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child	 Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the child and family 		

	health nursing procedures	 Communication techniques for children Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement Application of restraints Assessment of pain in children. FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale Numerical scale 		
П. Т1	 Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children 	 The healthy child Definition and principles of growth and development. Factors affecting growth and development. Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The need of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children and infants. breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary / artificial feeding and weaning 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breast feeding Clinical practice/field 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports

III.	T15 L20	Provide care to normal and high- risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material Nursing care of neonate: Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn / essential newborn care. Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder. Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia, hyperthermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit	 Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self - evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion 	 OSCE Short answers Objective type
IV.	T10 L 05	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Neonatal equipment Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module • Clinical	• OSCE
V.	28	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, nervous and	 Nursing management in common childhood diseases. Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia Others: Acute naso- pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma 	 Clinical practice/field Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

endocrine system	Cardiovascular system:	
chuochine system	 Identification and Nursing 	
	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital 	
	malformations	
	 Congenital heart diseases: 	
	Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic	
	(ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)	
	 Others: - Rheumatic fever 	
	and Rheumatic heart disease,	
	Congestive cardiac failure	
	Hematological conditions: Organital: Hamophilia	
	a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia.	
	b) Others: Anemia,	
	Leukemia, Idiopathic	
	thrombocytopenic purpura,	
	Hodgkins and non-hodgkins	
	lymphoma	
	Gastro-intestinal system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital 	
	malformations.	
	 Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft 	
	• Congenital Cleft fip, Cleft palate, Congenital	
	hypertrophic pyloric	
	stenosis, Hirschsprungs	
	disease (Megacolon),	
	Anorectal malformation,	
	Malabsorption syndrome,	
	Abdominal wall defects,	
	Hernia	
	Others: Gastroenteritis,	
	Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein	
	energy malnutrition, Intestinal	
	obstruction, Hepatic diseases,	
	intestinal parasites	
	Genitourinary urinary system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	management of congenital	
	malformations.	
	• Congenital: Wilms tumor,	
	Extrophy of bladder,	
	Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis,	
	Obstructive uropathy	
	• Others: Nephrotic syndrome,	
	Acute glomerulo nephritis,	
	renal failure	
	Nervous system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	- Identification and Purshig	

			 management of congenital malformations a) Congenital: Spinabifida, Hydrocephalous. b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury. Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo- thyroidism 		
VI	T5 L5	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Child health emergencies: Accidents -causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning NALS/PLS/PALS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 20 Hours PRACTICUM: Clinical: 80 Hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
NO.	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
VII	T110	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders	 Orthopedic disorders: Club foot Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and Atopic dermatitis 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases	Communicable diseases in children, their identification/diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention: • Tuberculosis • Diphtheria • Tetanus • Pertussis • Poliomyelitis		

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
			 CONTENT Measles Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever Management of behavior and social problems in children. Child Guidance clinic Common behavior disorders in children and management Enuresis and Encopresis Nervousness Nail biting Thumb sucking Temper tantrum Stealing Aggressiveness Juvenile delinquency School phobia Learning disability Psychiatric disorders in children and management Childhood depression Conversion reaction Posttraumatic stress 	LEARNING	
			 Posttraumatic stress disorder Autistic spectrum disorders Eating disorder in children and management Obesity Anorexia nervosa Bulimia Management of 		
			 challenged children. Mentally Physically Socially Child abuse, substance abuse Welfare services for challenged children in India 		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER & VI SEMESTER-80 Hours

V SEMESTER- 2 credits (160 Hours) VI SEMESTER- 1 Credit (80 Hours)

CLINICAL- 3 Credits (240 Hours) 8 weeks x 30 hours/week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children
- 6. Give health education/ nutritional education to parents
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem - 2 Weeks VI Sem- 1 Week	 Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders Counsel & educate parents 	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V. medicine/ fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents & Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 Health talk - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem- 2 Weeks VI Sem- 1 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	 Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Case study/ presentation - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Pediatric OPD/Im munizati on room	V Sem- 1 Week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health / Nutritional education 	 Growth and Developme ntal study: Infant -1 Toddler-1 Preschooler -1 Schooler-1 Adolescent-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem-1 Week	• Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator / warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies 	 Newborn assessment- 1 Nursing Care Plan-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record.

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			Recording & reporting		
			Cardiopulmonary		
			Resuscitation		
			(NALS,PLS,PALS)		

<u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

NALS, PLS/PALS, CPAP, Endotracheal suction

Pediatric nursing procedures:

- Administration of medication-oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding-NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

INTERNSHIP (INTEGRATED PRACTICE)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING – PRACTICAL

Placement: VIII Semester

Time: Internship – 4 weeks

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Assessment methods
Pediatric Medical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various medical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Pediatric Surgical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various surgical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	2	Provide Intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER (Theory: 100 Hours & Clinical: 240 Hours)

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours) PRACTICUM: Clinical: 3 Credits (240 Hours)

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 4 Credits (80 Hours) PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing
- 4. Apply the INC practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 12. Demonstrate skills in caring for patients with substance use disorders
- 13. Identify the needs of patients with personality and sexual disorders and provide appropriate care
- 14. Provide nursing care to patients with childhood and adolescent disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture cum Discussion	
Π	10	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynami cs of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopatholo gy of mental disorders	 Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD & DSM Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho- social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission 	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality developmen t 	

		Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental health Nursing (INC standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model Interpersonal model 			
III	6	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	 Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests 	•	Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Practice session Clinical practice	
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	 Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse- patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window 	•	Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Role play Process recording Simulation (video)	

			• Therapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT, Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
VI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	 Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing process Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

VII	6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems
		etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and	of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders • Prevalence and incidence • classifications	 Decture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

	management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorder Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/Consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	tion • Clinical practice	
IX 6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing management patients with Substance use disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/eti ology of substance use disorder (Terminologies - Substance Use, Abuse, tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic 	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

		 criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment-History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for Vulnerable population Follow-up and home 		
X 6	• Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic criteria and manageme nt of patients with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders	rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with Personality and Sexual disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Classification of disorders • Etiology, psycho- pathology, characteristics, diagnosis • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

	2		 and Eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
XI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing management of Behavioural & Emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorder, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 1credit (20 Hours) PRACTICAL: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders
- 2. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies
- 3. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision
- 4. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017
- 5. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing management of organic brain disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis • Nursing Assessment- History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment • Treatment modalities and	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentatio n Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient manageme nt problems

			 nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
XIII	6	• Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (Attempted suicide, violence/aggressi on, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process -Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model -Coping enhancement -Techniques of counseling 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentatio n Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type
XI V	4	• Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	 Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion 	 Short answers Objective type

XV 5	 Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describes Community Mental health services and role of the nurse 	 Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Programme Institutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Versus 	 Lecture discussion Clinical/fie ld practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

• Mental Health
Services
available at the
primary,
secondary,
tertiary levels
including
rehabilitation
and nurses'
responsibilities
Mental Health
Agencies:
Government and
voluntary,
National and
International
• Mental health
nursing issues
for special
populations:
Children,
Adolescene,
Women Elderly,
Victims of
violence and
abuse,
Handicapped,
HIV/AIDS etc.

CLINICAL PRACTICUM- MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II

SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II-PRACTICAL: 3 Credits (240 Hours) - 35 hrs 7 weeks

(MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I – 2 Credits (160 Hours) & MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II – 1 Credit (80 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psycho-education
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in dead diction centre

Areas	Duration	Learning	Skills/Procedural	Clinical	Assessments
	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies	requirements	Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psycho-education Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho- education 	 History taking and Mental status examination-2 Health education-1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assesss each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for 	 Case work-1 Observation report of different therapies-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Inpatient ward	4	 families and significant others Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in 	 Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric assessment Recording therapeutic communication Herefore 	the observation reportGive care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders• Assess performance with rating scale• Assess performance with rating scale• Assess each skill with checklist• Assess each skill with checklist• Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical
		various therapies • Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	medications • N	Maintain drug pook
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in dentifying individuals of the second seco	 Case work-1 Dbservation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

INTERNSHIP

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry ward	4 weeks	 Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems Carry out Specific Nursing interventions for the clients with different mental disorders 	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: V Semester THEORY: 3credits (60 hours) PRACTICUM: 2 credits (80 hours) Lab: 10 hours Clinical: 70 hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement

THEORY: 60 Hours (3 Credits)

	TI	ME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
UNIT	(Ho	ours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
UI	Т	Р	OUTCOMES		ACTIVITIES	
I	1		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	 Health care and development of nursing services in India Current health care delivery system of India-review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 Short answer type Assessment of assignment
	2		Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	 Management basics applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controllin 	• Lecture & Discussion	 MCQ Short answer type

				MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
III	4		Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning nursing services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning Strategic planning: Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting- concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster 	 Lecture & Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	 Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment of problem- solving exercises Visit Report
IV	4	2	Discuss the concepts of organizing including hospital organization	 Organizing Organizing as a process- assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital –types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment
V	8	2	Identify the significance of human resource management (HPM) and	Staffing (Human resource management)resource• Definition, objectives, components and functions	• Lecture & Discussion, role	• Formulate Job description at
			(HRM) and material	<i>Staffing & Scheduling</i>Staffing-Philosophy,	play	different levels of care &

management and discuss its elements elements steps of material management Develop managerial skill skill in inventory control and actively participate process	 staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units- Projecting staffing requirements /calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-service education Nature and scope of inservice education program Principles of adult learning-review Planning and organizing inservice educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report 	 Games self- assessment, Case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward Visit to inventory store of the institution 	 compare with existing system Preparation of duty roster Preparation of MMF/recor ds Preparation of log book & condemnati on documents Visit Report
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VI	5	6	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	 Directing and leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management 	 Lecture & Discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments 	 Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4		Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles-Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/ preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report
VIII	3		Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation-records and reports Total quality management-Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal 	 Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/protocols for nursing units/department 	• Assessment of prepared protocols

IX	3	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	 Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis Organizational behavior and human relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review: Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review: Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace-assertive communication Committees- importance in the organization, functioning 	 Lecture & Discussion Role play/exercise- Group dynamics & human relations 	 Short answer OSCE
X	2	Describe the financial management related to nursing services	SFinancial management• Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management• Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)• Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for: Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units• Budget and Budgetary process• Financial audit	review	 Short answer type Essay Assessment of assignment

XI 1 Review the Nursing • Review •	• Short answer
concepts, informatics/Information • Practice session	type
principles and management - Review • Visit to	v 1
methods and • Patient records departments	
use of nursing • Nursing records	
informatics • Use of computers in	
hospital, college and	
community	
Telemedicine & Tele	
nursing	
Electronic Medical Records (T) (D) FUD	
(EMR), EHR	
XII 1 Review Personal Management-review • Review	
personal • Emotional intelligence • Discussion	
management in • Resilience building	
terms of • Stress and time	
management of management-de stressing	
emotions, stress • Career planning	
and resilience	
MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EUCATIONAL INSTITUTION	DNS
XIII 4 Describe the Establishment of nursing • Lecture & •	• Visit report
process of educational institutions discussion	· inter-perio
establishing • Indian Nursing Council • Visit to one of the	
educational norms and guidelines- regulatory bodies	
institutions and Faculty norms, physical	
its accreditation facilities, clinical facilities,	
guidelines curriculum implementation,	
and evaluation/examination	
guidelines	
regulatory bodies- INC and	
State Nursing Council	
Accreditation-Inspections	
Affiliation with	
Affiliation with university/State council/	
Affiliation with university/State council/ board of examinations	
Mathematical Structures • Affiliation with university/State council/ board of examinations XIV 4 Explain the Planning and organizing	
XIV 4 Explain the planning and organizing planning and • Philosophy, objectives and • Directed reading- •	 Short answer
XIV 4 Explain organizing the planning organizing Planning and organizing mission of the college • Directed reading- INC Curriculum •	Г
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning organizing functions• Planning and organizing mission of the college • Organization structure of• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation• Organizing • Organization	• Essay
XIV 4 Explain the planning and organizing organizing • Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations • Directed reading-INC Curriculum •	• Essay
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning organizing functions• Planning and organizing mission of the college • Organization structure of• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation• Organizing • Organization	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinations• Organizing INC Curriculum• Organization structure of school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum• Organization structure of organizational	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organizing • Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college • Organization structure of school/college • Review: Curriculum • Review: Curriculum • planning• Directed reading- • Directed reading- • Organization at structure of structure of the college	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organizing mission of the college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation school/college• Directed reading- • Organization structure of school/college• Directed reading- • NC Curriculum • Preparation structure of the collegeImage: the structure of the planning • Planning• Planning • Planning • Planning• Written assignment-	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing collegePlanning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation organizational structure of the planning• Directed reading- • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Organization • Preparation • Organizational structure of • Planning • Planning <br< th=""><th>EssayAssessment of</th></br<>	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation structure of school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation structure of organizational structure of the collegeImage: Note that the structure of the college planning• Planning teaching and planning• Written assignment- writing philosophy of a teaching	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing collegePlanning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation organizational structure of the planning• Directed reading- • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Organization • Preparation • Organizational structure of • Planning • Planning <br< th=""><th>EssayAssessment of</th></br<>	EssayAssessment of

			 staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities- college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences 	table and clinical rotation	
XV	4	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	recruitment and placement, job description	 Guided reading on faculty norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activity report Assessment of job description
XVI	4	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	implementation and	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment- Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment and record
XVII	4	Identify	Review: Legal and Ethical issue	1	
		various legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice	• Nursing as a profession:	nal	

				 Regulatory bodies –INC and SNC constitution and functions <i>Review: Professional ethics</i> Code of ethics and professional conduct-INC & ICN Practice standards for nursing-INC International Council for Nurses (ICN) Legal aspects in nursing: Consumer protection act, patient rights Legal terms related to practice, legal system-types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice-negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties, Invasion of privacy, defamation of character Nursing regulatory mechanisms-registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practice in practice practice act, regulation for nurse practice 		
XVIII	2		Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	 Professional advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations-national and international Participation in research activities Publications-journals, newspaper 	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article- research/clinical 	• Assessment of assignments
		70 hrs			Clinical posting- Management experience in hospital/college	

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PRACTICUM: 80 hrs (Lab-10 and clinical-70 hrs)

Practice competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/ students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/ materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings-incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE-end of posting

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY - 2 Credits (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM - 1 credit (80 Hours) Lab: 30hrs Clinical project-50hrs

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

UNIT	TIME (HRS)		LEARNING OUTCOMS	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS	
Ι	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain thesteps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Introduction and needfor nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of goodresearch Steps of Research process- overview Evidence Based Practice: Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers 	 Identify research priorities on a given area/specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	 Short answer Objective type 	
Π	2	6	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	 Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a goodresearch problem. Writing objectives and hypotheses 	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulation of research questions/objecti ves/hypothesis 	
Π	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review 	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented 	

IV	4		Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	Short answerObjective type
V	6	4	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments- Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection 	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	 Short answer /Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	4	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	 procedure Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data 	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables. 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data

VII	12		Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data. Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation.	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	 Short answer Objective type Computation of descriptive statistics
VIII	4	4 50hrs (Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research • Communication offesearch findings • Verbal report • Writing research report • Writing scientific article/paper • Critical review of published research including publication ethics • Utilization of research findings • Conducting group research project	 Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of asample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project.

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HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 1.5 Credits (30 Hours) PRACTICAL: Lab- 0.5 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics- led health care services.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing superior healthcare
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using EHR system in clinical practice
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of NIS system in nursing
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

UNIT	TIME		LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
	(Hrs) T	Р	OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	METHODS
Ι	10	10	Describe the importance computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice • Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point • Internet • Literature search • Statistical packages • Hospital management information system	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems 	 (T) Short answers Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments (P) Assessment of skills using checklist
II	3	2	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics- needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	 Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type Assessment of report
III	2	2	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	 Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
IV	2	2	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type

			trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	 computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 	•	Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	 (P) Assessment of skills using checklist
V	2		Describe the advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Patient Safety & Clinical Risk Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process 	•	Lecture Discussion	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
VI	2	2	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision- making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	2		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	 eHealth: Patients and the Internet Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Essay Short answers Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	2	Describe the functions of nursing information system	Using Information in Healthcare Management • Components of	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on	(T)EssayShort

IX	2	 Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues 	 Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of healthcare organizations Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary 	 simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making Lecture Discussion Case discussion/role play 	 answers Objective type (T) Essay Short answers Objective type (P)
		related to nursing informatics	 clinical practice Ethical- legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing 		• OSCE
X	2	Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	 Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards 	 Lecture Discussion Case study 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data
- Conducting literature review

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in Total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedure

UNIT	TIME (Hrs)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	3	Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence	 Forensic science Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic science laboratory Violence Definition Epidemiology Source of data Sexual abuse-child and 	 Lecture cum discussion Visit to regional/state forensic science laboratory 	 Quiz-MCQ Write visit report
II	2	Explain concepts of forensic nursing and scope of practice for forensic nurse	 women Forensic nursing Definition History and development Scope - setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties Ethical issues Roles and responsibilities of nurse INC & SNC Acts 	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Objective type
III	7	Identify members of forensic team and describe role of forensic nurse	 INC & SNC Acts Forensic team Members and their roles Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family Physical aspects Psychosocial aspects Cultural and spiritual aspects Legal aspects Legal aspects Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence Responsibilities of 	 Lecture cum Discussion Hypothetical/real case presentation Observation of post- mortem 	 Objective type Short answer

			 Evidence preservation- role of nurses Observation Recognition Collection Preservation Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination 	•	Visit to department of forensic medicine	•	Write report
IV	3	Describe fundamental rights and human rights commission	Introduction of Indian constitution Fundamental rights • Rights of victim • Rights of accused Human rights commission	•	Lecture cum discussion Written Assignment Visit to prison	•	Short answer Assessment of written assignment Write visit report
V	5	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law- making powers Overview of Indian judicial system • JFMC • District • State • Apex Civil and criminal case procedures • IPC • ICPC • IE Act	•	Lecture cum discussion Guided reading	•	Quiz Short answer
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act	•	Lecture cum discussion		

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -I INCLUDING EPIDEMIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

PRACTICUM:

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 2. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- **3.** Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- **4.** Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 5. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- **6.** Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 7. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 8. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- **9.** Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non- communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- **10.** Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 11. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- **12.** Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)
- **13.** Explain population control & its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size

			COURSE OUTLIN	VE	
UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	7 T	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	Communityhealthnursingapproaches,concepts,rolesandresponsibilitiesofcommunityhealthnursing personnel•Approaches:•Nursing process•Epidemiologicalapproach••Problemsolvingapproach•Evidencebasedapproach•Empowering people tocare for themselves•Review•PrimaryhealthcareandComprehensivePrimaryHealthConcept,Principles,Process,&Techniques:BagtechniqueQualitiesofCommunityHealthNurse•Rolesandresponsibilitiesofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnelinfamily healthserview:Principles &techniquesofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnelinfamily healthserview:Principles &techniquesofcounseling	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answers Essays Assessment of supervised field practice
Π	10 T	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individualsand familiesfamiliestopromoteandmaintaintheirhealthA.A.Assessmentofindividualsandfamilies(Reviewfromchildhelathnursing,Medicalsurgicalnursingand	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answers Essay type Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area

	OPC Nursing)		
care home/health centers (H	ealthexaminationoved(BSE)andandtesticlesself	•	Assessment of procedural skills in lab procedures
Develop	 Warning Signs of various diseases Tests:Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin <i>B. Provision of health services/ primary health care:</i> 	•	Evaluation of records and reports
Develop skil maintenance records and rep	of Immunization, Document and maintain:	•	Evaluation of field visit reports
Develop begin skills in han social is affecting the h and develop of the family	uningorders/protocolsdlingapproved byssuesMOH&FWealthoDrugs dispensing and		

	diseases/ disabilities		
Identify and arrist		- 11-14	
Identify and assist		• Field visits	
the families to	procedures as		
utilize the	prescribed/required for		
community	client and family		
resources			
appropriately	E. Maintenance of health		
	records and reports		
	• Maintenance of client		
	records		
	• Maintenance of health		
	records at the facility		
	level		
	 Report writing and 		
	documentation of		
	activities carried out		
	during home visits, in		
	the clinics/centers and		
	field visits		
	<i>F. Sensitize and handle</i>		
	social issues affecting		
	health and development of		
	the family		
	• Women empowerment		
	• Women and child		
	abuse		
	• Abuse of elders		
	Female foeticide		
	 Commercial sex 		
	workers		
	• Substance abuse		
	G. Utilize community		
	resources for client and		
	family		
	• Trauma services		
	Old age homes		
	Orphanages		
	Homes for physically		
	1,0,0,0		
	challenged individuals		
	• Homes for destitute		
	• Palliative care centres		
	• Hospice care centres		
	Assisted living facility		

III 10 T	Describe th concepts, approaches an methods c epidemiology (Epidemiology- Epidemiological Approaches, and Processes Epidemiology- Concept and Definition Distribution and frequency of disease Aims & uses of epidemiology Epidemiological models of causation of disease Concepts of disease transmission Modes of transmission-Direct, Indirect and chain of infection Time trends or fluctuations in disease 	 Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Field visits-communicable disease hospital & Entomology office Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease 	 Short answers Essay type Report on visit to communica ble disease hospital Report on visit to entomology office Report and presentation on Investigatin g an epidemic of
IV 15 T	Explain th epidemiology c specific communicable	 measures/ levels of prevention of disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention Communicable diseases 	 Lecture Discussion, 	g an
	diseases Describe th	diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines)	DemonstrationRole playSuggested field	reports Assessment of family

various method prevention, co and managen of communid diseases and role of nurse screening, diagnosing, primary management referral to a hu facility	and and an anagement,	visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 case study OSCE assessment Short answers Essay type
	 up Leprosy Tuberculosis Vaccine preventable diseases-Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and measles Enteric fever Viral hepatitis HIV/AIDS/RTI infections- HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/Reproductive 		

	tract infectio	ns
	(STIs/R TIs)	
	o Diarrhoea	
Identify	the o Respiratory tra	act
relevant	national infections	
health prog	grammes o Helminthic –soil	&
and expl	e	
role of n		
implement	-	nd
these progr	3 . Communical	
	diseases: Zoono	
	diseases	
	1 80	of
	Zoonotic diseases	
	Prevention & contr	ol
	measures	
	• Screening a	nd
		he
	following condition	
	primary	
	management,	
	referral and follo	NW/
		,,,,
	up • Rabies: Identif	R.
	suspect, prima	-
	e	nd
	referral to a heal	th
	facility	
	• Role of a nurses	in
	control	of
	communicable	
	diseases	
	National Heal	th
	Programmes	
	1. UIP-Universal	
	Immunization	
	Programme	
	(Diphtheria,	ь
	Whooping coug	
	Tetanus, Poliomyelit	
	Measles and Hepati	tis
	B)	
	2. National Lepro	sy
	Eradication	
	Programme (NLEP)	
	3. Revised Nation	ıal
	Tuberculosis Contr	

			Programme (RNTCP)4. Integrated Disease Surveillence	
			Programmme (IDSP)- Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory	
			infections and Scabies 5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO)	
			6. National Vector Borne Disease Control	
			Programme 7. National Air Quality Monitoring	
			Programme 8. Any other newly added programmes	
V	15 T	Describe the	Non- Communicable • Lecture,	• Field visit
		national health programmes for	diseases and National • Discussion, Health • Demonstration	reports
		programmes for the control of non-		• Assessment of family
		communicable	 • National response to • Role play • Suggested field visits 	case study
		diseases and the	NCDs • Field practice	5
		role of nurses in	(Every disease will be Assessment of clients	
		screening, identification	dealt under the following with non-	
		primary	headlinesEpidemiology of	OSCE
		management and	• Epidemiology of specific diseases	assessment
		referral to a health	• Prevention and	• Short
		facility	control measures	answers
			• Screening,	• Essay type
			diagnosing/	
			identification and	
			primary management,	
			referral and follow	
			up care	
			NCD-1	
			 Diabetes Mellitus 	
			• Hypertension	
			• Cardiovascular	
			diseases • Stroke & Obesity	
			 Stroke & Obesity Blindness-Categories 	
			of visual impairement	
			and national	
			programme for control	
			of blindness Desfness national	
			• Deafness- national	

		nuo quanna far		
		programme for		
		prevention and control of deafness		
		• Thyroid diseases		
		• Injury and accidents-		
		Risk factors for Road		
		traffic injuries and		
		operational guidelines		
		for trauma care facility		
		on highways		
		NCD-2 Cancers		
		 Cervical Cancer 		
		• Breast Cancer		
		• Oral cancer		
		• Epidemiology of		
		specific cancers, Risk	• Participation in national	
		factors/Causes,	health programmes	
		Prevention, Screening,		
		diagnosis- signs, Signs		
		& symptoms, and		
		early management &		
		referral		
		• Palliative care		
		• Role of a nurse in non-		
		communicable disease		
		control programme		
		National Health Programmes		
		National programme		
		for prevention and		
		control of cancer,		
		Diabetes,		
		Cardiovascular		
		Diseases and Stroke		
		(NPCDCS)		
		• National programme		
		for control of		
		blindness		
		• National programme		
		for prevention and		
		control of deafness		
		• National tobacco		
		control programme		
		• Standard treatment		
		• Standard treatment		
		protocols used in		
		protocols used in National Health		
VI 10 T	Explain nurses'	protocols used in		

	1 ' ' 1 . ' 0 '	1.4.		
	role in identifying,	conditions and	T .	C1
	primary	emergencies including	• Lecture,	• Short
	management and	first aid	• Discussion,	answers
	referral of clients	• Standing orders:	Demonstration	• Essay type
	with common	Definition, uses	• Role play	• Field visit
	disorders/	Screening,	 Suggested field visits 	reports
	conditions and	diagnosing/identification,	Field practice	
	emergencies	primary care and	• Assessment of clients	• OSCE
	including first aid	referral of	with common	assessment
		Gastrointestinal system:	conditions and provide	
		• Abdominal pain	referral	
		\circ Nausea and vomiting		
		• Diarrhea		
		• Constipation		
		• Jaundice		
		• GI bleeding		
		• Abdominal distension		
		• Dysphagia and		
		dyspepsia		
		• Aphthous ulcers		
		Respiratory System:		
		• Acute upper		
		respiratory infections-		
		Rhinitis, Sinusitis,		
		Pharyngitis,		
		Laryngitis, Tonsillitis • Acute lower		
		• Acute lower respiratory infections-		
		• Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma		
		• Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain		
		Heart & Blood		
		• Common heart		
		diseases- Heart		
		attack/coronary artery		
		disease, heart failure,		
		arrhythmia		
		o Blood-anemia, blood		
		cancers, bleeding		
		disorders		
		Eye & ENT conditions		
		Eye-local infections,		
		redness of eye,		
		conjunctivitis, stye,		
		trachoma and refractive		
		errors		
		ENT-Epistaxis, ASOM,		
		sore throat, deafness		
		Urinary system		
LL	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	

		Urinary tract infections- cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions - Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies		
VII 20 T	Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and child care, including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings	v 8/	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health 	 Short answers Essay type OSCE assessment

]
	records and reports	
	Intra natal care	
	• Normal labour-	
	process, onset, stages	
	of labour	
	• Monitoring and active	
	management of	
	different stages of	
	labour	
	• Care of women after	
	labour	
Promote	• Early identification,	
adolescent health	primary management,	
adolescent health	referral and follow up-	
	preterm labour, fetal	
	distress, prolonged and	
	obstructed labour,	G
	vaginal & perennial	• Screen,
	tears, ruptured uterus	manage and
	• Care of newborn	refer
	immediately after birth	adolescents
	• Maintenance of	• Counsel
	records and reports	adolescents
	 Use of Safe child birth 	
	check list	
	• SBA module-Review	
	• Organization of labour	
	room	
	Postpartum care	
	• Objectives, Postnatal	
	visits, care of mother	
	and baby, breast	
	feeding, diet during	
	lactation, and health	
	counseling	
	• Early identification,	
	primary management,	
	referral and follow up	
	of complications,	
	Danger signs-	
	postpartum	
	hemorrhage, shock,	
	puerperal sepsis, breast	
	· 1	
	partum depression	
	• Postpartum visit by	
	health care provider	
	Newborn and child care	
	• <i>Review:</i> Essential	

newborn care	
Management of	
common neonatal	
problems	
Management of	
common child health	
problems: Pneumonia,	
Diarrhoea, Sepsis,	
screening for	
congenital anomalies	
and referral	
<i>Review:</i> IMNCI	
Module	
Under five clinics	
Adolescent Health	
Common health	
1	
factors in adolescent	
girls and boys	
Common	
Gynecological	
conditions-	
dysmenoorhea,	
Premenstrual	
Syndrome (PMS),	
Vaginal discharge,	
Mastitis, Breast lump,	
pelvic pain, pelvic	
organ prolapse	
• Teenage pregnancy,	
awareness about legal	
age of marriage,	
nutritional status of	
adolescents National	
Menstrual Hygiene	
scheme	
Counseling for parents	
and	
teen agers	
National programmes	
• RMNCH +A	
Approach- Aims,	
Health systems	
strengthening,	
RMNCH+A strategies,	
Interventions across	
life stages, programme	
management,	
monitoring and	

VIII	4 T	Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse	 evaluation systems Universal Immunization Programme as per Government of India guidelines-Review Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) -adolscents Other new programmes School Health Services Objectives Health problems of school children Components of school health services Maintenance of school health records Initiation and planning of school health services Role of a school health nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of health counseling to school children Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children OSCE assessment
ΙΧ	3 T	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics-demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, The causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics- Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type

			 Morbidity and mortality indicators: Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and 		
			mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India		
			• Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data		
			<i>Review-</i> Common sampling techniques- random and nonrandom techniques		
			Disaggregation of data		
X	6 T	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social	PopulationanditsControl• PopulationExplosion	LectureDiscussion	• Short answers
		and economic development of India	and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and	• Demonstration	 Essay type
		Describe the various methods of population control	 country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational 		• OSCE assessment
			 Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual 		• Counseling on family planning

 health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh)
 Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL POSTINGS: 4 Weeks x 40 hours/week

Total hours: 160 hours					
CLINICAL AREA/UNIT		LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases	 Investigating an epidemic - Community health survey 	• Community health survey to investigate an epidemic-1	
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients	• Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	 Health assessment of woman-1, infant/under five-1, adolescent-1, adult-1 Growth monitoring of under- five children- 1 	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University)
		Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Participate in school health programme Counsel and educate	 Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high- risk clients to FRUs Assessment 	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communicable disease- 1 • Non- communicable diseases- 1 • Dental problems- 1 • Eye problems- 1 • Ear, nose, and throat problems- 1 • High risk pregnant	
		individual, family and community	Assessment (physical & nutritional) of	woman- 1High risk	

Provide family welfare services Participate in implementation on national health programmes Maintain records reports	 Health intrapartum-1, counselling to postnatal-1 and study
	 Participation in National Health Programmes Documentation skills Documentation skills Health counseling for Adult with Communicable diseases/NCD-1 Adolescent Group health Education - 1 (Rural/Urban) Family planning counselling- 1 Insertion of IUCD-1 Removal of IUCD-1

	•	study- 1 (Rural/Urban)	
	•	maintain: Individual record Family record Health center record	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 14. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes
- 15. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 16. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 17. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 18. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 19. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 20. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 21. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 22. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 23. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 24. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 25. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	4	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes	 Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programmes Role of a nurse in occupational health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Clinical performance evaluation
Π	5	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National programme for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programmes/ Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report on elderly home Essay type Short answers

III	4 hours	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders <i>Review:</i> Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction programme National Mental Health Programme National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	•	Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits, Field practice	•	Essay type Short answers Counseling report
IV	4 hours	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	 Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues <i>Review:</i> Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice Group project on community diagnosis-data management	•	Group project report Essay type Short answers
V	5 hours	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and	 Delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC 	•	Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care	•	Essay type Short answers Filed visit reports

VII8Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the• Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services• Lecture,VII8Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the• Lecture, edership, Supervision and Monitoring • Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN,• Lecture, • Discussion Demonstrati • Role play • Suggested fi visits	field
 the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs Roles and responsibilities of Mid -Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Roles and responsibilities of Mid -Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC) : objectives, 	ASHA, AWWs eld • Participation in

г – г		
	<i>Review</i> : Leadership &	
	supervision-concepts,	
	principles & methods	
	• Leadership in health:	
	leadership approaches in	
	healthcare setting, taking	
	control of health of	
	community and	
	organizing health camps,	
	village clinics	
	Training, Supportive	
	supervision and	
	monitoring-concepts,	
	principles and process Eg.	
	performance of frontline	
	health workers	
	Financial Management	
	and Accounting &	
	Computing at Health	
	Centers (SC)	
	• Activities for which funds	
	are received	
	• Accounting and book	
	keeping requirements-	
	accounting principles &	
	policies, book of accounts	
	to be maintained, basic	
	accounting entries,	
	accounting process,	
	payments & expenditure,	
	fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization	
)	
	certificate (UC) reporting	
	Preparing a budgetAudit	
	• Audit Records & Reports:	
	_	
	• Concepts of records and reports-importance, legal	
	implications, purposes,	
	use of records, principles	
	of record writing, filing of	
	records	
	• Types of records-	
	community related	
	records, registers,	
	guidelines for maintaining	
	 Report writing- 	
	purposes, documentation	
	of activities, types of	
	reports	

			 Medical Records Department- functions, filing and retention of medical records Electronic Medical Records (EMR)- capabilities and 				
			 components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of EHR Nurses' responsibility in 				
			record keeping and				
VII	4 hours	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 reporting Disaster Management Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	•	Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer-Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster /INC – Reaching out in emergencies	•	
VIII	3 hours	Describe the importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review) 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site	•	Field visit report
IX	3 hours	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	 Health agencies International WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commision, Red cross, USAID, UNESCO, 	•	Lecture Discussion Field visits	•	Essay type Short answers

ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other		
cross, Indian Council		
for Child Welfare,		
Family Planning		
Association of India,		
Tuberculosis		
Association of India,		
Central Social Welfare		
Board, All India		
Women's Conference,		
Blind Association of		
India, any other		
Voluntary Health		
Association of		
India(VHA)		
	 JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of 	JHPIEGO, any other • National: Indian Red cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL POSTINGS

2 Weeks x 40 hrs/week

Г	Cotal hours:	80 hours			
CLINICAL AREA		LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban Rural	1week 1 Week	• Participate in community diagnosis -data management	• Participation in Community diagnosis-data management	Group project: Community diagnosis-data management	• Assignment
		 Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy Screen, assess and manage elderly with 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems Mental health screening Health assessment of elderly Writing health center activity report Organizing and 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems-1 Mental health screening survey- 1 Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly- 1 write report on health center activities- 1 	 Assignment evaluation Field visit report Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University)
		health problems and refer appropriatelyParticipate in	conducting clinics/campParticipation in	 Organizing and conducting: Antenatal/underfive clinic/Health camp- 1 	
		health centre activities	disaster mock drills	• Participation in disaster mock drills	
		• Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		 Field visit to bio- medical waste management site Visit to AYUSH 	
		• Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		clinic	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- I

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY	: 2 Credits (40 Hours)
PRACTICUM	:
Skill lab	: 1 Credit (40 Hours)
Clinical	: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the program, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery/obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception
- 5. Describe and apply the physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful maternity care for the women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Conduct normal deliveries and provide essential newborn care
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for women and their families

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING /	ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
I	T- 4	Identify the trends and issues in midwifery	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Midwifery in India- Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India, National health programs related to RMNCH Current trends in midwifery and gynecology nursing: Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) Midwife led care units (MLCU) Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth Essential competencies for basic midwifery practice (ICM) Universal rights of childbearing women Sexual and reproductive health and rights Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India: INC/MOH&FW regulations Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care Adoption laws, MTP act, PreNatal Diagnostic Test (PNDT)Act, Surrogate mothers Roles And responsibilities of a midwife in different settings (hospital / community) 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answers Objective type Essay Quiz

COURSE OUTLINE

II	T- 4		Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	•	Lecture	•	Quiz
	L- 4	Describe /	physiology:	•	Discussion	•	Simulation
		Review the	Anatomy and physiology of	•	Self-	•	Short
		anatomy and	human reproductive system		directed		answers
		physiology of	and conception		learning	•	OSCE
		human	Review:	٠	Models		
		reproductive	• Female organs of	•	Videos &		
		system	reproduction		films		
			• Female pelvis –bones, joints,				
			ligaments, planes, diameters,				
			landmarks, inclination,				
			variations in pelvis shape				
			• Foetal skull- bones, sutures,				
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding				
			 Fetopelvic relationship 				
			 Physiology of menstrual 				
			cycle, menstrual hygiene				
			• Fertilization, conception				
			and implantation				
			Embryological development				
			Placental development				
			Placental function: blood				
			brain barrier • Eatal growth and dovelopment				
			• Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & Fetal				
			nutrition				
III	T - 10		Assessment and management	•	Lecture		
		Provide	of normal pregnancy(ante-	٠	Discussion	•	Short answers
	C - 40	preconception	natal)	٠	Demonstration	•	Objective
		care to eligible	Pre pregnancy Care	٠	Health talk		type
		couples	 Review of sexual development (Self Learning) 	٠	Role play	•	Assessment
		Decerite e the	 Socio-cultural aspects of 	•	Counselin		of skills with
		Describe the physiology,	human sexuality (Self		g session		check list
		assessment and	Learning)	٠	Case	•	Case study
		management of	Preconception care		discussion/		evaluation OSCE
		normal	 Pre-conception counseling (including awareness 		presentation	•	USCE
		pregnancy	regarding normal births),	•	Simulation		
		including pre	Genetic counseling (Self	•	Supervised		
		pregnancy care	Learning)		Clinical practice		
			• Planned parenthood		practice		
		Demonstrate	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III				
		knowledge of					

midwifery	Trimesters)	
-	,	
practice throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd trimesters	 Normal pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy - Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers engagement in maternity care Physiological changes during pregnancy Reproductive system, Cardio-vascular system Respiratory system Urinary system, Gastero intestinal system, Metabolic changes, Skeletal changes, 	• Refer SBA module & Safe motherhoo d booklet
	Skin changes Endocrine system & psychological changes	
	Ante-natal care:	
	 ITrimester Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy Antenatal care and counseling (lifestyles in pregnancy, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior in pregnancy, counseling regarding sexual life during pregnancy etc) Danger signs during pregnancy Birth preparedness and complication readiness (including promoting 	 Lab tests- performan ce, and interpretati on Refer Guidelines for calcium supplemen tation

 normalcy during pregnancy) Respectful care and compassionate communication Recording and reporting: Clinical procedures as per the GoIs guideline GoI current model of ANC provision Role of Doula/ASHAs II Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester Rh negative and prophylac tic anti D Second trimester tests and health education Interpreting screening results Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, immunization etc Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal 	 Demonstra tion of birthing positions Scenario based learning Workshop on alternative birthing positions 	
• Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose		
immunization etcAntenatal assessment:		
 Assessment of fetal well- being:, DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. 		
Antenatal careWomen centered care		
Respectful care and compassionate communication		
• Referral and collaboration, empowerment		

		 Ongoing risk assessment Maternal Mental Health III Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester Third trimester tests and screening Fetal engagement in late pregnancy 3rd trimester antenatal education classes Birth preparedness and complication readiness Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Danger signs of pregnancy- recognition of ruptured membranes Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Alternative birthing positions- women's preferred choices Role of Doula / ASHA's 		
L·	 10 Apply the 12 physiology of 60 labour Describe the management and care during labour Discuss how to maintain an environment for labour in which the woman feels safe 	 Physiology, management and care during labour Review of Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/ labour Per vaginal examination Stages of labour Organization of labor room- Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph Assessing and monitoring 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Work effectively with pain during labour	 fetal well being Care during 1st stage of normal labour Pain relief in labour (non-pharmacological and pharmacological) Psychological support-Managing fear Activity and positioning during first stage of labour Nutrition during labour Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion for labour Role of Doula / ASHA's 	examination, Conduction of deliveries • SBA module • LaQshyaguide lines • Dakshitha guidelines
Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiology and promote normal birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth	 Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Management of birth/Conduction of delivery-preparation and supporting physiological birthing Essential newborn care (ENBC) Assessment and care of the newborn immediately following birth Role of Doula / ASHA's 	 Demonstration Group work Scenario based learning
	 Physiology - placental separation and expulsion, homeostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear / 	

	Discuss the impact of labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching	 injuries and suture if required Insertion of postpartum IUCD Immediate perineal care Initiation of breast feeding Skin to skin contact Vitamin K prophylaxis Newborn resuscitation Fourth Stage Care during 4th Stage of labour Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss Documentation and Record of birth Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula / ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports 		
V T- 6 L- 6 C- 30	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium- Physiology, duration Physiology of puerperium Post-natal assessment and care-facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice Refer SBA module ENBC module 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE

VI	T- 6 L- 8 C- 30	Discuss the need for compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn and how this is provided Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate	 psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the mother from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation- review Post-partum family planning Follow – up of postnatal mothers. Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates Family centred care Respectful care and communication Normal Neonate - Physiological adaptation Newborn assessment and care Screening for congenital anomalies Care of newborn from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery (Routine care of newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention (asepsis and hand washing) Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module- newborn management 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
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PRACTICUM (Skill lab & Clinical) PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

Total Hours: 200hrs Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests Eg. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Set up and manage a delivery unit
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal delivery with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Assess and care for normal postnatal mothers
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 17. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care

SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers micro birth planning
- 5. PV examination
- 6. Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 7. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 8. Mechanism of labour normal
- 9. Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 10. Active management of third stage of labour
- 11. Placental examination
- 12. Newborn resuscitation
- 13. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 14. Postnatal assessment
- 15. Newborn assessment
- 16. Kangaroo mother care

CLINICAL POSTINGS 4 weeks x 40hours/week

CLINICAL	DURATION	CLINICAL	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREA	IN WEEKS			REQUIREMENTS	METHODS
		OUTCOMES	/CLINICAL		
			SKILLS		
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy 	Antenatal palpationHealth talkCase study	 OSCE Case presentation
		selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 Fregulately confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin Blood test for malaria Blood test for grouping and typing Kick chart /DFMC /NST / CTG / USG Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 		
Post-partum clinic / PTCT Centre and Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn Postnatal counseling Provide family welfare services	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study Case presentation Cu-T insertion and removal 	 Assignment case study case presentation

Labour room	2 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal delivery, provide care to mother and	 Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling Assessment of woman in labour Partograph recording Partograph recording Partograph recording Partograph Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Care during first stage of labour Pain management Episiotomy and suturing
Labour	2 weeks	Monitor Jahour	counseling
	2 weeks	using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal	 woman in labour Partograph Partograph Partograph Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain Partograph Partograph recording PV examination Assisting / Conduction of normal delivery Case study Case gresentation Episiotomy and entrying

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY : 4 Credits (80 hours)

PRACTICUM:

Skill lab : 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical : 7 Credits (560 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetrical and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal conditions.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Counsel and care for couples with infertility
- 12. Describe artificial reproductive technology
- 13. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 14. Demonstrate skills in implementing various government programs related to MNCH care.
- 15. Identify the role of a midwife in vital statistics and health information management
- 16. Recognize the importance of family welfare programme and describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	COURSE OUTLI CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING	ASSESSMENT
UINII		OUTCOMES	CONTENT	ACTIVITIES	METHODS
Ι			Decognition and	Lecture	Essay type
	T- 20 L- 10 C- 120	Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with abnormal/problems during pregnancy Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome	RecognitionandManagement of problemsduring Pregnancy•Assessment of high-risk pregnancy•Problems/complication s of pregnancy•Problems/complication s of pregnancy•Hyper-emesis gravidarum,•Bleeding in early pregnancy: abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole•Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma•Medical conditions complicating pregnancy: Anemia, PIH, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility•Infections in pregnancy - urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal•Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy: appendicitis, acute abdomen•Hydramnios • Multiple pregnancy • abnormalities of placenta and cord • Intra uterine growth restriction • Intra uterine fetal	 Detective Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit Gol guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

			death		
			 Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues 		
			 o Adolescent pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi, grand multiparity Management and care of conditions as per the protocol Policy for the referral services Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies Maintenance of records and reports 		
Π	T - 20 L -15 C - 120	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	 Recognition of deviations from the normal and management during labour Preterm labour: Prevention and management of preterm labour;(Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour;(Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour) Premature rupture of membranes Malposition's and abnormal presentations (breech, brow, face, shoulder) Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) Disorders of uterine action- Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour Complications of third 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines- use of uterotonics during labour 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment ofskills with check list OSCE

III T-10	Describe the	 stage: Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies- Ruptured uterus, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism, Foetal distress, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa Episiotomy and suturing Obstetric procedures- Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Manual removal of the placenta Induction of labour- Medical & surgical Caesarean section: indications and preparation Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics 		
III T- 10 L - 5 C - 80	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	RecognitionandManagementofpostnatalproblems• Physicalexamination,identificationofdeviation from normal• Puerperalcomplicationsand its management	 Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice GoI guidance note on prevention and 	 Quiz Simulation Short answers OSCE

L				1
IV T - 7 L - 5 C - 40	Describe high risk neonates and their nursing management	 Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal sepsis Urinary complications Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage Vulval hematoma Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem Thrombophlebitis DVT Uterine sub involution Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) Postpartum blues / psychosis Drugs used in abnormal puerperium Policy about referral Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight o Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice 	 management of PPH Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

·				1
		 Neonatal infections High fever Convulsions Neonatal tetanus Congenital anomalies Baby of HIV positive mothers Baby of Rh negative mothers Birth injuries SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM / formula feeds / tube feeding Home based newborn care program - community facility integration in newborn care Decision making about management and referral Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns 		
	T - 15 Describe the L - 5 assessment and	 management and referral Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns Maintenance of records and reports Assessment and management of women 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay type Short answers
0	C - management of 120 women with gynecological disorders.	with gynecological	 Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Videos, films 	 Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

		 Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive Simulated practice Supervised Clinical 	
		system practice	
		Etiology, Bathenbysiology alinical Visit to infertility clinic	
		Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and ART centers	
		diagnosis, treatment	
		modalities and	
		management of disorder	
		of female reproductive	
		system	
		• Menstrual	
		abnormalities	
		• Abnormal uterine	
		bleedo Pelvic inflammatory	
		o Pelvic inflammatory disease	
		\circ Infections of the	
		reproductive tract	
		 Uterine displacement 	
		• Endometriosis	
		• Uterine and cervical	
		fibroids and polyps	
		\circ Tumors – uterine,	
		cervical, ovarian,	
		vaginal, vulval	
		 Cysts – ovarian, vulval 	
		• Cystocele, urethrocele,	
		rectocele	
		o Genitor-urinary	
		fistulas	
		 ○ Breast disorders – 	
		infections, deformities,	
		cysts, tumors	
		• HPV vaccination	
		 Disorders of Puberty and menopause 	
		 Hormonal replacement 	
		therapy	
		• Assessment and	
		management of couples	
		with infertility	
		○ Infertility –	
		definition, causes	
		• Counseling the	
		infertile couple	
·	1		

	 Investigations – male and female Artificial reproductive technology Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation Adoption – counselling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders 		
T- 8 Describe family planning and the national programs related to family welfare, MNCH+A care	 Family planning and family welfare programs <i>Review:</i> Vital indicators Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates Maternal death audit National health Mission National programs related to maternal newborn child health and adolescent services Family welfare services Planned Parenthood Impact of early / frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods- Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Field visit reports

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
N N	various family planning
r	nethods
• F	Emergency
c	ontraceptives
• • • •	Family planning
	Counseling using
H	Balanced Counseling
S	Strategy (BCS)
• II	nportance of follow up
a	nd recommended timing
0 U	Unintended or mistimed
F F	pregnancy
• P	ost abortion counseling
	Recent trends
a	nd research in
	ontraception

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PRACTICUM (Skill lab & Clinical)

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

Total Hours: 600hrs

Skill Lab – 40 (1 credit) Clinical - 560 (7 credits)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify and refer antenatal mothers with complications
- 2. Conduct labour and delivery
- 3. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 4. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 5. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications and refer them
- 7. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal mothers and their families using nursing process approach
- 8. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 9. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery
- 10. Provide family welfare services
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Provide post abortion care
- 13. Demonstrate IUCD insertion and removal
- 14. Participate in national family welfare programs
- 15. Assess women with gynecological disorders
- 16. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 17. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

I. SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1) Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2) Counselling antenatal women complication readiness
- 3) PV examination
- 4) Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 5) Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 6) Mechanism of labour normal and abnormal
- 7) Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 8) Active management of third stage of labour
- 9) Placental examination
- 10) Newborn resuscitation

- 11) Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 12) Postnatal assessment
- 13) Newborn assessment
- 14) Kangaroo mother care
- 15) Management of complications during pregnancy / labour /post partum (case studies / simulated scenarios)
- 16) Administration of Magnesium sulphate
- 17) Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip
- 18) Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 19) Management of PPH –Balloon tamponade
- 20) Family planning counselling.
- 21) **PPIUCD** insertion
- 22) Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 23) Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 24) Cervical biopsy
- 25) Breast examination

CLINICAL POSTINGS 14 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL	DURATION	LEARNING	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREAS	IN WEEKS	OUTCOMES	COMPETENCIES/	REQUIREMENTS	METHODS
			CLINICAL SKILLS		
Antenatal	2 weeks	Perform antenatal	Pregnancy	Antenatal palpation	Simulation
OPD		assessment and	confirmation test	• Health talk	• Case
including		identify complications	History collectionPhysical	• Case study	presentation
infertility		during antenatal	examination		
clinics /		period	Obstetric examination		
Reproducti		Perform laboratory	TT T T T		
ve		tests for antenatal	Urine testingBlood testing for		
medicine,		women	Hemoglobin		
Family		Perform and assist	• Blood test for malaria		
welfare and	2 weeks	in selected	• Blood test for		
post-		advanced antenatal	grouping and typing		
partum		diagnostic procedures			
clinic /		procedures	• Kick chart, DFMC		
PTCT		Provide antenatal	• Assist in		
Centre		care for women	NST/CTG/USG		
		with complications of pregnancy	• Care of mothers		
Antenatal		Counsel antenatal	with complications in		
ward		mothers	pregnancy		
			• Antenatal		
			counsellingAntenatal		
			• Antenatal interventions		
			• Preparation for		
			childbirthBirth		
			preparedness and		
			complication readiness		
Postnatal	2 wks	Perform postnatal	• Postnatal history	• Health talk	• Role play
Ward		assessment and identification of	collection and physical	• Antenatal assessment	• Assignment
		postnatal	examination	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment	Case study,Case
		*	l		- Cube

-		complications	•	Identify postnatal	•	Case studies		presentation
		complications	•	complications	•	Case presentation	•	Simulation
		Provide post		complications	•	IUCD insertion and		Vignettes
		abortion care and			•	removal	•	v ignettes
		postnatal	•	Post abortion care		Temovar		
		counselling	•	Post abortion				
		8		counselling				
		Provide postnatal		-				
		care						
			•	Care of postnatal				
				mothers – normal, caesarean section				
			•	Care of normal				
				newborn				
			•	Lactation				
				management				
		Provide family	•	Postnatal				
		welfare services		counselling				
			•	Health teaching on postnatal and				
				newborn care				
			•	Family welfare				
				counselling				
Labour	4 weeks	Conduction of	•	Assessment of	٠	Partograph recording	٠	Assignment
room		normal deliveries		woman in labour	•	Pain management	•	Case study
			•	Partograph		during labour	٠	Case
		Conduct / assist in	•	Pervaginal examination if	•	Conduction of		presentation
		abnormal		indicated		delivery		
		deliveries	•	Obstetric	٠	Assisting in abnormal		
				examination		deliveries		
		Monitor labour	•	Care during first	٠	Managing		
		using partograph		stage of labour		complication during		
			•	Pain management		labour		
			•	techniques Positions in	٠	Case study		
			-	labour	•	Case presentation		
			•	Preparation for				
		Idantifu and		labour – articles,				
		Identify and		physical,				
		manage		psychological				
		complications	•	Conduction of				
		during labour	•	normal delivery Essential newborn				
				care				
			•	Newborn				
				resuscitation				

• Active
management of third stage of
labour
Monitoring and
care during fourth
stage of labour
• Identification and
management of
prolonged labour,
cervical dystocia,
CPD, contracted
pelvis
• Assist in the
management of
abnormal
deliveries –
posterior position,
breech deliveries,
twin deliveries,
vacuum
extraction, forceps
delivery, shoulder
dystocia
• Assist in cervical
encerclage
procedures, D&C,
D&E
• Management of
trauma to the birth
canal, retained
placenta, post
partum
hemorrhage,
uterine atony
Management of
obstetric shock

Neonatal	2 weeks	Perform assessment of	•	Neonatal	•	Case study	•	Case presentation
Intensive Care Unit		assessment of newborn and identify complications/con genital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation Care of high risk newborn	•	assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation	•	Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice	•	Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc Assist / perform special neonatal procedures	•	Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, ventilator, ventilator, warmer. Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation Assist in advanced neonatal procedures				
Obstetric /	1 week	Assist in	•	Observe / Assist	٠	Assisting in obstetric	•	Assignment
Gynae		gynecological and obstetric surgeries		in caesarean section		and gynecological	•	Tray set-up for obstetric
operation		obsterre surgerres	•	Management of	Tr	surgery ay set-up		and
theatre				retained placenta		· · ·		gynecologic

Gynecolog	2 weeks	Care for women	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture. Care of women Care plan 	al surgeries • Case
y ward		with gynecological disorders	 with gynecological conditions Vaginal douche application Health education 	presentationSimulationVignettes
CHC, PHC, SC / Communit y midwifery	1 week	Provide MNCH+A care in the community Provide midwifery care for women in the community Implement family welfare programs	 Conduction of antenatal and postnatal clinics Conduction of other special clinics and camps Tubectomy, vasectomy Tracking every pregnancy – RCH number Maintaining vital statistics Care of antenatal and postnatal mother at home Identification of complication and referral Follow up of mothers and newborns Micro birth planning Conduction of contraceptives Community health education 	 Assignment Report submission

S.No. SEMESTER COURSE **COURSES/ SUBJECTS** Clinica Total Theory Lab (hrs.) (hrs.) NO. (hrs.) l (hrs.) First 1 General Science * 80 80 1 (Refresher Course) Communicative English* 2 40 40 3 100 100 Applied Anatomy and **Applied Physiology** Applied Sociology & 4 100 100 Applied Psychology Nursing Foundations I 5 120 80 160 360 including First Aid Science Module* 80 6 80 TOTAL 760 440 80 160 2 Second 1 **Applied Biochemistry** 20 20 2 Applied Nutrition and 40 40 dietetics 3 Nursing Foundations II 120 120 320 560 including First Aid Module 4 Introduction to 40 80 120 community Health Nursing* (Including Health care Policy & regulation and **Environmental Science**) 5 Self study and co 20+20=40 40 curricular TOTAL 220 120 400 780 Third 1 Applied Microbiology 40 40 80 3 and Infection Control including 2 Pharmacology I 20 20 3 20 Pathology I 20 4 Medical Surgical Nursing 120 640 40 480 I/ Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module 5 Professionalism, 20 20 Professional Values and Ethics including **Bioethics** Self study/Co curricular 20 20 6 TOTAL 220 80 480 800

4. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

4	Fourth	1	Pharmacology II	40			40
		2	Pathology II and Genetics	20			20
		3	Adult Health Nursing II including Geriatric Nursing with Health Assessment Module	120	40	480	640
		4	Educational Technology/ Nursing education	40	40		80
		5	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	220	80	480	800
5	Fifth	1	Child Health Nursing I including FBNC, Essential Newborn Care(ENBC), IMNCI and PLS/PALS, modules	80	40	160	280
		2	Mental Health Nursing I	80		80	160
		3	Nursing Management and Leadership	60		80	140
		4	Nursing Research and Statistics	40		80(Proj ect)	120
		5	Health/ Nursing Informatics and technology	30	20		50
		6	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian laws	20			20
		7	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	310	60	400	790
6	Sixth	1	Child Health Nursing II	20		80	100
		2	Mental Health Nursing II	20		160	180
		3	Community Health Nursing I including Epidemiology and standard treatment protocols	100		160	260
		4	Midwifery /Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I including SBA module	40	40	160	240
		5	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			-				

7	Seventh	1	Community Health Nursing II	40		80	120
		2	Midwifery/ Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II	80	40	560	680
		3	Self study/Cocurricular	20			20
			TOTAL	120	40	640	820
8	Eight (Internship)	1	Community Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
	-22 weeks	2	Adult Health Nursing- 6 weeks				
		3	Child Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
		4	Mental Health Nursing- 4 weeks				
		5	Midwifery- 4 weeks				
			TOTAL	22×	88 hrs/weel	ĸ	1056

1 credit theory- 1hour/week/semester

1credit practical/lab- 2hrs/week/semester

1credit clinical – 4hrs/week/semester

Total Semesters=8

Total number of credits-160 (Excludes electives)

Total number of hours- 6606 hours

Theory-1690

Lab-520

Clinical-4176

Self study/cocurricular-220

Electives: 4 {One elective course -1credit (20Hrs)}

Total credits=164 (Includes Electives)

5. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End semester College exam, and End semester University exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End	End semester	Hours	Total		
			semester			marks		
			College	University				
			exam	Exam				
	Theory							
1	General Science	25	25		1	50		
2	Communicative English	25	25		1	50		
3	Applied Anatomy & Physiology	25		75	3	100		
4	Applied Sociology & Psychology	25		75	3	100		
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25						
	Practical							
6	Nursing Foundations I	*25						

* Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations I& II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory

Nursing Foundations I theory in I semester Internal marks will be added to Nursing Foundations I & II Theory Internal in the second semester (25+25=50)

II SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	College exam*	University Exam*	Hour s	Total marks			
	Theory								
1	Applied Biochemistry and applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100			
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 (I Sem-25 & II Sem-25)		75	3	100			
3	Introduction to Community Health Nursing (Including Health Care Policy and Regulation and Environmental Science)	25	25		1	50			
	Practical								
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25		50		100			

* End Semester

III SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Assessme	nt (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory		·			
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	25		75	3	100
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25				
2	Adult Health Nursing (Medical Surgical Nursing) I	25		75	3	100
3	Professionalism, Ethics & Professional values	25	25		1	50
	Practical					
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100

* Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same).

IV SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Assessi	nent (Marks)		
		Internal	End	End	Hours	Total
			Semester	Semester		marks
			College	University		
			exam	Exam		
	Theory					
1	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
2	Pharmacology & Pathology (I	25		75	3	100
	& II) & Genetics	(III Sem-25 &				
	, ,	IV Sem-25)				
3	Educational	25		75	3	100
	Technology/Nursing education					
	Practical					
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100

V SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory					
1	Child Health Nursing I	*25				
2	Mental Health Nursing I	*25				
3	Nursing Management and Leadership	25		75	3	100
4	Nursing Research and Statistics	25		75	3	100
5	Health/Nursing Informatics & technology	25	25		1	50
6	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	25	25		1	50
	Practical					
7	Child Health Nursing I	*25				
8	Mental Health Nursing I	*25				

* Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing I & II and Mental Health Nursing I & II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Asses	ssment (Marks)		
		Internal	End	End Semester	Hours	Total
			Semester			marks
			College	University		
			exam	Exam		
	Theory			1		
1	Child Health Nursing (I&II)	25		75	3	100
		(Sem V-25				
		&Sem VI-				
		25)				
2	Mental Health Nursing (I&II)	25		75	3	100
		(Sem V-25				
		&Sem VI-				
		25)				
3	Community Health Nursing I	*25				
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and	*25				
	Gynecology I					
	Practical					
4	Child Health Nursing (I&II)	50		50		100
		(Sem V-25				
		&Sem VI-				
		25)				
5	Mental Health Nursing	50		50		100
	(I&II)	(Sem V-25				
		&Sem VI-				
		25)				
	Practical					
	Community Health Nursing I	*25				
	Midwifery/Obstetrics and	*25				
	Gynecology I					

* Will be added to Community Health Nursing I&II and Midwifery I&II theory and practical respectively in the next semester.

VII SEMESTER

S.No	Course		Asse	essment (Mark	s)	
		Internal	End	End	Hours	Total
			Semester	Semester		marks
			college	University		
			exam	Exam		
	Theory					
1	Community Health Nursing	25		75	3	100
	(I&II)	(Sem VI-				
		25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
2	Midwifery /Obstetrics and	25		75	3	100
	Gynecology (OBG) Nursing	(Sem VI-				
	(I&II)	25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
	Practical					
3	Community Health Nursing	50		50		100
	(I&II)	(Sem VI-				
		25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and	50		50		100
	Gynecology (OBG) Nursing	(Sem VI-				
	(I&II)	25 &				
		Sem VII-				
		25)				

VIII SEMESTER

S.No	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End	End	Hours	Total		
			Semester	Semester		marks		
			College	University				
			exam	Exam				
	Practical							
1	Competency assessment	100		100		200		

EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

The student has to pass in all mandatory modules and allotted percentage of marks will be included in the internal assessment of college /university exam. Pass mark for the module is C -50% minimum.

Note:

- 1. Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology-Question paper will consist of Section A Applied Anatomy of 37 marks and B applied Pysiology should be of 38 marks.
- 2. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics and Biochemistry and- Question paper will consist of Section A Applied Nutrition and Dietetics of 50 marks and Section B of Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 3. Pharmacology, genetics, pathology: Section A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section B of Pathology of 25 and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 4. Nursing Research and Statistics-Nursing Research should be of 55 marks and Statistics of 20 marks
- 5. Following exams shall be conducted as College exam and minimum pass is C grade (5 point) and to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet and shall not be considered for calculating aggregate.
 - i. Health and Nursing Informatics
 - ii. Introduction of Forensic nursing
- iii. Communicative English
- iv. Introduction to Community Health Nursing
- 6. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% (P grade/4 point) for English only
- 7. Minimum pass marks shall be 50 % in each of the Theory and practical papers separately.
- 8. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 9. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical he/ she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and practical).
- 10. Candidate shall appear for exams in each semester:
 - a) The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing for fifth semester examination. However the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - b) The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing seventh semester examination. The candidates shall permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - c) The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 11. Candidate has to pass separately in internal and external examination. No institution shall submit average internal marks of the test students more than 75% is if 40 students are admitted in a course the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed 75% of total internal marks
- 12. At least 50% of the Non-nursing subjects like Anatomy & Physiology, Biochemistry, Biophysics, Psychology, Microbiology, Pharmacology Genetics, Nutrition, Sociology, English and Computer Science should be taught by the Nursing teachers. Teachers who are involved in teaching non-nursing subjects can be the examiners for the programme.

- 13. Teaching shall be done by the Nursing faculty and will be supplemented by the guest faculty who are doctors/ PG qualification in the requisite subject.
- 14. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 25 per day. Particular year and of same institution batch shall be examined by the same set of examiners.
- 15. All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- 16. One internal and One external examiners should jointly conduct practical examination for each student
- 17. An examiner should be a Lecturer/ Assistant Professor or above in a college of Nursing with M.Sc(N) in concerned subject and minimum 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for nursing foundation course faculty having M.Sc.(N) with any specialty shall be considered.

VI. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. GRADING OF PERFORMANCE

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course. Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals.

UGC 10point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses - Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50 % and above For English and electives- Pass at P Grade (4 Grade point) 40 % and above

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point average (CGPA)

SPGA- Is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses by the student during the semester (All courses excluding English and electives)

Ex. SGPA computation

Course	Credit/s	Letter grade	Grade point	Credit point
Number				(Credit X grade)
1	3 (C1)	А	8 (G1)	3x8=24
2	4 (C2)	B+	7 (G2)	4x7=28
3	3 (C3)	В	6 (G3)	3x6=18
			× ,	

 $SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3}{C1 + C2 + C3}$

 $=\frac{70}{10}=7$ (rounded off to two decimal points)

Computation of CGPA

CGPA is calculated with SGPA of all semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade in mark card/transcript showing grades of all 8 semesters and their courses/subjects.

Semester I	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
Credit-Cr Cr: 20	Cr: 22	Cr: 25	Cr: 26
SGPA: 6.5	SGPA: 7.0	SGPA: 5.5	SGPA: 6.0
CrxSGPA=20x6.5			

CGPA reflects the failed status in case of fail till the course/s are passed

 $CGPA = \frac{20x6.5 + 22x7 + 25x5.5 + 26x6}{93}$

$$=\frac{577.5}{93}=6.2$$

Transcript Format:

Based on the above recommendation on letter grades, grade points, SPGA and CGPA, the transcript shall be issued for each semester with a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

Declaration of Pass

First Class with Distinction- CGPA of 7.5 and above

First Class- CGPA of 6.00-7.49

Second Class-CGPA of 5.00-5.99

2. INTERNAL ASSESSMENT AND GUIDELINES

The marks distribution of internal assessment is shown in Appendix 2 and the specific guidelines in Appendix 3

3. UNIVERSITY THEORY AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PATTERN

The theory question paper pattern and practical exam pattern are shown in Appendix 4

SYLLABUS

GENERAL SCIENCE

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 4Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to refresh their knowledge and understanding gained during the previous education that will enhance their ability to apply the same in nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Recal and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Physics and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 2. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 3. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.

UNIT		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I-X	20 hours	Review and recall the knowledge and application of concepts and principles of Physics	 PHYSICS I. Physical World and Measurement Physical world Units and Measurements II. Kinematics Motion in a straight line Motion in a plane Uniform circular motion III. Laws of motion Laws of conservation of linear momentum and its applications Laws of friction IV. Work, energy and power kinetic energy, work- energy, power. conservation of mechanical energy (kinetic and potential energies) V. Motion of system of particles and rigid body- 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-directed learning Assignments 	 MCQ Short answer Evaluation of assignments

COURSE OUTLINE

			•	n of particles and				
				onal motion				
				avitation				
				roperties of bulk				
				atter- echanical properties of				
				lids, fluids				
				ermal properties of atter				
				Thermodynamics				
				Behaviour of perfect				
				gases and kinetic				
			-	heory of gases				
				cillation of waves				
				scillations				
				aves				
I-	20	Review and		MISTRY	•	Lecture cum	•	MCQ
XIV	hours	recall the	I.	Some basic concepts		discussion		
		knowledge and		of chemistry			•	Short answer
		application of	II.	Structure of atom	•	Self-directed		
		concepts and principles of	III.	Classification of		learning	•	Evaluation of
		principles of Chemistry		elements and		Aggionmonto		assignments
		Chemistry		periodicity in	•	Assignments		
				properties				
			IV.	Chemical bonding				
				and molecular				
				structure				
			V.	States of matter:				
				gases and liquids				
			VI.	Chemical				
				thermodynamics				
			VII.	Equilibrium				
			VIII.	Redox reactions				
			IX.	Hydrogen				
			X.	S-Block elements				
			XI.	P-Block elements				
			XII.	Organic chemistry-				
				some basic principles				
			VIII	and techniques				
			XIII. XIV	Hydrocarbons Environmental				
			XIV.					
				chemistry				

I-X	40	Review	and	BIOLOGY	•	Lecture cum	•	MCQ
	hours	recall	the	I. Diversity in Living		discussion		× ×
		knowledge a	and	World			•	Short answer
		application	of	• Biodiversity	•	Self-directed		
		-	and	 Salient features and 		learning	٠	Evaluation of
		principles	of					assignments
		Biology		classification of plants	٠	Assignments		
				and animals				
				II. Structural				
				Organization in				
				Animals and Plants:				
				Plant tissues-				
				Morphology, anatomy				
				and functions of different				
				parts of flowering plants				
				• Animal tissues;				
				Morphology, anatomy				
				and functions of different				
				systems				
				III. Cell Structure and				
				Function				
				• Plant cell and animal				
				cell-structure and				
				functions				
				• Cell division: Cell cycle,				
				mitosis, meiosis and their				
				significance				
				IV. Plant Physiology				
				• Transport in plants				
				• Transport of food:				
				Mineral nutrition-				
				Essential minerals,				
				macro and micronutrients				
				and their role				
				Nitrogen metabolism				
				 Photosynthesis- Factors 				
				affecting photosynthesis				
				 Respiration: Exchange of 				
				gases; Cellular				
				respiration, Energy				
				V. Human Physiology				
				 Digestion and absorption 				
				Breathing and				
			ļ	_				
1	1			Respiration: Respiratory			1	

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	system in humans; Machanism of broathing	
	Mechanism of breathing and its regulation in	
	humans,	
	Body fluids and circulation	
	Human circulatory	
	system	
	Human excretory	
	system–structure and functions	
	Locomotion and Movement	
	Skeletal system and its function	
	Nervous system in	
	humans	
	• Sense organs -eye and	
	ear.	
	Human endocrine system VI. Reproduction	
	1	
	Sexual reproduction in flowering plants	
	flowering plants	
	Human Reproduction: Male and female	
	reproductive systems, Reproductive health	
	VII. Genetics and	
	Evolution	
	Chromosomes and genes	
	 Sex determination in 	
	humans	
	Structure of DNA and	
	RNA, Gene expression	
	and regulation	
	VIII. Biology and Human	
	Welfare	
	• Health and Disease:	
	Pathogens; parasites	
	causing human diseases	
	Basic concepts of	
	immunology, Microbes	
	in human welfare	

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• Sewage treatment,
energy generation and
biofertilizers
IX. Biotechnology and
Its Applications
Biotechnology in health
and agriculture
X. Ecology and
environment
Population and
ecological adaptations
• Air pollution and its
control; Water pollution
and its control
• Solid waste management,
Radioactive waste
management,
Greenhouse effect and
global warming, Ozone
depletion, Deforestation

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION:

The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context as an individual or to the team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc...
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT METHODS
		OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	
Ι	3 hours	Identify the significance of communicative English	Communication • What is communication? • What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?	 ACTIVITIES Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks
Π	5 hours	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	IntroductiontoLSRGW•L- Listening:Different types oflistening•S-Speaking:UnderstandingConsonants,Vowels, Word andSentenceStress,Intonation•R- Reading:Medical vocabulary,•Gr-Grammar:Understandingtenses, linkers•W- writing simplesentences and shortparagraphs-emphasis on correctgrammar	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech- C, V, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/ video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ 	Through 'check your understanding' exercises'

III	5	Demonstrate attentive	Attentive Listening	• Listening to	Checking individually against
	hours	listening in different hypothetical situations	• Focusing on listening in different situations- announcements,	announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based	 correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall
			descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations • Reproducing Verbatim • Listening to academic talks/ lectures • Listening to presentation	 on listening With multiphoice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	 meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 hours	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking-Effective Conversation Conversation situations- informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking- setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, Introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for Information, Giving instructions and directions 	prompts and free discussions • Presentation techniques • Talking to peers and other adults. • Talking to patients and Patient attenders • Talking to other healthcare professionals • Class room conversation	Individual and group/ peer assessment through live speaking tests • Presentation of Situation in emergency and routine • Handoff • Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds • Case presentation • Face to face oral communication • Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/doctor) and to others in the group • Telephonic talking

V	5 hours	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	• • • • •	Agreeinganddisagreeing,giving opinorsDescribingpeople,people,places,eventsandthings, narrating,reachingreporting&conclusionsandconclusionsandconclusionsandcomparingandcomplaintsandsuggestionsandrelephoneandsuggestionsandpresentationspeople,Deliveringpresentationsadingnotesand messagesreading notesand messagesreading notesand messagesforvocabularyforeverydayactivities,abbreviationsandandmedicalvocabularyforeverydayactivities,andmedicalvocabularyforeverydayactivities,andmedicalvosabularyforkeadingreportsandmedicalvisuals, graphs,figures and noteson InstructorsReadingreportsandinterportsandnotesandmedicalvisuals, graphs,figures and notesandinterportsandinterportsandinterportsandinterportsandinterportsandinterportsandinterports <th> Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis Grammar activities </th> <th>ng answers orally • Patient document • Doctor's Prescription of care • Journal/news reading and interpretation</th>	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis Grammar activities 	ng answers orally • Patient document • Doctor's Prescription of care • Journal/news reading and interpretation
				on Instructions Reading reports		

			presentations		
			• Remedial		
			Grammar		
* **	-			XX7 · · · 1	D 1 1 1
VI	5	Enhance expressions	Writing Skills	• Writing tasks	-
	hours	through writing skills	• Writing patient	with focus on task	the teacher/trainer against set
			tory	fulfilment,	band descriptors
			• Note taking	coherence and	• Presentation of situation
			• Summarising	cohesion,	Documentation
			• Anecdotal records	appropriate	• Report writing
			• Letter writing	vocabulary and	1 0
			• Diary/ Journal	correct grammar	• Verbatim reproducing
			iting	• Guided and free	• Letter writing
			• Report writing	tasks	• Resume/CV
			• Paper writing skills	• Different kinds	
			• Abstract writing	of letter writing	
X/II	0	A		tasks	Conselline a la conservation
VII	8	Apply LSRW Skill in	LSRW Skills	Valuating	• Consolidated assessment
	hours	combination to learn,	• Critical thinking	different	orally and through written
		teach, educate and	strategies for	options/	tasks/ exercises
		share information,	listening and reading	multiple	
		ideas and results	• Oral reports,	answers and	
			presentations • Writing	interpreting	
			winning	decisions	
			instructions, letters	through	
			and reports	situational	
			• Error analysis	activitiesDemonstration	
			regarding LSRW		
				-individually	
				and in groups	
				Group Discussion	
				 Presentation 	
				 Role Play Writing	
				U	
				reports	

APPLIED ANATOMY& APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours)

Anatomy -50 hours & Physiology -50 hours

APPLIED ANATOMY

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

ES Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body	(
rms terms and organization of the	• Lecture cum • Quiz	
rms terms and organization of the	(
8	Discussion MCC	
the human body		
ine numan bouy	Short	Answer
• Introduction to anatomical	• Use of models quest	ions
1		
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P		
1		
sugituri vertieur plune und	1	
	slides	
piane)		
lan a ter	the lanes and terms relative to position- anterior, ventral, Posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar • Anatomical planes (axial/transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane) • Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion,	 Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position-anterior, ventral, Posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar Anatomical planes (axial/transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane) Movements (flexion, extension, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion,

COURSE OUTLINE

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	 pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction. Cell structure, Cell division Tissue-definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands- classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides Anatomical Torso 	
Π	5	Describe the structure of respiratory system Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture cum discussion Models Video slides 	• Short answer questions Objective type
III	5	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides Anatomical Torso 	Short answerObjective type

IV	5	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels-Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models Video /slides 	•	Short answer MCQ
V	4	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	The Endocrine systemStructureofHypothalamus,PinealGland,Pituitarygland,Thyroid,Parathyroid,Thymus,PancreasandAdrenalglands	• Lecture	•	Short answer questions Objective type
VI	3	Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/models/ charts 	•	Short answer MCQ
VII	8	Describe anatomical position and structure of bones and joints Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton Classify the joints Identify the application and implications in nursing Describe the structure of muscle	 The Musculoskeletal system: The skeletal system Anatomical positions Bones- Types, structure, growth and ossification Axial and Appendicular skeleton Joints- classification, major joints and structure Application and implications in nursing The Muscular System Types and structure of Muscles Muscle groups-muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles- deltoid, 	 Review – discussion Lecture Discussions Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso 	•	Short answer questions Objective type

		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 			
VIII	4	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal System Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing 	• Lecture	•	MCQ Short answer
IX	4	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive System• Structure of male reproductive organs• Structure of female reproductive organs• Structure of breast	• Lecture	•	MCQ Short answer
X	6	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	•	MCQ Short answer
		Describe the ventricular system	• Ventricular system, formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing			

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions
- **4.** Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOME S	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Ι	3 hrs	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology-Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue- formation, repair Membranes and glands- functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum discussion Video demonstrations 	 Quiz MCQ OSPE Short Answer questions

II	5hrs	Describe the	Respiratory system		
	51113	Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary circulation- functional features Pulmonary ventilation, Exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and Carbon- dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea, periodic breathing PFT Respiratory changes during exercise Aging changes Application and 	LectureVideo slides	 Essay Short answer MCQ
III	6hrs	Describe the functions of digestive system	 implication in nursing Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva-composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and Function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, Absorption of food Metabolism of CHO, fat and proteins Application and 	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides 	 Essay Short answer MCQ

			implications in nursing		
IV	5hrs	Explain the	Circulatory and lymphatic		
		functions of the	system		
		heart, and	• Functions of heart,		
		physiology of	conduction system, cardiac		
		circulation	cycle, Stroke volume and		
			cardiac output		
			 Blood pressure and Pulse 	• Lecture	• Short
			 Circulation- principles, 	 Discussion 	answer
			factors influencing blood	Video/slides	MCQ
			pressure, pulse	• video/sindes	· meg
			Coronary circulation, Dulmonary and systemia		
			Pulmonary and systemic circulation		
			Heart rate-regulation of		
			heart rate, Normal value and		
			variations		
			Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise		
			and posture		
			Aging changes		
			Application and implication in gravity a		
V	4hrs	Describe the	implication in nursing Blood	T 4	Г
v	41115			• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of	Blood-Functions, Physical	Discussion	• Short
		blood	characteristics,	• Videos	answer
		blood	ComponentsFormation of blood cells		• MCQ
			• Erythropoiesis, Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC- types, functions		
			Platelets-Function and		
			production of platelets		
			• Clotting mechanism of		
			blood, clotting time,		
			bleeding time, PTT		
			• Hemostasis –role of		
			vasoconstriction, platelet		
			plug formation in		
			hemostasis, coagulation		
			factors, intrinsic and		
			extrinsic pathways of		
			coagulation		
			• Blood groups and types		
			• Functions of reticulo-		
			endothelial system,		
			Immunity		
			Application in nursing		

VI	4hrs	Identify the	The endocrine system	• Lecture	• Short
		major endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. Other hormones Alterations in disease Application and implication in nursing 	Explain using charts	answer • MCQ
VII	4hrs	Describe the	The sensory Organs	• Lecture	• Short
		structure of various sensory organs	 Functions of skin Vision, hearing, taste and smell Errors of refraction, aging changes Application and implications in nursing 	• Video	• MCQ
VIII	4hrs	Describe the	Musculo-skeletal system		
		functions of bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	 Bones- Functions, movements of bone s of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Video presentation 	 Structured essay Short answer MCQ
IX	4hrs	Describe the physiology of renal system	 Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 	LectureCharts and models	 Short answer MCQ

X 4hrs	Describe the	The Reproductive System	• Lecture	• Short
	structure of reproductive system	 Female reproductive system- Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system- Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care 	• Explain using charts, models, specimens	answer • MCQ
XI 7hrs	Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	 Nervous system Overview of nervous system 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	 Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflection

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

Sociology-2 credits (40hrs) & Psychology -3 credits (60hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and selfempowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention
- 8. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life
- 9. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour
- 10. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality
- 11. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups
- 12. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients
- 13. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 14. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role
- 15. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society
- 16. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	1hr	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answers
II	10hrs	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individal and society Personal disorganization Social group- meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes- definition and forms, Co-operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization-characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change- nature, process, and role of nurse Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession 	Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay type Short answers objective type
III	5hrs	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	 Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	LecturePanel discussion	EssayShort answer

IV	5hrs	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family- characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage- forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family. 	 Lecture Family case study 	 Essay, Short answer Case study report
V	5hrs	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 health practices Social stratification- Introduction- Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system- origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race- concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	 Lecture Panel discussion Community Survey 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Report of community survey
VI	12hrs	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 social organization and disorganization- Social organization- meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system- definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control- meaning, aims and process of social control Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization- definition, causes, Control and planning 	 Lecture group Discussion Observational visit 	 Essay type Short answer, Objective type question Visit report

VII	2hrs	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Major social problems- poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS Vulnerable group- elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programmes in India Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention 	• discussion	Essay Short answer
			APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY		
VIII	2hrs	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing.	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology - Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	Lecture cum Discussio n	 Essay Short answer
IX	3hrs	Describe biology of human behaviour	 Biological basis of behaviour- Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation- sensory process -normal and abnormal 	 Lecture Discussion n 	• Essay and short answer type

X	5hrs	Explain mentally healthy person and defence mechanisms	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict- types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping. 	 Lecture Case discussio n Role play 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type
XI	5hrs	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness- Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and old age Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of children Psychology of vulnerable individuals- challanged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable group 	 Lecture Group discussion n 	 Essay Short answer
XII	4hrs	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality-Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in Identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality. 	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n	Essay and short answer type Objective type
XIII	14hrs	Explain cognitive process and their applications	 Cognitive process Attention- definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception - Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence - Meaning of intelligence - Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests - Mental deficiencies Learning -Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning - Learning process, Habit formation 	 Lecture Discussion n 	 Essay and short answer type Objective type

XIV	6hrs	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client.	 Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking- types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude- concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes-Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes Motivation and emotional processes Motivation- meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions - Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness - handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation- stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping Attitudes - Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude-Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 	 Lecture Group Discussio n 	 Essay and short answer type Objective type
XV	4hrs	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	 Psychological assessment and tests - introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in Psychological assessment 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrati on 	 Short answer type Assessment of practice
XVI	12hrs	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies- managing time, coping stress, resilience, work- life balance 	 Lecture Group Discussion Role play 	• Essay and short answers

			 Applying soft skill to workplace and society Use of soft skill in nursing 		
XVII	5hrs	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	 Lecture Discussion n 	 Short answers Objective type

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I

PLACEMENT: 1st SEMESTER

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours) (Skill Lab): 2 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs
- 6. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings
- 7. Describe the principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management
- 8. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge
- 10. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

UNIT	TIME (HRS) T & L/SL	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	5 T	Describe the concept of health and illness	 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health: Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health - Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness: Types, Illness behavior Impact of illness on patient and family 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answers Objective type
II	5 T 2 L	Describe the levels of Illness prevention and care, health care	 Health Care delivery Systems: Introduction of basic concepts & meanings Levels of Illness Prevention- 	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning – Visit 	 Essay Short Answers Objective

		services	primary (health promotion), secondary and tertiary	to Primary Health Centre	type
			 Levels of care-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary 	(observation of real settings)	• Visit report
			• Types of health care agencies/ Services-		
			Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care		
			facilities		
			Hospitals: Types, Organization and Functions		
			• Health care teams in hospitals-members		
			and their Role		
III	12 T	T (1 1) (History of Nursing and Nursing as a	T /	
		Trace the history of Nursing	profession	LectureDiscussion	• Essay
		C	• History of Nursing, History of	Case discussion	• Short
		Explain the concept, nature and	Nursing in India	• Role plays	answersObjective
		scope of nursing	Contributions of Florence NightingaleNursing:		type
			Definition- Nurse, Nursing,		
		Describe values,	Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of		
		code of ethics and professional	Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions		
		conduct for nurses	of nurse, Qualities of a nurse,		
		in India	Categories of nursing personnelNursing as a profession-		
			Definition and Characteristics/ criteria		
			of profession		
			• Values: Introduction-meaning and		
			importanceCode of ethics and professional		
			conduct for nurses-Introduction		
IV	8 T 3 L		Communication and Nurse	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort
	зL	Describe the	patient relationshipCommunication: Levels, Elements	DiscussionRole play and	• Short Answers
		process, principles, and	and Process, Types, Modes,	video film on	 Objective
		types of	Factors influencing	Therapeutic	type
		communication	communication	Communication	
			Methods of effective communication/ Therapeutic		
		Explain	Communication Techniques		
		therapeutic, non	• Barriers to effective communication		
		therapeutic and	/ Nontherapeutic Communication		
		professional communication	techniquesProfessional communication		
			Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient		
		Communicate	Relationship): Purposes and Phases		
		effectively with	• Communicating effectively with		
		patients, their families and team	patient, families and team membersMaintaining effective human relations		
L		rammes and team			

V 4 T 2 L	members Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) Documentation and Reporting Documentation: Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/ Common Record-keeping forms Methods/ Systems of documentation/ Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/ Legal guidelines for Documentation/ Recording Reporting: Change-of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
VI 15 T 20 L	Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Assess and record vital signs accurately	 Vital signs Guidelines for taking vital signs	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration and Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Document the given values of temperatur e, pulse, and respiration in the graphic sheet

VII 25 T 10 L		affecting BP • Assessment of BP: sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment • Alterations in Blood Pressure • Documenting Vital Signs Health assessment • Interview techniques • Observation techniques • Observation techniques • Purposes of health assessment • Health history • Physical examination: • Methods- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction • Preparation for examination: patient and unit • General assessment • Assessment of each body system	 Modular learning Health assessment module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
VIII 3 T	Maintain equipment and linen	 Documenting health assessment findings Equipment and Linen Types: Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture Introduction: Indent, maintenance, Inventory 		
IX 10 T 4 L	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	 Introduction to Infection control in Clinical setting Infection Nature of infection Nature of infection Types of infection Stages of infection Factors increasing susceptibility to infection Body defenses against infection: Inflammatory response & Immune response Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis: Medical & Surgical asepsis Precautions Hand Hygiene (Hand washing and use of hand Rub) Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Standard precautions 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Visit to Infection Control Department 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

			of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards		
X	12 T 20 L	Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients	 Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain Comfort Factors Influencing Comfort Types of beds & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest - Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment Pharmacological and Non-pharmacological pain relieving measures Invasive techniques of pain management CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration and re demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XI	3 T 5 L	Describe the concept of patient environment	 Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Physical environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
			 Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices: Restraints- Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines Other Safety Devices: Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		

XII	6 T 2 L	-	 Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XIII	8 T 10 L	in caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Mobility and Immobility Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise- Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility: assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment: positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XIV	4 T 2 L	Describe the principles and practice of patient education		• Discussion Role plays	 Essay Short answers Objective type

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry

UNIT	TIM	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	Ε	OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	METHODS
I.	5 hours	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	 Carbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus - type 1 & type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT: Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) Hypoglycemia-definition & causes 	 ACTIVITIES Lecture cum discussion using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests 	 Essay Short answers Very short answers
II.	4 hours	Explain the metabolism of lipids and its	LipidsFatty acids: Definition, classification	Lecture,Discussion	EssayShort

		alterations	 Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) 	 Explain usi Charts/ Slic Demonstrat of labor tests 	Very shortanswers
III.	5hour s	Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions	 Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in brief) 	 Lecture cur Discussion Explain usi charts, mod Slides 	• Short ng answers
IV	1 hour	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases-ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction-CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases-CK, Aldolase Bone diseases-ALP Prostate cancer-PSA, ACP 	 Lecture cur Discussion Explain usi Charts & sl 	• Short ng answers

V	2 hours	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Acid base maintenance pH - definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH - blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG - normal values Acid base disorders -types, definition & causes 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VI	1 hours	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VII	1hour	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) • Renal • Liver • Thyroid	 Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using Charts/slides 	 Short answers Very short answers
VIII	1 hour	Illustrate the immunochemis try	 Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation-ELISA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides Demonstration of Lab tests 	 Short answers Very short answers

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT	:	II SEMESTER	
THEORY & LAB	:	2 credits (40 hours)	Theory: 34 hours
			Lab : 6 hours

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES

UNIT

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On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING /	
in	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	
hours			ACTIVITIES	
T-2	Define nutrition	Introduction to Nutrition	• Lecture cum	•
	and its	Concepts: Definition of Nutrition & Health	Discussion	•
	relationship to	• Malnutrition- Under Nutrition & Over		•
	Health	Nutrition		
		• Role of Nutrition in maintaining health	• Charts/	
		• Factors affecting food and nutrition	Slides	
		Nutrients		
		Classification		
		Macro & Micronutrients		
		Organic & Inorganic		
		• Energy Yielding & Non-Energy		
		Yielding		
		Food		

COURSE OUTLINE

ASSESSMENT **METHODS**

> Short answers Very short answers

Essay

			 Macro & Micronutrients Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding 		
			Food		
			Classification-Food groups		
			• Origin		
II	T-2	Describe the	Carbohydrates	• Lecture cum	• Essay
		classification,	• Composition -starches, sugar and	Discussion	• Short answers
		functions,	cellulose		• Very short
		sources and	• Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA)	• Charts/	answers
		recommended	Dietary sources	Slides	
		daily allowances	• Functions	• Models	

		(RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	 Energy Unit of energy-Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR 	•	Display of food items		
III	T-3	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of proteins.	 Proteins Composition Eight essential amino acids Functions Dietary sources Protein requirements-RDA 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ Slides Models Display of food items	•	Essay Short answers Very short answers
IV	T-2	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Fats Classification-saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements-RDA 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items	•	Essay Short Answers Very Short answers
V	T-3	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification-fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble-Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble-Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements-RDA of every vitamin 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items	•	Essay Short Answers Very Short Answers
VI	T-3	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	 Minerals Classification- Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium, and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements- RDA 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items	•	Short Answers Very Short Answers

VII	T-4	Describe and	Balanced diet	Lecture cum	Short Answers
	L-3	plan balanced	• Definition, principles, steps	Discussion	
		diet for	• Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups		Very Short
		different age	• RDA – Definition, limitations, uses	Meal planning	Answers
		groups,	Food Exchange System	T 1 ·	
		pregnancy, and	• Calculation of nutritive value of foods	Lab session on	
		lactation	• Dietary fibre	Preparation of balanced diet	
			Nutrition across life cycle	for different	
			• Meal planning/Menu planning –	categories and	
			Definition, principles, steps	low cost	
			• Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF)	nutritious dishes	
			guidelines- breast feeding, infant foods		
			• Diet plan for different age groups- Children, adolescents and elderly		
			• Diet in pregnancy- nutritional		
			requirements and balanced diet plan		
			• Anemia in pregnancy-diagnosis, diet for		
			anemic pregnant women, iron & folic		
			acid supplementation and counseling		
			• Nutrition in lactation-nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers,		
			complementary feeding/weaning		
X/III	T 4	C1 $C1$ C C		T	F
VIII	T-4	Classify and describe the	Nutritional deficiency disordersProtein energy malnutrition- magnitude	• Lecture cum discussion	 Essay Short Answer
		common	of the problem, causes, classification,	discussion	Short AnswerVery Short
		nutritional	signs & symptoms, Severe acute	• Charts/slide	Answer
		deficiency	malnutrition (SAM), management &	s/models	
		disorders and	prevention, nurses' role		
		identify nurses'	• Childhood obesity-Signs & symptoms,		
		role in	assessment, management & prevention		
		assessment,	and nurses' role		
		management and prevention	• Vitamin deficiency disorders- vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders:		
		and prevention	causes, signs & symptoms, management		
			& prevention and nurses' role		
			• Mineral deficiency diseases-iron, iodine		
			and calcium deficiencies: causes, signs		
			& symptoms, management & prevention		
***		D : : 1 0	and nurses' role	_	
IX	T-4 L-3	Principles of diets in various	Therapeutic diets	• Lecture cum	• Essay
	L-3	diseases	 Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications Consistency Nutrients 	DiscussionMeal	 Short Answer Vary Short
		41504505	 Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. 	• Meal planning	Very Short Answer
			 Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes 	 Lab session 	AIISWEI
			Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal	on	
			diseases, Hepatic disorders	preparation	
			Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post	of therapeutic	
			operative period	diets	

X	T-3	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	 Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides	•	Essay Short Answer Very Short
XI	T-2	Explain the methods nutritional assessment and nutrition education	 Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment Methods of assessment-clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education-purposes, principles and methods 	•	Lecture cum discussion Demonstrati on Writing nutritional assessment report	• •	Essay Short Answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XII	T-2	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	 National Nutritional Programmes and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programmes: Vitamin Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Programme, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every programme 		Lecture cum Discussion	•	Essay Short Answer Very Short Answer

Food born diseases and food safety are dealt in Introduction to Community Health Nursing

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours) **PRACTICUM:** Clinical-1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environment, environmental health and sanitation, nutrition and food safety. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science
- 8. Identify the role and significance of environmental protection and preservation
- 9. Relate the influence of environmental factors and sanitation on health and disease
- 10. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 11. Identify the importance of food safety in prevention of food borne diseases
- 12. Discuss basic issues and concepts of Behavior Change Communication (BCC) and Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and identify the methods of BCC to target the audience
- 13. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings

UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTLINE CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	4 T	Define public health, community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health problems of India	 Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing <i>Review:</i> Concepts of health & Illness/disease-Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease Natural history of disease Levels of prevention-Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention-Review Health problems (Profile) of India 	 Lecture, Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	 Short answers Essay type and objective type Survey report
II	8 T	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary	 Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India – various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India-Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District 	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC) 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation

		health care (CPHC)		level, state level and national				
		Explain health care policies and regulations in India	•	level, Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC)- elements, principles CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC)	•	Directed reading		
			0 0 0	National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) Ayushman Bharat Universal Health Coverage				
III	15 T			vironmental Science,				
			En	vironmental Health, and				
		Identify the role of an individual in the conservation of natural resources		nitation Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems-Forest	•	Lecture Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation	•	Short answers Essay type Field
		Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollution	•	resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles <i>Ecosystem:</i> Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics- Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem	•	Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides	•	Field visit reports

 Climate change, global warning-eg. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health Social issues and environmental health Social issues and environmental ethics Social issues and environmental ethics Acts related to energy, water and environmental health & Sanitation Acts related to environmental protection and preservation health and sanitation Concept of environment health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, sources of water, water Concept of safe water, sources of water purification processes, household purification diseases, water purification processes, household purification diseases, mater harvesting and water shed management Concept of vater conservation-rain water harvesting and water shed management 	environmental health and sanitation Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management Explain waste management	 value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity <i>Environmental pollution:</i> Introduction, Causes, effects and control measures of: Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health Climate change, global warming-eg. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Environmental health & Sanitation Concept of environment health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing 	 reading Visits to water supply & purification sites Observe rain water harvesting plants Visit to Sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal
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			• Air & noise pollution		
			 Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management Commonly used insecticides 		
117			and pesticides		
	4 T 3 T	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Describe the national nutrition programs and provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups Identify early the food borne diseases, and perform initial management and referral appropriately	 Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning -aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional advice Nutrition education-purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation Review-Nutritional deficiency disorders National nutritional policy & programs in India 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups Lecture Discussion 	 Performanc e assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports
			 Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety Food borne diseases Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms 		 Short answers Essay type
		Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety	 Sight & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food 		

	E	•		
	Explain the Acts related to food safety	 intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India-Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat) Role of food handlers in food borne diseases 	 Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module- BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5 	• Field visit reports
V 6	T Describe behaviour change communication skills Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy life style practices using appropriate methods and media	 Communication management and Health Education Behaviour change communication skills communication Human behaviour Health belief model- concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour Steps of behaviour change Techniques of behaviour change- Guiding principles in planning BCC activity Steps of BCC Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC)- techniques to collect social history from 	 Lecture Discussion Role play Demonstration Supervised field practice Workshop/Refe r- BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID) 	 Short answers Essay type Performanc e evaluation of health education sessions to individuals and families

	 clients Barriers to effective communication, and methods to overcome them Health promotion and Health education- methods/techniques, 	
	and audio-visual aids	

NOTE: To Environmental Studies Module by UGC is incorporated

NURSING FOUNDATIONS - II

NURSING FOUNDATIONS II (SEMESTER II)

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours) (Lab-L/Skill Lab-SL): 3 Credits (120hours)

- 1. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 5. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 6. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 7. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 8. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 9. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 10. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 11. Explain loss, death and grief
- 12. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 13. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 14. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 15. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care
- 16. Perform first aid measures during emergencies

*Module used in teaching/learning:

II Semester: First Aid-40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

UNIT	TIME (HRS) T & L/SL	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	5 T 15 L	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care Care of the Skin- (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale Pressure ulcers- causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention Perineal care/Meatal care Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
Π	14 T 7 L	Describe assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview Assessment Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods Organizing Data Validating Data Documenting Data Nursing Diagnosis Identification of client problems, risks and strengths Nursing diagnosis statement- parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis NANDA approved diagnoses 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Evaluation of care plan

			 Difference between medical and 		7
			nursing diagnosis		
			PlanningTypes of planning		
			 Establishing Priorities 		
			 Establishing Goals and Expected 		
			Outcomes- Purposes, types,		
			guidelines, Components of goals and		
			outcome statements		
			 Types of Nursing Interventions, 		
			Selecting interventions: Protocols		
			and Standing Orders		
			 Introduction to Nursing 		
			Intervention Classification and		
			Nursing Outcome Classification		
			 Guidelines for writing care plan 		
			 Implementation Process of Implementing the 		
			 Process of Implementing the plan of care 		
			 Types of care - Direct and 		
			Indirect		
			• Evaluation		
			 Evaluation Process, Documentation 		
			and Reporting		
III	5 T	Identify and meet	Nutritional needs		
111					
		the Nutritional		• Lecture	
			 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs 	LectureDiscussion	• Essay
		the Nutritional	ImportanceFactors affecting nutritional needsAssessment of nutritional status	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	EssayShort
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, 	DiscussionDemonstrationExercise	
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	Short answersObjective
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets 	DiscussionDemonstrationExercise	Short answersObjective type
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet
		the Nutritional	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the elimination	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay Short answers
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the elimination	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay Short
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the elimination	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay Short answers Objective
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the elimination	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay Short answers Objective
IV	5 L	the Nutritional needs of patients Identify and meet the elimination	 Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets- Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN Elimination needs Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination 	 Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice • Lecture Discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning Essay Short answers Objective

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			 assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed pan Care of patients with Condom drainage Intermittent Catheterization Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage Urinary diversions Bladder irrigation Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel Elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures Enemas Suppository Bowel wash Digital Evacuation of impacted feces Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures) 		
V	3 L	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	 Diagnostic testing Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes LFT Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose- AC, PC, HbA1c Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar-GRBS) Stool Routine Examination Urine Testing- Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen Sputum culture Overview of Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

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VI		Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	 Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting airway movement of air diffusion Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suctioning- oral, tracheal Chest physiotherapy-Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage- principles & purposes Pulse Oximetry- Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care Hydration Coughing techniques Breathing exercises Incentive spirometry 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	7 T 8 L	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	 Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit- Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess- Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Problem solving- calculation s

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		 Respiratory- acidosis & alkalosis Intravenous therapy Peripheral venipuncture sites Types of IV fluids Calculation for making IV fluid plan Complications of IV fluid therapy Measuring fluid intake and output Administering Blood and Blood components Restricting fluid intake Enhancing Fluid intake 		
VIII	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements Administer oral and topical medication and document accurately under supervision	 Administration of Medications Introduction-Definition of Medication, Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacokinetics Factors influencing Medication Action Medication orders and Prescriptions Systems of measurement Medication dose calculation Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration Errors in Medication administration Errors in Medication administration Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders Developmental considerations Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs- Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. Equipment- Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets - parts, types, sizes Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, infusion sets Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Redemonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
LectureDiscussionCase discussions	 Essay Short answers
	 Discussion Demonstration

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			 Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses Theories of Grief & Loss-Kubler Ross 5 Stages of Dying The R Process model (Rando's) Death- Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) Signs of Impending Death Dying patient's Bill of Rights Care of Dying Patient Physiological changes occurring after Death Death Declaration, Certification, Autopsy, Embalming Last office/Death Care Counseling & supporting grieving relatives Placing body in the Mortuary Overview- Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia 	• Death care/last office	• Objective type
XI		Develop basic understanding of self- concept	 A. Self-concept Introduction Components (Personal Identity, Body Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem) Factors affecting Self Concept Nursing Management 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion/ Role play 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XII	Т	Describe sexual development and sexuality	 B. Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XIII	3 T 3 L	Describe stress and adaptation	 C. Stress and Adaptation-Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation- General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress- Physical & psychological 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

			 Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment Recreational and diversion therapies 		
XIV	6 T	Explain culture and cultural norms Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision	 D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality Cultural diversity Cultural concepts- Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts- Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XV		Explain the significance of nursing theories	 Nursing Theories: Introduction Meaning &Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories- Nightingale, Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XVI	20 T 20 L	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	 First Aid & Emergencies * Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries: Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies- Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re- demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Essay Short answers Objective type OSCE

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I & II – (SKILL LAB & CLINICAL)

PLACEMENT: Semester I & II

Skill Lab: 200 (80+120) hours Clinical: 480 (160 + 320) hours

Semester I- Lab 80 Hours (2 Credits), Clinical- 160 Hours (2 Credits)

Semester II- Lab- 120 Hours (3 Credits), Clinical- 320 Hours (4 Credits)

COMPETENCIES

SEMESTER I

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 7. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 8. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Provide safe and clean environment
- 10. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 11. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 12. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles.

SEMESTER II

- 13. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 14. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 15. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 16. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 17. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 18. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 19. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 20. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 21. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 22. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

23. Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies

24. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies

<u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of mannequins and simulators

S. NO	COMPETENCIES	MODE OF DEMONSTRATION
	Semester I	
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/ Standardized patient
3.	Physical Examination	Simulator/ Mannequin / Standardized patient
4.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	-
5.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
6.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
7.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
8.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
9.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
10.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
11.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
12.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
13.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/ wheel chair	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
14.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play
	Semester II	•
15.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
16.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
17.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
18.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
19.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
20.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
21.	Oxygen administration- face mask, venture mask, nasal prongs	Mannequin
22.	Administration of medication through Parenteral route- IM, SC, ID, IV	IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
23.	Last Office	Mannequin
24.	CPR	CPR Mannequin

SEMESTER I- 10 weeks- 16 hours/ week

CLINICAL POSTINGS- General Medical/Surgical Wards

Clinical Unit	Duration in Weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/Clinical Skills (Supervised clinical practice)	Clinical Requirem ents	Assessment Methods
General Medical / Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)Communicate effectively with patient, families and team membersDemonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reportingDemonstrate skill in monitoring vital signsCare for patients with altered vital signs	 Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Our Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry 	Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 2	 OSCE Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
,, ,,	2	Perform health assessment of each body system	Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging • Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Health assessment & Infection control in Clinical settings Health Assessment • Nursing/ Health history taking • Perform physical examination: • General	 History Taking- 2 Physical examination- 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Use various methods of physical examination- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations Documentation of findings <i>Infection control in</i> <i>Clinical settings</i> Hand hygiene Use of PPE 		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep • Bed making- • Open • Closed • Occupied • Post-operative • Cardiac bed • Fracture bed • Comfort devices • Pillows • Over bed table/cardiac table • Back rest • Bed Cradle • Therapeutic Positions • Supine • Fowlers (low, semi, high) • Lateral • Prone • Sim's • Trendelenburg • Dorsal recumbent • Lithotomy • Knee chest Pain • Pain assessment and provision for comfort		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Provide safe and clean environment	 Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment 	 Presentation on Physical restraints- 1 Fall risk assessment - 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2		Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge		
	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) 		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	Patient education	 Individual teaching - 1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
4	Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients	SEMESTER II (16 weeks x 20 hours/week) Hygiene & The Nursing Process Hygiene • Care of Skin & Hair: -Sponge Bath/ Bed bath -Care of pressure points & back massage - Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/ Norton scale	Nursing care	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 -Hair wash -Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene Catheter care The Nursing Process Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case 	plan Patient with Pain- 1 Patient with Fever-1	• Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria

	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs • Nutritional Assessment • Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed • Nasogastric tube feeding	 Nutritional Assessment- 1 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Nasogastric tube feeding- 1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
3	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient	Elimination needs Providing -Urinal -Bedpan Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage	 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation-1 	• Assessment
	Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	 Diagnostic testing Specimen Collection Urine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture 	• Lab values- interpretation	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	 Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips Ourine- Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity Blood-GRBS Monitoring 		
3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs • Oxygen administration Methods • Nasal Prongs • Face Mask/ Venturi Mask • Steam inhalation • Chest Physiotherapy • Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises	•Presentation on methods of Oxygen administration	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and	 Oral Suctioning Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Maintaining intake output chart Identify & report 	 Presentation on Blood & Blood Component therapy 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	acid – base imbalances	 complications of IV therapy Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy 		
3	 Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes-Oral, Intradermal, Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation 	Administration of Medications • Calculate Drug Dosages • Preparation of lotions & solutions • Administer Medications • Oral • Topical • Inhalations • Parenteral • Intradermal • Subcutaneous • -Intramuscular • Instillations • Eye, Ear, Nose- instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness	 Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying& Stress and Adaptation Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale 	• Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2	Care for terminally ill and dying patients Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies	Terminally ill, death and dying Death Care Stress and Adaptation	Presentation on dying patient's bill of rights Presentation on Relaxation techniques	• Assessment of clinical skills using checklist

1	Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	 First aid and Emergencies Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye / Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage Shoulder Spica Thumb spica Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs) Binders Basic CPR 	 Mock drill- Fire Safety Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competenci es)
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INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

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PLACEMENT

II SEMESTER

THEORY : PRACTICUM: 2 Credits (40 Hours) Clinical-1 Credit (80 Hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environment, environmental health and sanitation, nutrition and food safety. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science
- 8. Identify the role and significance of environmental protection and preservation
- 9. Relate the influence of environmental factors and sanitation on health and disease
- 10. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 11. Identify the importance of food safety in prevention of food borne diseases
- 12. Discuss basic issues and concepts of Behavior Change Communication (BCC) and Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and identify the methods of BCC to target the audience
- 13. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING /	ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)	OUTCOMES			METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
Ι	4 T	Define public health,	Concepts of Community	• Lecture,	
		community health and	Health and Community	Discussion	• Short
		community health nursing	Health Nursing	• Explain using	answers
				chart, graphs	• Essay type
		Explain the evolution of	• Definition of public	Community	and

II8 THealth Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels• Lecture• Short answersIII8 TDescribe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committeesHealth Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels• Lecture• Short answersIIIHealth plans, and committees• Health planning in India -various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans• Lecture• Short answersDiscuss health care delivery system in India at various levels• Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels• Evaluation of Field visit sto Centers (HWC)• Evaluation of Field visi reports & presentationDescribe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC)• Health care delivery system in India- Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level,• Short answers			 public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health problems of India 	 health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing <i>Review:</i> Concepts of health nursing <i>Review:</i> Concepts of health & Illness/disease- Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease Natural history of disease Levels of prevention- Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention- Review 	 needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	objective type • Survey report
Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committeesOrganization of Health Care at various levels• Lecture• Short answers• Health planning in India -various committees• Health planning in India -various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans• Lecture• Short answers• Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels• Health care delivery system in India at various levels• Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning• Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation• Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC)• Health care delivery system in India- Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District level, and national level,• Short answers						
and regulations in India • Sustainable development	Π	8 T	 and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC) Explain health care policies 	 Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India –various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India- Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level, 	 Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness 	 answers Essay type Evaluation of Field visit

			Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC)- elements, principles	reading	
			• CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC)		
			 National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) 		
			Ayushman BharatUniversal Health		
			Coverage		
III	15 T		Environmental Science,		
		Identify the role of an individual in the conservation of natural resources	 Environmental Health, and Sanitation Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems- 	 Lecture Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation 	 Short answers Essay type
		Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to	Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in	 Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	• Field visit reports
		biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control	conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles		
		measures of environmental pollution Discuss about climate change, global warming,	• <i>Ecosystem:</i> Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics- Forest ecosystem, Grassland		

dej En inc aw iss	id rain, and ozone layer pletion numerate the role of an dividual in creating vareness about the social sues related to vironment	 ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem <i>Biodiversity:</i> classification, value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity 	
Lis env and De env sar Sar De con hai ma	vironment st the acts relation to vironmental protection d preservation escribe the concept of vironmental health and nitation escribe water nservation, rain water rvesting and water shed anagement splain waste management	 biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity <i>Environmental pollution:</i> Introduction, Causes, effects and control measures of: Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health Climate change, global warming-eg. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Environmental health & Sanitation Concept of environment 	 Directed reading Visits to water supply & purification sites Observe rain water harvesting plants Visit to Sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites
		 health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household 	

			 purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water Concepts of water conservation-rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management Commonly used insecticides and pesticides 		
Ν	4 T 3 T	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Describe the national nutrition programs and provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups Identify early the food borne diseases, and perform initial management and referral appropriately	 Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning -aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups 	 Performance assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports

	advisa		1
Discuss the impor food hygiene and safety Explain the Acts n food safety	 food National nutritional policy & programs in India Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety Food borne diseases Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication- features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases Food safety 	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module-BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5 	 Short answers Essay type Field visit reports
	food borne diseases		

education- methods/technique

NOTE: To Environmental Studies Module by UGC is incorporated

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL:

2 Credits (80 Hours) = 2 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL POSTINGS

CLINICAL AREA	DURATION IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban & Rural	1 week	Build and maintain rapport Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult Educate individuals/family on - Nutrition - Hygiene - Food hygiene - Healthy life style - Health promotion	 Interviewing skills (using communication and interpersonal relationship) Observation skills Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community Nutrition assessment skills Skill in teaching individual/family on: Nutrition, including food hygiene and safety Healthy life style Health promotion 	 Community needs assessment/Survey - Rural-1 Urban-1 Nutrition assessment of an individual (adult)- 1 Individual health teaching (Adult) -1 Use of audio- visual aids Flash cards Posters Flannel graph Flip charts 	 Evaluation of survey report Assessment of clinical performanc e Health talk evaluation

Field 1 v visits 1	week	Observe the setup, functions and services of CHC, PHC, and SCs/HWCs in urban/rural areas Observe the national nutrition programs Learn the availability and cost of common food items Observe the various methods of water purification Learn the standards of water quality and the water quality tests Observe the methods of purification of milk Observe the hygienic practices in slaughterhouse with regard to meat hygiene		Observational skills: Water resources and water purification sites Water quality tests Milk diary Slaughterhouse		Visit to SC/HWC, PHC, CHC Observation of nutrition programs Visit to market Observational visit to water purification site Observational visit to milk diary Observational visit to slaughterhouse	•	Evaluation of field visit and observation reports	1
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APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

SECTION A & SECTION B

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours) PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 Hours) (Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) PRACTICAL: ½ Credit (20 hours) (Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hours) PRACTICAL: ¹/₂ credit (20 hours) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hours) PRACTICAL: ¹/₂ credit (20 hours) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols

(Theory-T, Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E)

UNIT	T	ME	LEARNING	Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
		ours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
	Т	Р			ACTIVITIES	
I	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction:Importance and relevance to nursingHistorical perspectiveConcepts and terminologyPrinciples of microbiology	Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer questions Objective type
II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining - simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer questions Objective type

III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	 enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms Cocci — gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli— gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi -Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
				 Rodents & vectors Rodents & vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms 		
IV	3	4(L/E)	Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	Immunity•Immunity-Types,classification•Antigen and antibodyreaction•Hypersensitivity reactions•Serological tests•Immunoglobulins –	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage 	 Short answers Objective type
				 structure, types & properties Vaccines -types & Classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule 	Clinical practice	• Visit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

	COURSE OUTLINE								
	TIME (Hours)				LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS	
Ι		2(E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare setting	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator Associated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee 	 Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning 	• Knowledge assessment- MCQ, Short answer type			
II	3	4(L)	Demonstrate appropriate use different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	 Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE 	 Lecture Demonstration &	• Performance assessment			
III	1	2(L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	 Lecture Demonstrat ion & Re- demonstrati on 	Performance assessment			
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	 Disinfection and sterilization Definitions Types of disinfection and sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle 	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning through visit 	 Short answers Objective type 			

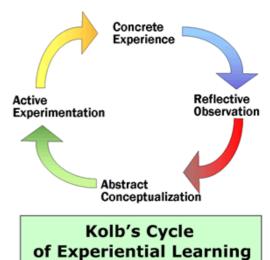
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	• Knowledge evaluation- Quiz & Performance assessment - Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	 BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segration of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation 	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visit 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance assessment
VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	Lecture & Discussion • Written assignment- Recent AMR guidelines	Short answers, Objective typeAssessment of assignment

VIII	2	4 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of HAI Documentation 	•	Lecture Demonstration Experiential learning	•	Knowledge assessment Checklist
IX	1	1 (E)	Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality improvement	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA CAPA Report writing 	•	Lecture Role-play Inquiry-Based Learning		 Knowledge assessment short answers, objective type
X	2	3	Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	•	Lecture Role play	•	Objective type
		3 (L/E)		Safety protocol5SRadiation safety	•	Lecture Demonstration/		Mock drillsPost tests

			 Laser safety Fire safety Types and classification of fire Fire alarms Firefighting equipment HAZMAT safety Types of spill Spillage management MSDS Environmental safety Risk assessment Aspect impact analysis Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster 	Experiential learning	• Checklist
XII	1	Explain importance of employee safety indicators	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination NSI prevention Fall prevention Radiation safety Annual health check 	LectureDiscussion	• Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type
XIII	1	Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	 Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff Needle stick injuries and prevention Post exposure prophylaxis 	 Lecture method Journal review 	• Short answer

*Experiential learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping and transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has



had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.

PHARMACOLOGY I & II

PLACEMENT: III & IV Semesters

THEORY

Pharmacology I (III Semester): 1 Credit (20 Hours) - Units I-VIII Pharmacology II (IV Semester): 2 Credits (40 Hours)- Units IX-XV

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, Pharmaco-kinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacokinetics and pharmacokinetics
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases
- 9. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders
- 10. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders
- 11. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders
- 12. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period
- 13. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders
- 14. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology
- 15. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine

	TIME			TEACHING	
UNIT NO.	(HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Ι	3	Describe Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs.	 Introduction to pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures <i>Pharmacodynamics:</i> Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance <i>Pharmacokinetics:</i> Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion Review-Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization Factors affecting dose, route etc Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs Rational Use of Drugs Principles of Therapeutics 	 Lecture cum Discussion Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of assignments
Π	1	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant & nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants Antiseptics and Disinfectants Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
Ш	2	Describe drugs acting on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on G.I system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

			 ulcer drugs Anti diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 		
IV	2	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
V	4	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Haematinics, & treatment of anemia Cholinergic and anti- cholinergic Adrenergic and antiadrenergics Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Anti anginals Antiarrhythmics Antihypertensives Coagulants & Anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

			Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VI	2	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	 Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid and anti thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vit. D3, calcium metabolism Calcium salts 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VII	1	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin- Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VIII	5	Explain drug therapy/chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitubercular drugs, Anti leprosy drugs Antimalarials Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

IX	4	Describe drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	 Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistaminics Topical applications for eye (Chloromphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerine, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
X	4	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XI	10	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics- Non steroidal anti- inflammatory(NSAID)drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Anti psychotics Mood stabilizers 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

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XII	5	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Antidepressants Anti Anxiety Drugs Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterones Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, adve	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XIII	3	Develop understanding	Drugs used for pregnant women	• Lecture cum	• Short answer
		about important drugs used for women before, during and after labour	 during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophyaxis Iron and Vit K₁ supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate 	 Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	• Objective type
XIV	10	Describe drugs used in deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization	 Miscellaneous Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

		& immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities	 IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning Activated charcoal Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs- Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants 		
XV	4	Demonstrate awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine.	 Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine: Ayurveda, homeopathy, unani and siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	 Lecture cum Discussion Observational visit 	 Short answer Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY	- 6 Credits (120 hours)
PRACTICAL- Lab/Skill lab	- 1 Credit (40 hours)
Clinical	- 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT	HRS.	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	• OSCE
II	11 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment	 Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay 	 Caring for patient intra operatively Submit a list of disinfectant s used for instruments with the action and precaution

		Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	 common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anaesthesia- types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects 		
III	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management	 Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Shock Pain 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion 	 Short answer MCQ Case report
IV	16 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory	 Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia 	 Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab 	 Essay Short Answer OSCE

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		illnesses	• Lung abscess		
			• Cyst and tumors		
			• Chest Injuries		
			• Acute respiratory		
			distress syndrome		
			 Pulmonary embolism 		
			• Health behaviours to prevent		
			respiratory illness		
V	15	Explain the etiology,	Nursing Management of		• Quiz
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with disorders of		
	5 (L)	manifestations,	digestive system		OSCE
		diagnostic tests, and	• Review of anatomy and		
		medical, surgical,	physiology of GI system	• Lecture,	
		nutritional, and nursing	 Nursing assessment – 	Discussion	
		management of	History and physical	 Demonstration, 	
		gastrointestinal disorders	assessment	Role play	
			 GI investigations 	Role playProblem Based	
		Demonstrate skill in			
		gastrointestinal	• Common GI disorders:	Learning	
		assessment	o Oral consists line anna	• Visit to stoma	
			 Oral cavity-lips, gums and teath 	clinic	
		Prepare patient for upper	and teeth		
		and lower	• GI - Bleeding,		
		gastrointestinal	Infections,		
		investigations	Inflammation, tumors,		
		investigations	Obstruction, Perforation		
			& Peritonitis		
			• Peptic & duodenal ulcer,		
			\circ Mal-absorption,		
			Appendicitis, Hernias		
			• Hemorrhoids, fissures,		
			Fistulas		
			• Pancreas- inflammation,		
		Demonstrate skill in	cysts, and tumors		
		gastric decompression,	• Liver-inflammation,		
		gavage, and stoma care	cysts, abscess, cirrhosis,		
		Demonstrate skill in	portal hypertension,		
		different feeding	hepatic failure, tumors		
		techniques	 Gall bladder- 		
			inflammation,		
			Cholelithiasis, tumors		
			<i>,</i>		
			• Gastric decompression,		
			gavage and stoma care,		
			different feeding techniques		
			 Alternative therapies, drugs 		
			used in treatment of		
			disorders of digestive system		
VI	15	Explain the etiology,	Nursing Management of		
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with cardiovascular		
	5(L)	manifestations,	problems		
	[J (L)	mannestations,	provienis		<u> </u>

VII 7 (T) 3 (L)	diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disordersDemonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessmentPrepare patient for 	 Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseasescoronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders - congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease - pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood, nursing assessment - history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders – clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemias, leukopenias, agranulocytosis Lymphomas, myelomas 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/ presentation BCLS Module Field visit to blood bank Counseling	 Care plan Drug record BLS/BCLS evaluation Interpretati on of blood reports Visit report
VIII 8 (T) 2 (L)	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	 patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine 	• Lecture, discussion,	• Prepare health education

		nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	 system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus 	 demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education 	on self- administrat ion of insulin • Submits a diabetic diet plan
ΙΧ	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	 Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	11 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for	 Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment- History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant 	 Lecture / Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

	1		I		<u>г</u>
		radiological and non-	tumour		
		radiological	• Orthopedic modalities: Cast,		
		investigations of	splint, traction, crutch		
		musculoskeletal system	walking		
			Musculoskeletal		
		Demonstrate skill in	inflammation: Bursitis,		
		crutch walking and	synovitis, arthritis		
		splinting	• Special therapies, alternative		
			therapies		
			• Metabolic bone disorder:		
			Osteoporosis, osteomalacia		
			and Paget's disease		
		Demonstrate skill in care	• Spinal column defects and		
		of patient with	deformities – tumor,		
		replacement surgeries	prolapsed intervertebral disc,		
		D 1 11	Pott's spine		
		Prepare and provide	Rehabilitation, prosthesis		
		health education on bone	Replacement surgeries		
VI	17	healing			
XI	17 (T)	Explain the etiology,	Nursing management of		
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with Communicable		
	3 (L)	manifestations,	diseases	T (D
		diagnostic tests, and	Overview of infectious	• Lecture,	• Prepares
		medical, surgical,	diseases, the infectious	discussion,	and
		nutritional, and nursing	process	demonstration	submits
		management of patients with communicable	Nursing Assessment –	• Practice session	protocol on
		diseases	History and Physical	• Case Discussion /	various
		diseases	assessment, Diagnostic tests	seminar	isolation
			Tuberculosis	• Health education	techniques
			• Diarrhoeal diseases,	 Drug Book/ 	•
			hepatitis A-E, Typhoid	presentation	
			Herpes, Chickenpox,		
			Smallpox, Measles, Mumps,	Refer TB control	
			Influenza	& Management	
			Meningitis	module	
			• Gas gangrene		
			• Leprosy		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Dengue, Plague, Malaria,		
		barrier and reverse	Chikungunya, swine flu,		
		barrier techniques	Filariasis		
			• Diphtheria, Pertussis,		
			Tetanus, Poliomyelitis		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Special infection control		
		execution of different	measures: Notification,		
		isolation protocols	Isolation, Quarantine,		
		r	Immunization,		
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CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) - 18 weeks x 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
General medical	4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in the Management of patients with Respiratory problems	 Intravenous therapy IV cannulation IV maintenance and monitoring Administration of IV medication Care of patient with Central line Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis Management patients with respiratory problems Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask Pulse oximetry Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Postural drainage Oropharyngeal suctioning Care of patient with chest drainage 	 Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation / Care note) - 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Care Study evaluation Care Note/ Clinical presentation
		Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality	 Diet Planning High Protein diet Diabetic diet Insulin administration Monitoring GRBS 		

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care / ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

Clinical D	Duration in	Learning	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit w		Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills		methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre and post- operative period Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro- intestinal Problems Develop skill in wound management	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing Colonoscopy ERCP Endoscopy Liver Biopsy Nasogastric aspiration Gastrostomy / Jejunostomy feeds Ileostomy / Colostomy care Surgical dressing Surgical soak Sitz bath Care of drain 	 Care study – 1, Care Note – 1 Health teaching Clinical Presentation / Care note) - 1 	 Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/ Clinical presentation

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical D	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit in	n	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
W	veeks				
Cardiology wards	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with cardiac problems Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	 Cardiac monitoring Recording and interpreting ECG Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation Administer cardiac drugs Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization CPR Collection of blood sample for Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Assisting for bone marrow aspiration Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose) Application / maintenance of sequential Compression device 	 Cardiac assessment – 1 Drug presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluation Drug presentati on

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system	Skin allergy testing		• Clinical evaluation

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation	U	• Care Note – 1	 Clinical evaluation Care note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	Myelogram / CT / MRI	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation,Care note

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

<u>A. Skill Lab</u> <u>Use of manikins and simulators</u>

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical area/unit	Duration in	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
	weeks		skills		
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	 Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minor operation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring 	 Assist as circulatory nurse - 5 Positioning & draping - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries - 5 	Clinical evaluation, OSCE

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC NURSING (with Health Assessment module)

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY	- 120 hours (6 Credits)
PRACTICUM - Lab/Skill lab	- 40 hours (1 Credit)
Clinical	- 480 hours (6 Credits)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical & Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	patient with disorders ofEar, Nose and Throat(Includes etiology,pathophysiology, clinicalmanifestations, diagnostic	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic 	 MCQ Short answers Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
Π	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical	 Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy physiology of the eye 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, 	MCQShort EssayOSCE

Ш 9(Т)	manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	 History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors Eyelids – infection, deformities Conjunctiva – inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea- inflammation and infection Lens- cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye banking, Eye donation 	 lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank 	Drug book
III 9(T) 4 (L)	 Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi 	 Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections- acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate - inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book & Field visit- Visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi

IV	5 (T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	 Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures – Phimosis, Epididymitis, and Orchitis Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception Male Breast Disorders - gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes 	 Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	• Short essay
V	8(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	Nursingmanagementofpatientwithburns,reconstructiveandcosmetic surgery••Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues•History,physical assessment,assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss•Burns•Reconstructive•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Reconstructive surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Legal and ethical aspects•Special therapies:•LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser,•Laser,•Liposuction, skin health•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•Surgery•	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	 OSCE Short notes
VI	16(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,		 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, 	 OSCE, short notes, Essay Drug book

diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	diagnostic tests tracheostomy
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VII	12 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of		
	4 (P)	etiology,	patients with	• Lecture,	
		pathophysiology,	Immunological problems	discussion	
		clinical	Review of Immune	Case Discussion	
		manifestations,	system	/ seminar	
		diagnostic tests,	• Nursing Assessment –	Refer Module on	
		and medical,	History and Physical	HIV/AIDS	
		surgical,	assessment	III V/AIDS	
		nutritional, and	• HIV & AIDS:		
		nursing	Epidemiology,		
		management of	Transmission, Prevention		
		immunological	of Transmission		
		disorders	• Role of Nurse;		
		 Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection Describe the national infection control programmes Describe the drug thermany 	 Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies, Infection control programs Rehabilitation 		
		drug therapy			
VIII	10(T)	for AIDS	Nursing management of		
VIII	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	 Nursing management of patient with Oncological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests. Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition Common malignancies of 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of chemotherapy preparation and administration, Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit, 	 OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counseling, health teaching

			various body system eye,		
			 ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment - Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy - Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer-anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger Palliative care Supportive care Uasming corp. 		
IX	15(T)	Explain the types,	• Hospice care Nursing management of	• Lecture and	• OSCE
	4(L)	policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	 patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster; Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness - Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies – Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning 	 discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ ATCN module Guided reading 	Case presentations and case study

X	8(T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 History and physical assessment Aging process and agerelated body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programmes for 	on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines • Lecture and discussion • Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired • Field visit to old age homes	 OSCE Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	12(T) 8(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	 elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment, and supplies, Special equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of ACLS, mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors Clinical practice in different ICUs 	Objective questions and short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on BLS/ACLS, monitoring of patients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care

			 Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families— Communication with patient and family End of life care 		
XII	5(T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/indus trial health disorders	 Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management 	 Lecture and discussion Industrial visit 	• Assignment on industrial health hazards

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult / geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency / disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 11. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 12. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 13. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 14. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 15. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 16. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 17. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 18. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders
- 19. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 20. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
ENT Ward & OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Auditometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment -1 Case study/Clinical presentation -1 Drug Book 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study / Clinical presentation Drug Book

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit	in		competencies/Clinica		methods
	weeks		l skills		
Ophthalmol ogy unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with Eye disorders	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures 	 Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/Clinical Presentation– 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation
		Educate the patients and their families	 Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmosco py, tonometry, Refraction tests Pre and post- operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with foreign body removal 		

III. Nursing Management of Patients with kidney and urinary system disorders A. Skill Lab

- Use of manikins and simulators
 Assessment-kidney & urinary system
 Preparation –dialysis
- Catheterization and care

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies-IVP etc Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests-Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc Catheterization -care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment - 1, Drug presentation - 1 Care study/Clinical presentation - 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation n

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessmen t methods
Burns unit/reconstru ctive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluati on, Care study/c ase report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards	3	Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological problems	 History taking; Neurological Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non- invasive diagnostic procedures Range of motion exercises, muscle strengthening Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients 	 Neuro- assessment –1 Case study/ case presentation- 1 Drug presentation -1 	 Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/ presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Isolation ward/Medic al ward		Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunologica 1 disorders	1	• Assessment of immune status	 Care note Quiz Health Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical area/unit	in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assess ment method s
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers – TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Hormonal therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	 Assessment – 1 Care study/clinical presentation -1 Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

- Use of manikins and simulators
 Assessment –primary and secondary survey
 Trauma care-bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical area/unit		Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirement	Assessment methods
Emergency room	2 week	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing 'triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	care	 Clinical evaluation Quiz

IX. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Critical Care Unit	weeks 2 Weeks	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker 	 Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentation

 ICU care bundle Management of the dying
patient in the ICU

X. Nursing Management of Patients with geriatric illness

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Geriatric ward	1 week	Develops kill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	• History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment 1 Functional status assessment - 1 	Clinical evaluationCare plan

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) **PRACTICUM:** 1credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and needs
- 4. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 5. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 6. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 7. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 8. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 9. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 10. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 11. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 12. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 13. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 14. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 15. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices
- 16. Analyze the current health care trends that are applicable to nursing education

COURSE OUTLINE THEORY & PRACTICAL (LAB)

UNIT	UNIT TIME (Hours)		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
	Т	Р			ACTIVITIES	
Ι	4	2	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	Introductionand theoretical foundations:Education and educational technology• Definition, aims• Approaches and scope of educational technology• Definition• Definition• Definition• Definition• Of philosophy, education and philosophy• Comparison• Comparison• Of educational philosophy• Comparison• Philosophy of nursing education• Definition of teaching & learning• Teaching learning process:• Definition of teaching & learning• Teaching learning as a process• Nature characteristics of teaching• Nature characteristics of learning• Characteristics comparison• Characteristics comparison• Principles of teaching earning• Nature characteristics comparison• Principles of learning earning• Characteristics of learning• Characteristics of earning• Characteristics of earning• Drinciples of learning earning• Characteristics of earning• Barriers to learning earning• Earning theories earning• Barriers to learning earning• Characteristics of earning• Barriers to learning earning• Characteristics of earning• Barriers to learning 	• Lecture cum discussion Group exercise: Preparation of comparison table for different educational philosophies	 Quiz Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories- analysis of any one
П	5	5	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty	 Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles-Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner 	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short Answer Objective type

			Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self- assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	 Types of learners Determinants of learning-learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors-personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum –definition, types Curriculum design-components, approaches Curriculum development- factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan 	Self- assessment exercise: • Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) • Lecture cum discussion Individual/gr oup exercise: • Writing learning outcomes • Preparation of a lesson plan	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual /Group
III	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management Describe different methods/ strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	 Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab: Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication Information communication technology (ICT)- ICT used in education Teaching methods: Features, advantages and disadvantages Lecture, Group 	 Lecture cum Discussion Practice teaching/ Micro teaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient 	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment of microteachi

			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	discussion, microteaching Skill lab- simulations, Demonstration & re demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions Role play, project Field trips Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning One- to- one instruction <i>Active learning strategies</i> Team based learning Problem based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming Inter professional education	•	teaching session Construction of game-puzzle Teaching in groups- interdisciplinar y		ng
Ι	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Compare the advantages of different clinical education models Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 Teaching in the clinical setting: Teaching methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Models of clinical education-traditional mode, collaborative model, preceptor model, integration of education and practice model, Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies- patient assignment- clinical conference, clinical presentation /bedside clinic, Case study/care 	•	Lecture cum discussion Debate: which clinical education model is the best? Writing clinical outcomes- assignments in pairs Written assignment on preceptorship	•	Short answer Assessment of written assignment

V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Educational/Teaching media • Lecture cum discussion • Short Answer Categorize the different is advantages and disadvantages • Media use Purpose, carding the discussion • Short Answer Develop skill in preparing and using media • Non projected -flawings disadvantages • Nearest disadvantages • Assessme nt of the different brocker, flyer • Preparation of different brocker, flyer • Preparation of different brocker, flyer • Preparation of different brocker, flyer • • • Assessme nt of the carding media brocker, flyer •		1	-	1	. 1 . 1		
V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Educational/Teaching media • Lecture cum discussion • Short Answer V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media • Media use- Purpose, and steps in the diagrams, charts, graphs, poster, graphs, poster, graphs, poster, graphs, poster, diagrams, charts, graphs, concescope, power point slices, or oriented marinish andout, tealting aides, or orehead projector • Preparation of the teaching aide graphs, printed marinish andout, tealting aide graphs, printed marinish andout, tealting aide graphs, or oriented marinish and diverses, or orient, slides, or orehead projector • Preparation of the teaching aide graphs, printed marinish andout, tealting aide graphs, or orient, slides, or orehead projector • Preparation of the teaching aide graphs, printed marinish andout, tealting aide graphs, or orient, slides, or relation and slight and models • Assessme in different teaching aide graphs, printed marinish and diverses, or relation andisfault and models • Preparation of the teaching ai					study, nursing rounds,		
V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media •							
V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Educational/Teaching media • Lecture cum discussion • Short Answer V 5 5 Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media • Media use - Purpose, and steps in the use of media • Media use - Purpose, and steps in the use of media • Media use - Purpose, and steps in the use of media • Objective • Objective 1 S Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages • Non projected-drawings diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, charts, graphs, posters, charts, graphs, charts, discussion cons, board devices (chalk/white board, board, file charts, flash cards, sill pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, tealetin alides, or overhead projector • Preparation of the teaching aids. flatent board, board, projector - film stripes, or overhead projector • Preparation of the teaching aids. flatent board, board, projector - film stripes, or overhead projector • Assessme 0 Video Isadi and models • Preparation of the teaching aids. Grave system • Assessme 0 Video Isadi and models • Real and models • Real and models • Assessme 0 • Object & Models • Aduito ads/multi and/multi							
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				videoconferencing Telephones-		
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VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment tests Develop skill in construction of different tests	 Assessment/Evaluation Methods/strategies Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types Barriers to evaluation Guidelines to develop assessment tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on 	 Short Answer Objective type
			Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	 Short answer questions (SAQ), Multiple choice questions (MCQ-single response & multiple response) 	constructing assessment tool/s	• Assessment of tool/s prepared
				 Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation- Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication-progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning- Interpretive questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		

VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance• Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles• Roles of academic advisor/faculty in guidance• Dofference between guidance and counseling• Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling• Counseling scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling• Counseling students• Roles counseling in nursing studentsDiscipline guidance guidance counseling• Role of students'	 Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
VIII	5	2	Recognize the importance of value- based education	grievance redressal cell/ committee Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in nursing education Ethics-Review • Definition of terms	• Value	
			Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students	 Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship 	 clarificatio n exercise Case study analysis (student encountere d scenarios) 	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis

		Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	 Evidence based teaching- Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education 	 and suggest ethical decision- making steps Lecture cum discussion 	• Quiz-MCQ
IX 2	2 2	Orient towards recent trends in nursing education	 Emerging trends in healthcare and nursing education Emerging trends in healthcare in India Trends in nursing education 	Analysis of NHP 2017- to identify policy influencing nursing education and write term paper	 Evaluation of term paper

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTERS

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours) PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 3 Credits (240 Hours)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (80 Hours) PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical -2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child- care
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents
- 4. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance
- 5. Participate in national immunization programs /Universal Immunization program (UIP)
- 6. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation
- 7. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI)
- 8. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with common childhood diseases
- 9. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)		CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I.	T10 L10	Explain the modern concept of child- care Describe National policy, programs & legislation in relation to child health & welfare Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy & Modern concept of child- care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare. National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children. Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital 	ACTIVITIES Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response	 care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health <i>Preventive pediatrics:</i> Concept Immunization Immunization programs and cold chain. Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics /Well- baby clinics Preventive measures towards accidents 		
		Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child.	 Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological Psychological Social Immunological 		
		Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child	 Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the child and family 		

	health nursing procedures	 Communication techniques for children Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement Application of restraints Assessment of pain in children. FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale Numerical scale 		
П. Т1	 Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children 	 The healthy child Definition and principles of growth and development. Factors affecting growth and development. Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The need of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children and infants. breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary / artificial feeding and weaning 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breast feeding Clinical practice/field 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports

III.	T15 L20	Provide care to normal and high- risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material Nursing care of neonate: Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn / essential newborn care. Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder. Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia, hyperthermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit	 Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self - evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion 	 OSCE Short answers Objective type
IV.	T10 L 05	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Neonatal equipment Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module • Clinical	• OSCE
V.	28	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, nervous and	 Nursing management in common childhood diseases. Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia Others: Acute naso- pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma 	 Clinical practice/field Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

endocrine system	Cardiovascular system:	
chuochine system	 Identification and Nursing 	
	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital 	
	malformations	
	 Congenital heart diseases: 	
	Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic	
	(ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)	
	 Others: - Rheumatic fever 	
	and Rheumatic heart disease,	
	Congestive cardiac failure	
	Hematological conditions: Organital: Hamophilia	
	a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia.	
	b) Others: Anemia,	
	Leukemia, Idiopathic	
	thrombocytopenic purpura,	
	Hodgkins and non-hodgkins	
	lymphoma	
	Gastro-intestinal system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital 	
	malformations.	
	 Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft 	
	• Congenital Cleft fip, Cleft palate, Congenital	
	hypertrophic pyloric	
	stenosis, Hirschsprungs	
	disease (Megacolon),	
	Anorectal malformation,	
	Malabsorption syndrome,	
	Abdominal wall defects,	
	Hernia	
	Others: Gastroenteritis,	
	Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein	
	energy malnutrition, Intestinal	
	obstruction, Hepatic diseases,	
	intestinal parasites	
	Genitourinary urinary system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	management of congenital	
	malformations.	
	• Congenital: Wilms tumor,	
	Extrophy of bladder,	
	Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis,	
	Obstructive uropathy	
	• Others: Nephrotic syndrome,	
	Acute glomerulo nephritis,	
	renal failure	
	Nervous system:	
	 Identification and Nursing 	
	- Identification and Purshig	

			 management of congenital malformations a) Congenital: Spinabifida, Hydrocephalous. b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury. Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo- thyroidism 		
VI	T5 L5	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Child health emergencies: Accidents -causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning NALS/PLS/PALS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 20 Hours PRACTICUM: Clinical: 80 Hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
NO.	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
VII	T110	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders	 Orthopedic disorders: Club foot Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and Atopic dermatitis 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases	Communicable diseases in children, their identification/diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention: • Tuberculosis • Diphtheria • Tetanus • Pertussis • Poliomyelitis		

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
			 CONTENT Measles Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever Management of behavior and social problems in children. Child Guidance clinic Common behavior disorders in children and management Enuresis and Encopresis Nervousness Nail biting Thumb sucking Temper tantrum Stealing Aggressiveness Juvenile delinquency School phobia Learning disability Psychiatric disorders in children and management Childhood depression Conversion reaction Posttraumatic stress 	LEARNING	
			 Posttraumatic stress disorder Autistic spectrum disorders Eating disorder in children and management Obesity Anorexia nervosa Bulimia Management of 		
			 challenged children. Mentally Physically Socially Child abuse, substance abuse Welfare services for challenged children in India 		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER & VI SEMESTER-80 Hours

V SEMESTER- 2 credits (160 Hours) VI SEMESTER- 1 Credit (80 Hours)

CLINICAL- 3 Credits (240 Hours) 8 weeks x 30 hours/week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children
- 6. Give health education/ nutritional education to parents
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem - 2 Weeks VI Sem- 1 Week	 Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders Counsel & educate parents 	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V. medicine/ fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents & Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 Health talk - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem- 2 Weeks VI Sem- 1 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	 Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Case study/ presentation - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Pediatric OPD/Im munizati on room	V Sem- 1 Week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health / Nutritional education 	 Growth and Developme ntal study: Infant -1 Toddler-1 Preschooler -1 Schooler-1 Adolescent-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem-1 Week	• Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator / warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies 	 Newborn assessment- 1 Nursing Care Plan-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record.

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			Recording & reporting		
			Cardiopulmonary		
			Resuscitation		
			(NALS,PLS,PALS)		

<u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

NALS, PLS/PALS, CPAP, Endotracheal suction

Pediatric nursing procedures:

- Administration of medication-oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding-NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

INTERNSHIP (INTEGRATED PRACTICE)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING – PRACTICAL

Placement: VIII Semester

Time: Internship – 4 weeks

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Assessment methods
Pediatric Medical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various medical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Pediatric Surgical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various surgical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	2	Provide Intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER (Theory: 100 Hours & Clinical: 240 Hours)

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours) PRACTICUM: Clinical: 3 Credits (240 Hours)

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 4 Credits (80 Hours) PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing
- 4. Apply the INC practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 12. Demonstrate skills in caring for patients with substance use disorders
- 13. Identify the needs of patients with personality and sexual disorders and provide appropriate care
- 14. Provide nursing care to patients with childhood and adolescent disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture cum Discussion	
II	10	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynami cs of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopatholo gy of mental disorders	 Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD & DSM Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho- social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission 	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality developmen t 	

		Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental health Nursing (INC standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model Interpersonal model 			
III	6	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	 Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests 	•	Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Practice session Clinical practice	
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	 Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse- patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window 	•	Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Role play Process recording Simulation (video)	

			• Therapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT, Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
VI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	 Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing process Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

VII	6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems
		etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and	of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders • Prevalence and incidence • classifications	 Decture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

	management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorder Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/Consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	tion • Clinical practice	
IX 6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing management patients with Substance use disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/eti ology of substance use disorder (Terminologies - Substance Use, Abuse, tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic 	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

		 criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment-History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for Vulnerable population Follow-up and home 		
X 6	• Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic criteria and manageme nt of patients with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders	rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with Personality and Sexual disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Classification of disorders • Etiology, psycho- pathology, characteristics, diagnosis • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

	2		 and Eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
XI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing management of Behavioural & Emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorder, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussi on Case discussi on Case presenta tion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 1credit (20 Hours) PRACTICAL: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders
- 2. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies
- 3. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision
- 4. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017
- 5. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS	
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing management of organic brain disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis • Nursing Assessment- History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment • Treatment modalities and	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentatio n Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient manageme nt problems 	

			 nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
XIII	6	• Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (Attempted suicide, violence/aggressi on, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process -Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model -Coping enhancement -Techniques of counseling 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentatio n Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type
XI V	4	• Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	 Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion 	 Short answers Objective type

 Deinstitutionaliz ation Model of Preventive
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• Mental Health
Services
available at the
primary,
secondary,
tertiary levels
including
rehabilitation
and nurses'
responsibilities
• Mental Health
Agencies:
Government and
voluntary,
National and
International
• Mental health
nursing issues
for special
populations:
Children,
Adolescene,
Women Elderly,
Victims of
violence and
abuse,
Handicapped,
HIV/AIDS etc.

CLINICAL PRACTICUM- MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II

SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II-PRACTICAL: 3 Credits (240 Hours) - 35 hrs 7 weeks

(MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I – 2 Credits (160 Hours) & MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II – 1 Credit (80 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psycho-education
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in dead diction centre

Areas	Duration	Learning	Skills/Procedural	Clinical	Assessments
	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies	requirements	Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psycho-education Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho- education 	 History taking and Mental status examination-2 Health education-1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assesss each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for 	 Case work-1 Observation report of different therapies-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Inpatient ward	4	 families and significant others Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in 	 Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric assessment Recording therapeutic communication Herefore 	the observation reportGive care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders• Assess performance with rating scale• Assess performance with rating scale• Assess each skill with checklist• Assess each skill with checklist• Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical
		various therapies • Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	medications • N	Maintain drug pook
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in 	 Case work-1 Dbservation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

INTERNSHIP

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry ward	4 weeks	 Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems Carry out Specific Nursing interventions for the clients with different mental disorders 	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: V Semester THEORY: 3credits (60 hours) PRACTICUM: 2 credits (80 hours) Lab: 10 hours Clinical: 70 hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement

THEORY: 60 Hours (3 Credits)

	TI	ME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
UNIT	(Ho	ours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
UI	Т	Р	OUTCOMES		ACTIVITIES	
I	1		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	 Health care and development of nursing services in India Current health care delivery system of India-review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 Short answer type Assessment of assignment
	2		Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	 Management basics applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controllin 	• Lecture & Discussion	 MCQ Short answer type

				MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
III	4		Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning nursing services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning Strategic planning: Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting- concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster 	 Lecture & Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	 Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment of problem- solving exercises Visit Report
IV	4	2	Discuss the concepts of organizing including hospital organization	 Organizing Organizing as a process- assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital –types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment
V	8	2	Identify the significance of human resource management (HPM) and	Staffing (Human resource management)resource• Definition, objectives, components and functions	• Lecture & Discussion, role	• Formulate Job description at
			(HRM) and material	<i>Staffing & Scheduling</i>Staffing-Philosophy,	play	different levels of care &

management and discuss its elements elements steps of material management Develop managerial skill skill in inventory control and actively participate process	 staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units- Projecting staffing requirements /calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-service education Nature and scope of inservice education program Principles of adult learning-review Planning and organizing inservice educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report 	 Games self- assessment, Case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward Visit to inventory store of the institution 	 compare with existing system Preparation of duty roster Preparation of MMF/recor ds Preparation of log book & condemnati on documents Visit Report
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VI	5	6	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	 Directing and leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management 	 Lecture & Discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments 	 Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4		Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles-Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/ preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report
VIII	3		Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation-records and reports Total quality management-Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal 	 Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/protocols for nursing units/department 	• Assessment of prepared protocols

IX	3	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	 Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis Organizational behavior and human relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review: Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review: Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace-assertive communication Committees- importance in the organization, functioning 	 Lecture & Discussion Role play/exercise- Group dynamics & human relations 	 Short answer OSCE
X	2	Describe the financial management related to nursing services	SFinancial management• Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management• Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)• Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for: Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units• Budget and Budgetary process• Financial audit	review	 Short answer type Essay Assessment of assignment

XI 1 Review the Nursing • Review •	• Short answer
concepts, informatics/Information • Practice session	type
principles and management - Review • Visit to	v 1
methods and • Patient records departments	
use of nursing • Nursing records	
informatics • Use of computers in	
hospital, college and	
community	
Telemedicine & Tele	
nursing	
Electronic Medical Records (T) (D) FUD	
(EMR), EHR	
XII 1 Review Personal Management-review • Review	
personal • Emotional intelligence • Discussion	
management in • Resilience building	
terms of • Stress and time	
management of management-de stressing	
emotions, stress • Career planning	
and resilience	
MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EUCATIONAL INSTITUTION	DNS
XIII 4 Describe the Establishment of nursing • Lecture & •	• Visit report
process of educational institutions discussion	· inter-perio
establishing • Indian Nursing Council • Visit to one of the	
educational norms and guidelines- regulatory bodies	
institutions and Faculty norms, physical	
its accreditation facilities, clinical facilities,	
guidelines curriculum implementation,	
and evaluation/examination	
guidelines	
regulatory bodies- INC and	
State Nursing Council	
Accreditation-Inspections	
Affiliation with	
Affiliation with university/State council/	
Affiliation with university/State council/ board of examinations	
Mathematical Structures • Affiliation with university/State council/ board of examinations XIV 4 Explain the Planning and organizing	
XIV 4 Explain the planning and organizing planning and • Philosophy, objectives and • Directed reading- •	 Short answer
XIV 4 Explain organizing the planning organizing Planning and organizing mission of the college • Directed reading- INC Curriculum •	Г
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning organizing functions• Planning and organizing mission of the college • Organization structure of• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation• Organizing • Organization	• Essay
XIV 4 Explain the planning and organizing organizing • Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations • Directed reading-INC Curriculum •	• Essay
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning organizing functions• Planning and organizing mission of the college • Organization structure of• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation• Organizing • Organization	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinations• Organizing INC Curriculum• Organization structure of school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum• Organization structure of organizational	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organizing • Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college • Organization structure of school/college • Review: Curriculum • Review: Curriculum • planning• Directed reading- • Directed reading- • Organization at structure of structure of the college	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organizing mission of the college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation school/college• Directed reading- • Organization structure of school/college• Directed reading- • NC Curriculum • Preparation structure of the collegeImage: the structure of the planning • Planning• Planning • Planning • Planning• Written assignment-	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing collegePlanning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation organizational structure of the planning• Directed reading- • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Organization • Preparation • Organizational structure of • Planning • Planning <br< th=""><th>EssayAssessment of</th></br<>	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing college• Planning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation structure of school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation structure of organizational structure of the collegeImage: Note that the structure of the college planning• Planning teaching and planning• Written assignment- writing philosophy of a teaching	EssayAssessment of
XIV4Explain planning functions• Affiliation university/State board of examinationswith university/State council/ board of examinationsXIV4Explain planning functions of a nursing collegePlanning and organization school/college• Directed reading- INC Curriculum • Preparation organizational structure of the planning• Directed reading- • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Directed • Organization • Preparation • Organizational structure of • Planning • Planning <br< th=""><th>EssayAssessment of</th></br<>	EssayAssessment of

			 staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities- college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences 	table and clinical rotation	
XV	4	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	recruitment and placement, job description	 Guided reading on faculty norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activity report Assessment of job description
XVI	4	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	implementation and	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment- Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment and record
XVII	4	Identify	Review: Legal and Ethical issue	1	
		various legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice	• Nursing as a profession:	nal	

				 Regulatory bodies –INC and SNC constitution and functions <i>Review: Professional ethics</i> Code of ethics and professional conduct-INC & ICN Practice standards for nursing-INC International Council for Nurses (ICN) Legal aspects in nursing: Consumer protection act, patient rights Legal terms related to practice, legal system-types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice-negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties, Invasion of privacy, defamation of character Nursing regulatory mechanisms-registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practice in practice practice act, regulation for nurse practice 		
XVIII	2		Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	 Professional advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations-national and international Participation in research activities Publications-journals, newspaper 	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article- research/clinical 	• Assessment of assignments
		70 hrs			Clinical posting- Management experience in hospital/college	

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PRACTICUM: 80 hrs (Lab-10 and clinical-70 hrs)

Practice competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/ students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/ materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings-incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE-end of posting

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY - 2 Credits (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM - 1 credit (80 Hours) Lab: 30hrs Clinical project-50hrs

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

UNIT	TIME (HRS)		LEARNING OUTCOMS	CONTENT	CONTENT TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	
Ι	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain thesteps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Introduction and needfor nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of goodresearch Steps of Research process- overview Evidence Based Practice: Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers 	 Identify research priorities on a given area/specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	 Short answer Objective type
Π	2	6	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	 Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a goodresearch problem. Writing objectives and hypotheses 	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulation of research questions/objecti ves/hypothesis
Π	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review 	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented

IV	4		Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	Short answerObjective type
V	6	4	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments- Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection 	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	 Short answer /Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	4	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	 procedure Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data 	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables. 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data

VII	12		Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data. Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation.	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	 Short answer Objective type Computation of descriptive statistics
VIII	4	4 50hrs (Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research • Communication offesearch findings • Verbal report • Writing research report • Writing scientific article/paper • Critical review of published research including publication ethics • Utilization of research findings • Conducting group research project	 Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of asample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project.

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HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 1.5 Credits (30 Hours) PRACTICAL: Lab- 0.5 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics- led health care services.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing superior healthcare
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using EHR system in clinical practice
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of NIS system in nursing
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

UNIT	UNIT TIME (Hrs)		LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT	
	(Hrs) T	Р	OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	METHODS	
Ι	10	10	Describe the importance computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice • Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point • Internet • Literature search • Statistical packages • Hospital management information system	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems 	 (T) Short answers Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments (P) Assessment of skills using checklist 	
II	3	2	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics- needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	 Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type Assessment of report 	
III	2	2	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	 Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type 	
IV	2	2	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type 	

			trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	 computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 	•	Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	 (P) Assessment of skills using checklist
V	2		Describe the advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Patient Safety & Clinical Risk Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process 	•	Lecture Discussion	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
VI	2	2	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision- making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	2		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	 eHealth: Patients and the Internet Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Essay Short answers Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	2	Describe the functions of nursing information system	Using Information in Healthcare Management • Components of	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on	(T)EssayShort

IX	2	 Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues 	 Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of healthcare organizations Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary 	 simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making Lecture Discussion Case discussion/role play 	 answers Objective type (T) Essay Short answers Objective type (P)
		related to nursing informatics	 clinical practice Ethical- legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing 		• OSCE
X	2	Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	 Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards 	 Lecture Discussion Case study 	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data
- Conducting literature review

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in Total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedure

UNIT	TIME (Hrs)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	3	Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence	 Forensic science Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic science laboratory Violence Definition Epidemiology Source of data Sexual abuse-child and 	 Lecture cum discussion Visit to regional/state forensic science laboratory 	 Quiz-MCQ Write visit report
II	2	Explain concepts of forensic nursing and scope of practice for forensic nurse	 women Forensic nursing Definition History and development Scope - setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties Ethical issues Roles and responsibilities of nurse INC & SNC Acts 	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Objective type
III	7	Identify members of forensic team and describe role of forensic nurse	 INC & SNC Acts Forensic team Members and their roles Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family Physical aspects Psychosocial aspects Cultural and spiritual aspects Legal aspects Legal aspects Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence Responsibilities of 	 Lecture cum Discussion Hypothetical/real case presentation Observation of post- mortem 	 Objective type Short answer

			 Evidence preservation- role of nurses Observation Recognition Collection Preservation Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination 	•	Visit to department of forensic medicine	•	Write report
IV	3	Describe fundamental rights and human rights commission	Introduction of Indian constitution Fundamental rights • Rights of victim • Rights of accused Human rights commission	•	Lecture cum discussion Written Assignment Visit to prison	•	Short answer Assessment of written assignment Write visit report
V	5	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law- making powers Overview of Indian judicial system • JFMC • District • State • Apex Civil and criminal case procedures • IPC • ICPC • IE Act	•	Lecture cum discussion Guided reading	•	Quiz Short answer
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act	•	Lecture cum discussion		

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -I INCLUDING EPIDEMIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

PRACTICUM:

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 2. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- **3.** Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- **4.** Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 5. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- **6.** Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 7. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 8. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- **9.** Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non- communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- **10.** Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 11. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- **12.** Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)
- **13.** Explain population control & its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size

	COURSE OUTLINE							
UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS			
Ι	7 T	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	Communityhealthnursingapproaches,concepts,rolesandresponsibilitiesofcommunityhealthnursing personnel•Approaches:•Nursing process•Epidemiologicalapproach••Problemsolvingapproach•Evidencebasedapproach•Empowering people tocare for themselves•Review•PrimaryhealthcareandComprehensivePrimaryHealthConcept,Principles,Process,&Techniques:BagtechniqueQualitiesofCommunityHealthNurse•Rolesandresponsibilitiesofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnelinfamily healthserview:Principles &techniquesofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnelinfamily healthserview:Principles &techniquesofcounseling	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answers Essays Assessment of supervised field practice 			
Π	10 T	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individualsand familiesfamiliestopromoteandmaintaintheirhealthA.A.Assessmentofindividualsandfamilies(Reviewfromchildhelathnursing,Medicalsurgicalnursingand	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answers Essay type Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area 			

	OPC Nurging)	
care home/health centers (H	ealth examination oved (BSE) and and testicles self	• Assessment of procedural skills in lab procedures
Develop skil	 Warning Signs of various diseases Tests:Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin B. Provision of health services/ primary health care: 	• Evaluation of records and reports
Develop skil maintenance records and rep	of portsImmunization, counseling, and diagnosisDocument and maintain:• Management of common diseases at home and health centre level oCare based on standingHealth center records	• Evaluation of field visit reports
Develop begin skills in han social is affecting the h and develop of the family	ningorders/protocolsdlingapproved byssuesMOH&FWealthoDrugs dispensing and	

	diseases/ disabilities		
Identify and and		- 11-14	
Identify and assist		• Field visits	
the families to	procedures as		
utilize the	prescribed/required for		
community	client and family		
resources			
appropriately	E. Maintenance of health		
	records and reports		
	• Maintenance of client		
	records		
	• Maintenance of health		
	records at the facility		
	level		
	 Report writing and 		
	documentation of		
	activities carried out		
	during home visits, in		
	the clinics/centers and		
	field visits		
	<i>F. Sensitize and handle</i>		
	social issues affecting		
	health and development of		
	the family		
	• Women empowerment		
	• Women and child		
	abuse		
	• Abuse of elders		
	• Female foeticide		
	Commercial sex		
	workers		
	• Substance abuse		
	G. Utilize community		
	resources for client and		
	family		
	Trauma services		
	 Old age homes 		
	Orphanages		
	Homes for physically		
	1,0,0,0		
	challenged individuals		
	• Homes for destitute		
	• Palliative care centres		
	• Hospice care centres		
	Assisted living facility		

Π	10 T	Describe concepts, approaches methods epidemiology	the and of an of	IntroductiontoEpidemiology-EpidemiologicalApproaches,andProcesses•Epidemiology- ConceptConceptandDefinition•Distribution•Distributionandfrequency of disease•Aims& usesofepidemiology•Epidemiological models of causation of disease•Concepts•Concepts ofdisease•Concepts•Modesof transmission-Direct, Indirect and chain of infection•Time trends•Time trends•Epidemiological approaches- Descriptive, analytical and experimental•Principles•Principles•Principles•Principles•Principles•prevention of disease	•	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Field visits- communicable disease hospital & Entomology office	•	Short answers Essay type Report on visit to communica ble disease hospital Report on visit to entomology office Report and presentation on Investigatin g an epidemic of
IV	15 T	Explain epidemiology specific communicable diseases	the of	measures/ levels of		 Lecture Discussion, Demonstration 	•	g an
		Describe	the	following headlines)		 Role play Suggested field	•	of family

various method prevention, co and managen of communid diseases and role of nurse screening, diagnosing, primary management referral to a hu facility	and and an analysis of the sector born diseases for the sector born diseases and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, sector born diseases born diseases and diseases and diagnosing the sector born diseases and diseases	visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 case study OSCE assessment Short answers Essay type
	 up Leprosy Tuberculosis Vaccine preventable diseases-Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and measles Enteric fever Viral hepatitis HIV/AIDS/RTI infections- HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/Reproductive 		

	tract infectio	ns
	(STIs/R TIs)	
	o Diarrhoea	
Identify	the o Respiratory tra	act
relevant	national infections	
health prog	grammes o Helminthic –soil	&
and expl	e	
role of n		
implement	-	nd
these progr	3 . Communical	
	diseases: Zoono	
	diseases	
	1 80	of
	Zoonotic diseases	
	Prevention & contr	ol
	measures	
	• Screening a	nd
		he
	following condition	
	primary	
	management,	
	referral and follo	NW/
		,,,,
	• up • Rabies: Identif	R.
	suspect, prima	-
	e	nd
	referral to a heal	th
	facility	
	• Role of a nurses	in
	control	of
	communicable	
	diseases	
	National Heal	th
	Programmes	
	1. UIP-Universal	
	Immunization	
	Programme	
	(Diphtheria,	ь
	Whooping coug	
	Tetanus, Poliomyelit	
	Measles and Hepati	tis
	B)	
	2. National Lepro	sy
	Eradication	
	Programme (NLEP)	
	3. Revised Nation	ıal
	Tuberculosis Contr	

			Programme (RNTCP)4. Integrated Disease Surveillence	
			Programmme (IDSP)- Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory	
			infections and Scabies 5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO)	
			6. National Vector Borne Disease Control	
			Programme 7. National Air Quality Monitoring	
			Programme 8. Any other newly added programmes	
V	15 T	Describe the	Non- Communicable • Lecture,	• Field visit
		national health	diseases and National • Discussion,	reports
		programmes for the control of non-	Health• Demonstrationprogrammes(NCD)• Role play	• Assessment of family
		communicable	 • National response to • Role play • Suggested field visits 	case study
		diseases and the	NCDs Field practice	5
		role of nurses in	(Every disease will be Assessment of clients	
		screening,	dealt under the following with non-	
		identification primary	headlinesEpidemiology of	• OSCE
		management and	Epidemiology of specific diseases	assessment
		referral to a health	 Prevention and 	• Short
		facility	control measures	answers
			• Screening,	• Essay type
			diagnosing/	
			identification and	
			primary	
			management, referral and follow	
			up care	
			NCD-1	
			 Diabetes Mellitus 	
			• Hypertension	
			• Cardiovascular	
			diseases • Stroke & Obesity	
			 Blindness-Categories 	
			of visual impairement	
			and national	
			programme for control	
			of blindness • Deafness- national	
			• Deafness- national	

		nuo quommo form		
		programme for		
		prevention and control of deafness		
		• Thyroid diseases		
		• Injury and accidents-		
		Risk factors for Road		
		traffic injuries and		
		operational guidelines		
		for trauma care facility		
		on highways		
		NCD-2 Cancers		
		 Cervical Cancer 		
		• Breast Cancer		
		• Oral cancer		
		• Epidemiology of		
		specific cancers, Risk	1	
		factors/Causes,	health programmes	
		Prevention, Screening,		
		diagnosis- signs, Signs		
		& symptoms, and		
		early management &		
		referral		
		• Palliative care		
		• Role of a nurse in non-		
		communicable disease		
		control programme National Health		
		National Health Programmes		
		National programme		
		for prevention and		
		control of cancer,		
		Diabetes,		
		Cardiovascular		
		Diseases and Stroke		
		(NPCDCS)		
		• National programme		
		for control of		
		blindness		
		• National programme		
		for prevention and		
		control of deafness		
1		• National tobacco		
		control programme		
		control programme		
		• Standard treatment		
		• Standard treatment protocols used in		
		• Standard treatment protocols used in National Health		
VI 10 T	Explain nurses'	• Standard treatment protocols used in		

1 • • 1 • • • •	1.4		
role in identifying,	conditions and	T .	C1
primary	emergencies including	• Lecture,	• Short
management and	first aid	• Discussion,	answers
referral of clients	• Standing orders:	• Demonstration	• Essay type
with common	Definition, uses	• Role play	• Field visit
disorders/	Screening,	 Suggested field visits 	reports
conditions and	diagnosing/identification,	Field practice	
emergencies	primary care and	• Assessment of clients	• OSCE
including first aid	referral of	with common	assessment
	Gastrointestinal system:	conditions and provide	
	• Abdominal pain	referral	
	\circ Nausea and vomiting		
	• Diarrhea		
	• Constipation		
	• Jaundice		
	• GI bleeding		
	• Abdominal distension		
	• Dysphagia and		
	dyspepsia		
	\circ Aphthous ulcers		
	Respiratory System:		
	• Acute upper		
	respiratory infections-		
	Rhinitis, Sinusitis,		
	Pharyngitis,		
	Laryngitis, TonsillitisAcute lower		
	• Acute lower respiratory infections-		
	 Bronchitis, pneumonia 		
	and bronchial asthma		
	 Hemoptysis, Acute 		
	chest pain		
	Heart & Blood		
	• Common heart		
	diseases- Heart		
	attack/coronary artery		
	disease, heart failure,		
	arrhythmia		
	o Blood-anemia, blood		
	cancers, bleeding		
	disorders		
	Eye & ENT conditions		
	Eye-local infections,		
	redness of eye,		
	conjunctivitis, stye,		
	trachoma and refractive		
	errors		
	ENT-Epistaxis, ASOM,		
	sore throat, deafness		
	Urinary system		
	Eye-local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors ENT-Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness		

		Urinary tract infections- cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions - Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies		
VII 20 T	Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and child care, including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings	v 8/	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health 	 Short answers Essay type OSCE assessment

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	records and reports	
	Intra natal care	
	• Normal labour-	
	process, onset, stages	
	of labour	
	• Monitoring and active	
	management of	
	different stages of	
	labour	
	• Care of women after	
	labour	
Promote	• Early identification,	
adolescent health	primary management,	
adolescent health	referral and follow up-	
	preterm labour, fetal	
	distress, prolonged and	
	obstructed labour,	G
	vaginal & perennial	• Screen,
	tears, ruptured uterus	manage and
	• Care of newborn	refer
	immediately after birth	adolescents
	• Maintenance of	• Counsel
	records and reports	adolescents
	 Use of Safe child birth 	
	check list	
	• SBA module-Review	
	• Organization of labour	
	room	
	Postpartum care	
	Objectives, Postnatal	
	visits, care of mother	
	and baby, breast	
	feeding, diet during	
	lactation, and health	
	counseling	
	• Early identification,	
	primary management,	
	referral and follow up	
	of complications,	
	Danger signs-	
	postpartum	
	hemorrhage, shock,	
	puerperal sepsis, breast	
	conditions, post	
	· 1	
	partum depression	
	• Postpartum visit by	
	health care provider	
	Newborn and child care	
	<i>Review:</i> Essential	

newborn care
• Management of
common neonatal
problems
• Management of
common child health
problems: Pneumonia,
Diarrhoea, Sepsis,
screening for
congenital anomalies
and referral
• <i>Review:</i> IMNCI
Module
Under five clinics
Adolescent Health
Common health
problems and risk
factors in adolescent
girls and boys Common
Gynecological
conditions-
dysmenoorhea,
Premenstrual Sundrome (DMS)
Syndrome (PMS), Vacinal discharge
Vaginal discharge, Magitia Braget lumm
Mastitis, Breast lump,
pelvic pain, pelvic
organ prolapse
• Teenage pregnancy,
awareness about legal
age of marriage,
nutritional status of
adolescents National
Menstrual Hygiene
scheme
Counseling for parents
and
teen agers
National programmes
• RMNCH +A
Approach- Aims,
Health systems
strengthening,
RMNCH+A strategies,
Interventions across
life stages, programme
management,
monitoring and

VIII	4 T	Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse	 evaluation systems Universal Immunization Programme as per Government of India guidelines-Review Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) -adolscents Other new programmes School Health Services Objectives Health problems of school children Components of school health services Maintenance of school health records Initiation and planning of school health services Role of a school health nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of health counseling to school children Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children OSCE assessment
ΙΧ	3 T	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics-demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, The causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics- Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type

			 Morbidity and mortality indicators: Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and 		
			mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India		
			• Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data		
			<i>Review-</i> Common sampling techniques- random and nonrandom techniques		
			Disaggregation of data		
X	6 T	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social	PopulationanditsControl• PopulationExplosion	LectureDiscussion	• Short answers
		and economic development of India	and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and	• Demonstration	 Essay type
		Describe the various methods of population control	 country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational 		• OSCE assessment
			 Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual 		• Counseling on family planning

 health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh)
 Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL POSTINGS: 4 Weeks x 40 hours/week

	Total hours: 160 hours							
CLINICAL AREA/UNIT		LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS			
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases	 Investigating an epidemic - Community health survey 	• Community health survey to investigate an epidemic-1				
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients	• Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	 Health assessment of woman-1, infant/under five-1, adolescent-1, adult-1 Growth monitoring of under- five children- 1 	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University) 			
		Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Participate in school health programme Counsel and educate	 Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high- risk clients to FRUs Assessment 	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communicable disease- 1 • Non- communicable diseases- 1 • Dental problems- 1 • Eye problems- 1 • Ear, nose, and throat problems- 1 • High risk pregnant				
		individual, family and community	Assessment (physical & nutritional) of	woman- 1High risk				

· · · · · ·	
Provide family welfare services Participate in implementation on national health programmes Maintain records reports	 Health intrapartum-1, counselling to postnatal-1 and study
	 Participation in National Health Programmes Documentation skills Documentation skills Health counseling for Adult with Communicable diseases/NCD-1 Adolescent Group health Education - 1 (Rural/Urban) Family planning counselling- 1 Insertion of IUCD-1 Removal of IUCD-1

	•	study- 1 (Rural/Urban)	
	•	maintain: Individual record Family record Health center record	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 14. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes
- 15. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 16. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 17. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 18. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 19. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 20. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 21. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 22. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 23. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 24. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 25. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	4	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes	 Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programmes Role of a nurse in occupational health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Clinical performance evaluation
Π	5	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National programme for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programmes/ Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report on elderly home Essay type Short answers

III	4 hours	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders <i>Review:</i> Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction programme National Mental Health Programme National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	•	Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits, Field practice	•	Essay type Short answers Counseling report
IV	4 hours	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	 Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues <i>Review:</i> Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice Group project on community diagnosis-data management	•	Group project report Essay type Short answers
V	5 hours	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and	 Delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC 	•	Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care	•	Essay type Short answers Filed visit reports

VII8Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the• Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services• Lecture,VII8Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the• Lecture, edership, Supervision and Monitoring • Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN,• Lecture, • Discussion Demonstrati • Role play • Suggested fi visits	field
 the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs Roles and responsibilities of Mid -Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Roles and responsibilities of Mid -Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC) : objectives, 	ASHA, AWWs eld • Participation in

г – г		
	<i>Review</i> : Leadership &	
	supervision-concepts,	
	principles & methods	
	• Leadership in health:	
	leadership approaches in	
	healthcare setting, taking	
	control of health of	
	community and	
	organizing health camps,	
	village clinics	
	Training, Supportive	
	supervision and	
	monitoring-concepts,	
	principles and process Eg.	
	performance of frontline	
	health workers	
	Financial Management	
	and Accounting &	
	Computing at Health	
	Centers (SC)	
	• Activities for which funds	
	are received	
	• Accounting and book	
	keeping requirements-	
	accounting principles &	
	policies, book of accounts	
	to be maintained, basic	
	accounting entries,	
	accounting process,	
	payments & expenditure,	
	fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization	
)	
	certificate (UC) reporting	
	Preparing a budgetAudit	
	• Audit Records & Reports:	
	_	
	• Concepts of records and reports-importance, legal	
	implications, purposes,	
	use of records, principles	
	of record writing, filing of	
	records	
	• Types of records-	
	community related	
	records, registers,	
	guidelines for maintaining	
	 Report writing- 	
	purposes, documentation	
	of activities, types of	
	reports	

			 Medical Records Department- functions, filing and retention of medical records Electronic Medical Records (EMR)- capabilities and 				
			 components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of EHR Nurses' responsibility in 				
			record keeping and				
VII	4 hours	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 reporting Disaster Management Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	•	Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer-Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster /INC – Reaching out in emergencies	•	
VIII	3 hours	Describe the importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review) 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site	•	Field visit report
IX	3 hours	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	 Health agencies International WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commision, Red cross, USAID, UNESCO, 	•	Lecture Discussion Field visits	•	Essay type Short answers

ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other		
cross, Indian Council		
for Child Welfare,		
Family Planning		
Association of India,		
Tuberculosis		
Association of India,		
Central Social Welfare		
Board, All India		
Women's Conference,		
Blind Association of		
India, any other		
Voluntary Health		
Association of		
India(VHA)		
	 JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of 	JHPIEGO, any other • National: Indian Red cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL POSTINGS

2 Weeks x 40 hrs/week

Г	Cotal hours:	80 hours			
CLINICAL AREA		LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban Rural	1week 1 Week	• Participate in community diagnosis -data management	• Participation in Community diagnosis-data management	Group project: Community diagnosis-data management	• Assignment
		 Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy Screen, assess and manage elderly with 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems Mental health screening Health assessment of elderly Writing health center activity report Organizing and 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems-1 Mental health screening survey- 1 Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly- 1 write report on health center activities- 1 	 Assignment evaluation Field visit report Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University)
		health problems and refer appropriatelyParticipate in	conducting clinics/campParticipation in	 Organizing and conducting: Antenatal/underfive clinic/Health camp- 1 	
		health centre activities	disaster mock drills	• Participation in disaster mock drills	
		• Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		 Field visit to bio- medical waste management site Visit to AYUSH 	
		• Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		clinic	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- I

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY	: 2 Credits (40 Hours)
PRACTICUM	:
Skill lab	: 1 Credit (40 Hours)
Clinical	: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the program, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery/obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception
- 5. Describe and apply the physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful maternity care for the women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Conduct normal deliveries and provide essential newborn care
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for women and their families

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING /	ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
I	T- 4	Identify the trends and issues in midwifery	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Midwifery in India- Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India, National health programs related to RMNCH Current trends in midwifery and gynecology nursing: Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) Midwife led care units (MLCU) Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth Essential competencies for basic midwifery practice (ICM) Universal rights of childbearing women Sexual and reproductive health and rights Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India: INC/MOH&FW regulations Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care Adoption laws, MTP act, PreNatal Diagnostic Test (PNDT)Act, Surrogate mothers Roles And responsibilities of a midwife in different settings (hospital / community) 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answers Objective type Essay Quiz

COURSE OUTLINE

II	T- 4		Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	•	Lecture	•	Quiz
	L- 4	Describe /	physiology:	•	Discussion	•	Simulation
		Review the	Anatomy and physiology of	•	Self-	•	Short
		anatomy and	human reproductive system		directed		answers
		physiology of	and conception		learning	•	OSCE
		human	Review:	٠	Models		
		reproductive	• Female organs of	•	Videos &		
		system	reproduction		films		
			• Female pelvis –bones, joints,				
			ligaments, planes, diameters,				
			landmarks, inclination,				
			variations in pelvis shape				
			• Foetal skull- bones, sutures,				
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding				
			 Fetopelvic relationship 				
			 Physiology of menstrual 				
			cycle, menstrual hygiene				
			• Fertilization, conception				
			and implantation				
			Embryological development				
			Placental development				
			Placental function: blood				
			brain barrier • Eatal growth and dovelopment				
			• Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & Fetal				
			nutrition				
III	T - 10		Assessment and management	•	Lecture		
		Provide	of normal pregnancy(ante-	٠	Discussion	•	Short answers
	C - 40	preconception	natal)	٠	Demonstration	•	Objective
		care to eligible	Pre pregnancy Care	٠	Health talk		type
		couples	 Review of sexual development (Self Learning) 	٠	Role play	•	Assessment
		Decerite e the	 Socio-cultural aspects of 	•	Counselin		of skills with
		Describe the physiology,	human sexuality (Self		g session		check list
		assessment and	Learning)	٠	Case	•	Case study
		management of	Preconception care		discussion/		evaluation OSCE
		normal	 Pre-conception counseling (including awareness 		presentation	•	USCE
		pregnancy	regarding normal births),	•	Simulation		
		including pre	Genetic counseling (Self	•	Supervised		
		pregnancy care	Learning)		Clinical practice		
			• Planned parenthood		practice		
		Demonstrate	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III				
		knowledge of					

midwifery	Trimesters)	
-	,	
practice throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd trimesters	 Normal pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy - Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers engagement in maternity care Physiological changes during pregnancy Reproductive system, Cardio-vascular system Respiratory system Urinary system, Gastero intestinal system, Metabolic changes, Skeletal changes, 	• Refer SBA module & Safe motherhoo d booklet
	Skin changes Endocrine system & psychological changes	
	Ante-natal care:	
	 ITrimester Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy Antenatal care and counseling (lifestyles in pregnancy, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior in pregnancy, counseling regarding sexual life during pregnancy etc) Danger signs during pregnancy Birth preparedness and complication readiness (including promoting 	 Lab tests- performan ce, and interpretati on Refer Guidelines for calcium supplemen tation

 normalcy during pregnancy) Respectful care and compassionate communication Recording and reporting: Clinical procedures as per the GoIs guideline GoI current model of ANC provision Role of Doula/ASHAs II Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester Rh negative and prophylac tic anti D Second trimester tests and health education Interpreting screening results Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, immunization etc Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal 	 Demonstra tion of birthing positions Scenario based learning Workshop on alternative birthing positions 	
• Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose		
immunization etcAntenatal assessment:		
 Assessment of fetal well- being:, DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. 		
Antenatal careWomen centered care		
Respectful care and compassionate communication		
• Referral and collaboration, empowerment		

		 Ongoing risk assessment Maternal Mental Health III Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester Third trimester tests and screening Fetal engagement in late pregnancy 3rd trimester antenatal education classes Birth preparedness and complication readiness Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Danger signs of pregnancy- recognition of ruptured membranes Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Alternative birthing positions- women's preferred choices Role of Doula / ASHA's 		
L·	 10 Apply the 12 physiology of 60 labour Describe the management and care during labour Discuss how to maintain an environment for labour in which the woman feels safe 	 Physiology, management and care during labour Review of Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/ labour Per vaginal examination Stages of labour Organization of labor room- Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph Assessing and monitoring 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Work effectively with pain during labour	 fetal well being Care during 1st stage of normal labour Pain relief in labour (non-pharmacological and pharmacological) Psychological support-Managing fear Activity and positioning during first stage of labour Nutrition during labour Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion for labour Role of Doula / ASHA's 	examination, Conduction of deliveries • SBA module • LaQshyaguide lines • Dakshitha guidelines
Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiology and promote normal birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth	 Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Management of birth/Conduction of delivery-preparation and supporting physiological birthing Essential newborn care (ENBC) Assessment and care of the newborn immediately following birth Role of Doula / ASHA's 	 Demonstration Group work Scenario based learning
	 Physiology - placental separation and expulsion, homeostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear / 	

	Discuss the impact of labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching	 injuries and suture if required Insertion of postpartum IUCD Immediate perineal care Initiation of breast feeding Skin to skin contact Vitamin K prophylaxis Newborn resuscitation Fourth Stage Care during 4th Stage of labour Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss Documentation and Record of birth Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula / ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports 		
V T-6 L-6 C-30	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium- Physiology, duration Physiology of puerperium Post-natal assessment and care-facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice Refer SBA module ENBC module 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE

VI	T- 6 L- 8 C- 30	Discuss the need for compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn and how this is provided Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate	 psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the mother from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation- review Post-partum family planning Follow – up of postnatal mothers. Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates Family centred care Respectful care and communication Normal Neonate - Physiological adaptation Newborn assessment and care Screening for congenital anomalies Care of newborn from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery (Routine care of newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention (asepsis and hand washing) Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module- newborn management 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
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PRACTICUM (Skill lab & Clinical) PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

Total Hours: 200hrs Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests Eg. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Set up and manage a delivery unit
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal delivery with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Assess and care for normal postnatal mothers
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 17. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care

SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers micro birth planning
- 5. PV examination
- 6. Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 7. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 8. Mechanism of labour normal
- 9. Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 10. Active management of third stage of labour
- 11. Placental examination
- 12. Newborn resuscitation
- 13. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 14. Postnatal assessment
- 15. Newborn assessment
- 16. Kangaroo mother care

CLINICAL POSTINGS 4 weeks x 40hours/week

CLINICAL	DURATION	CLINICAL	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREA	IN WEEKS			REQUIREMENTS	METHODS
		OUTCOMES	/CLINICAL		
			SKILLS		
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	 OSCE Case presentation
		selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 Fregulately confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin Blood test for malaria Blood test for grouping and typing Kick chart /DFMC /NST / CTG / USG Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 		
Post-partum clinic / PTCT Centre and Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn Postnatal counseling Provide family welfare services	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study Case presentation Cu-T insertion and removal 	 Assignment case study case presentation

Labour 2 weeks room	Monitorlabourusing partographProvidecaretowomenduringlabourConductnormaldelivery,providecaretomother	 Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Partograph Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Partograph recording Partograph PV examination Assisting / Conduction of normal delivery Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing
		womanin labourPartograph recording• Assignment • case studyPartograph•
	women during labour Conduct normal	 Partograph Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain PV examination Assisting / Case presentation Case study Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and cutwing

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY : 4 Credits (80 hours)

PRACTICUM:

Skill lab : 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical : 7 Credits (560 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetrical and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal conditions.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Counsel and care for couples with infertility
- 12. Describe artificial reproductive technology
- 13. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 14. Demonstrate skills in implementing various government programs related to MNCH care.
- 15. Identify the role of a midwife in vital statistics and health information management
- 16. Recognize the importance of family welfare programme and describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	COURSE OUTLI CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING	ASSESSMENT
		OUTCOMES	CONTENT	ACTIVITIES	METHODS
Ι			Decognition and	Lecture	Essay type
	T- 20 L- 10 C- 120	Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with abnormal/problems during pregnancy Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome	RecognitionandManagement of problemsduring Pregnancy•Assessment of high-risk pregnancy•Problems/complication s of pregnancy•Problems/complication s of pregnancy•Hyper-emesis gravidarum,•Bleeding in early pregnancy: abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole•Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma•Medical conditions complicating pregnancy: Anemia, PIH, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility•Infections in pregnancy · urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal•Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy: appendicitis, acute abdomen•Hydramnios • Multiple pregnancy • abnormalities of placenta and cord • Intra uterine growth restriction • Intra uterine fetal	 Detective Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit Gol guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

			death		
			 Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues 		
			 o Adolescent pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi, grand multiparity Management and care of conditions as per the protocol Policy for the referral services Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies Maintenance of records and reports 		
Π	T - 20 L -15 C - 120	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	 Recognition of deviations from the normal and management during labour Preterm labour: Prevention and management of preterm labour;(Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour;(Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour) Premature rupture of membranes Malposition's and abnormal presentations (breech, brow, face, shoulder) Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) Disorders of uterine action- Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour Complications of third 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines- use of uterotonics during labour 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment ofskills with check list OSCE

III T-10	Describe the	 stage: Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies- Ruptured uterus, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism, Foetal distress, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa Episiotomy and suturing Obstetric procedures- Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Manual removal of the placenta Induction of labour- Medical & surgical Caesarean section: indications and preparation Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics 		
III T- 10 L - 5 C - 80	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	RecognitionandManagementofpostnatalproblems• Physicalexamination,identificationofdeviation from normal• Puerperalcomplicationsand its management	 Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice GoI guidance note on prevention and 	 Quiz Simulation Short answers OSCE

L				1
IV T - 7 L - 5 C - 40	Describe high risk neonates and their nursing management	 Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal sepsis Urinary complications Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage Vulval hematoma Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem Thrombophlebitis DVT Uterine sub involution Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) Postpartum blues / psychosis Drugs used in abnormal puerperium Policy about referral Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight o Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice 	 management of PPH Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

	1	1			1
			 Neonatal infections High fever Convulsions Neonatal tetanus Congenital anomalies Baby of HIV positive mothers Baby of Rh negative mothers Birth injuries SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM / formula feeds / tube feeding Home based newborn care program - community facility integration in newborn care Decision making about management and referral Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns 		
V	T - 15 L - 5	Describe the assessment and	 management and referral Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns Maintenance of records and reports Assessment and management of women	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay type Short answers
	C - 120	management of women with gynecological disorders.	 with gynecological disorders Gynecological assessment - History and Physical assessment Breast Self- Examination 	 Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Videos, films 	 Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

 Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive Simulated practice Supervised Clinical
system practice
 Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical Visit to infertility clinic
Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and ART centers
diagnosis, treatment
modalities and
management of disorder
of female reproductive
system
• Menstrual
abnormalities
 Abnormal uterine bleed
 Pelvic inflammatory
disease
\circ Infections of the
reproductive tract
• Uterine displacement
 Endometriosis
• Uterine and cervical
fibroids and polyps
\circ Tumors – uterine,
cervical, ovarian,
vaginal, vulval
 Cysts – ovarian, vulval
o Cystocele, urethrocele,
rectocele
o Genitor-urinary
fistulas
• Breast disorders –
infections, deformities,
cysts, tumors
 HPV vaccination Disorders of Puberty
• Disorders of Puberty and menopause
 Hormonal replacement
therapy
Assessment and
management of couples
with infertility
 Infertility –
definition, causes
 Counseling the
infertile couple

	 Investigations – male and female Artificial reproductive technology Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation Adoption – counselling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders 		
T- 8 Describe family planning and the national programs related to family welfare, MNCH+A care	 Family planning and family welfare programs <i>Review:</i> Vital indicators Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates Maternal death audit National health Mission National programs related to maternal newborn child health and adolescent services Family welfare services Planned Parenthood Impact of early / frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods- Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Field visit reports

variou	s family planning
metho	ds
o Emerg	ency
contra	ceptives
o Famil	v planning
Couns	eling using
Balan	ced Counseling
Strate	gy (BCS)
○ Import	ance of follow up
and re	commended timing
o Uninte	nded or mistimed
pregna	ncy
○ Post al	portion counseling
• Recen	t trends
and re	search in
contra	ception

.

PRACTICUM (Skill lab & Clinical)

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

Total Hours: 600hrs

Skill Lab – 40 (1 credit) Clinical - 560 (7 credits)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify and refer antenatal mothers with complications
- 2. Conduct labour and delivery
- 3. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 4. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 5. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications and refer them
- 7. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal mothers and their families using nursing process approach
- 8. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 9. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery
- 10. Provide family welfare services
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Provide post abortion care
- 13. Demonstrate IUCD insertion and removal
- 14. Participate in national family welfare programs
- 15. Assess women with gynecological disorders
- 16. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 17. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

I. SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1) Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2) Counselling antenatal women complication readiness
- 3) PV examination
- 4) Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 5) Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 6) Mechanism of labour normal and abnormal
- 7) Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 8) Active management of third stage of labour
- 9) Placental examination
- 10) Newborn resuscitation

- 11) Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 12) Postnatal assessment
- 13) Newborn assessment
- 14) Kangaroo mother care
- 15) Management of complications during pregnancy / labour /post partum (case studies / simulated scenarios)
- 16) Administration of Magnesium sulphate
- 17) Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip
- 18) Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 19) Management of PPH –Balloon tamponade
- 20) Family planning counselling.
- 21) **PPIUCD** insertion
- 22) Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 23) Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 24) Cervical biopsy
- 25) Breast examination

CLINICAL POSTINGS 14 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL	DURATION	LEARNING	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREAS	IN WEEKS	OUTCOMES	COMPETENCIES/	REQUIREMENTS	METHODS
			CLINICAL SKILLS		
Antenatal	2 weeks	Perform antenatal	Pregnancy	Antenatal palpation	Simulation
OPD		assessment and	confirmation test	• Health talk	• Case
including		identify complications	History collectionPhysical	• Case study	presentation
infertility		during antenatal	examination		
clinics /		period	Obstetric examination		
Reproducti		Perform laboratory	TT T T T		
ve		tests for antenatal	Urine testingBlood testing for		
medicine,		women	Hemoglobin		
Family		Perform and assist	• Blood test for malaria		
welfare and	2 weeks	in selected	• Blood test for		
post-		advanced antenatal	grouping and typing		
partum		diagnostic procedures			
clinic /		procedures	• Kick chart, DFMC		
PTCT		Provide antenatal	• Assist in		
Centre		care for women	NST/CTG/USG		
		with complications of pregnancy	• Care of mothers		
Antenatal		Counsel antenatal	with complications in		
ward		mothers	pregnancy		
			• Antenatal		
			counsellingAntenatal		
			• Antenatal interventions		
			• Preparation for		
			childbirthBirth		
			preparedness and		
			complication readiness		
Postnatal	2 wks	Perform postnatal	• Postnatal history	• Health talk	• Role play
Ward		assessment and identification of	collection and physical	• Antenatal assessment	• Assignment
		postnatal	examination	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment	Case study,Case
		*	l		- Cube

-		complications	•	Identify postnatal	•	Case studies		presentation
		complications	•	complications	•	Case presentation	•	Simulation
		Provide post		complications	•	IUCD insertion and		Vignettes
		abortion care and			•	removal	•	v ignettes
		postnatal	•	Post abortion care		Temovar		
		counselling	•	Post abortion				
		8		counselling				
		Provide postnatal		-				
		care						
			•	Care of postnatal				
				mothers – normal, caesarean section				
			•	Care of normal				
				newborn				
			•	Lactation				
				management				
		Provide family	•	Postnatal				
		welfare services		counselling				
			•	Health teaching on postnatal and				
				newborn care				
			•	Family welfare				
				counselling				
Labour	4 weeks	Conduction of	•	Assessment of	٠	Partograph recording	٠	Assignment
room		normal deliveries		woman in labour	•	Pain management	•	Case study
			•	Partograph		during labour	٠	Case
		Conduct / assist in	•	Pervaginal examination if	•	Conduction of		presentation
		abnormal		indicated		delivery		
		deliveries	•	Obstetric	٠	Assisting in abnormal		
				examination		deliveries		
		Monitor labour	•	Care during first	٠	Managing		
		using partograph		stage of labour		complication during		
			•	Pain management		labour		
			•	techniques Positions in	٠	Case study		
			-	labour	•	Case presentation		
			•	Preparation for				
		Idantifu and		labour – articles,				
		Identify and		physical,				
		manage		psychological				
		complications	•	Conduction of				
		during labour	•	normal delivery Essential newborn				
				care				
			•	Newborn				
				resuscitation				

• Active
management of third stage of
labour
Monitoring and
care during fourth
stage of labour
• Identification and
management of
prolonged labour,
cervical dystocia,
CPD, contracted
pelvis
• Assist in the
management of
abnormal
deliveries –
posterior position,
breech deliveries,
twin deliveries,
vacuum
extraction, forceps
delivery, shoulder
dystocia
• Assist in cervical
encerclage
procedures, D&C,
D&E
• Management of
trauma to the birth
canal, retained
placenta, post
partum
hemorrhage,
uterine atony
Management of
obstetric shock

Neonatal	2 weeks	Perform assessment of	•	Neonatal	•	Case study	•	Case presentation
Intensive Care Unit		assessment of newborn and identify complications/con genital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation Care of high risk newborn	•	assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation	•	Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice	•	Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc Assist / perform special neonatal procedures	•	Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, ventilator, ventilator, warmer. Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation Assist in advanced neonatal procedures				
Obstetric /	1 week	Assist in	•	Observe / Assist	٠	Assisting in obstetric	•	Assignment
Gynae		gynecological and obstetric surgeries		in caesarean section		and gynecological	•	Tray set-up for obstetric
operation		obsterre surgerres	•	Management of	Tr	surgery ay set-up		and
theatre				retained placenta		· · ·		gynecologic

Gynecolog	2 weeks	Care for women	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture. Care of women Care plan 	al surgeries • Case
y ward		with gynecological disorders	 with gynecological conditions Vaginal douche application Health education 	presentationSimulationVignettes
CHC, PHC, SC / Communit y midwifery	1 week	Provide MNCH+A care in the community Provide midwifery care for women in the community Implement family welfare programs	 Conduction of antenatal and postnatal clinics Conduction of other special clinics and camps Tubectomy, vasectomy Tracking every pregnancy – RCH number Maintaining vital statistics Care of antenatal and postnatal mother at home Identification of complication and referral Follow up of mothers and newborns Micro birth planning Conduction of contraceptives Community health education 	 Assignment Report submission

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

:

PLACEMENT

III SEMESTER

SECTION A & SECTION B

THEORY: PRACTICAL:

2 Credits (40 Hrs) AL: 1 Credit (40 Hrs) (Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY:1 Credit (20 hours)PRACTICAL:½ Credit (20 hours)(Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: PRACTICAL:

1Credit (20hours) L: ½ credit (20 hours) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hrs) PRACTICAL: ½ credit (20 hrs) (Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES

The students will be able to:

- Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols

COURSE OUTLINE

(Theory-T, Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E)

UNIT	T	ME	LEARNING	Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	· · · ·	ours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
Ι	<u>T</u> 3	P	Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction:Importance and relevance to nursingHistorical perspectiveConcepts and terminologyPrinciples of microbiology	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer questions Objective type
	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining - simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer questions Objective type

IV34(L/E)Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunizationImmunity · Immunity-Types, classification · Antigen and antibody reaction• Lecture · Discussion · Discussion · Discussion · Objective · Usit to observe vaccine storage• Short answers · Objective typeIV34(L/E)Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunizationImmunity · Immunity-Types, classification · Antigen and antibody reaction · Serological tests · Immunoglobulins - structure, types & · Vaccines -types & · Classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization• Lecture · Lecture · Discussion · Discussion · Discussion · Objective · Visit to observe vaccine storage		6 Describe the (L/E) different disease producing organisms	 Cocci — gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli— gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi -Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & vectors o Characteristics, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
	IV 3 4	concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and	of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms Immunity • Immunity-Types, classification • Antigen and antibody reaction • Hypersensitivity reactions • Serological tests • Immunoglobulins – structure, types & properties • Vaccines -types & Classification, storage and handling, cold	 Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage 	answersObjective type

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

(Hours) **OUTCOMES** LEARNING METHODS **ACTIVITIES** Т Р 2 2(E) Summarize the HAI (Hospital acquired Lecture & • • evidence based and Infection) Discussion effective patient care Hospital acquired infection Experiential • • practices for the • Bundle approach learning prevention of common Prevention of Urinary Tract healthcare associated Infection (UTI) infections in the _ Prevention of Surgical Site healthcare setting Infection (SSI) _ Prevention of Ventilator

COURSE OUTLINE

TEACHING/

ASSESSMENT

Knowledge

assessment-

answer type

Short

MCQ,

CONTENT

UNIT TIME

Ι

LEARNING

				 Prevention of Ventilator Associated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee 		
Π	3	4(L)	Demonstrate appropriate use different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	 Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE 	 Lecture Demonstration & Re- Demonstration 	• Performance assessment
III	1	2(L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	 Lecture Demonstrat ion & Re- demonstrati on 	Performance assessment
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	Disinfection and sterilizationDefinitionsTypes of disinfection and	Lecture DiscussionExperiential	 Short answers Objective

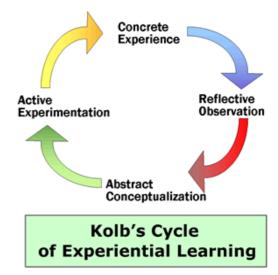
				 sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle 	learning through visit	type
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	Discussion	• Knowledge evaluation- Quiz & Performance assessment - Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	 BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segration of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation 	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visit 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance assessment
VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	Lecture & Discussion • Written assignment- Recent AMR guidelines	Short answers, Objective type • Assessment of assignment

VIII	2	4 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of HAI Documentation 	•	Lecture Demonstration Experiential learning	•	Knowledge assessment Checklist
IX	1	1 (E)	Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality improvement	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA CAPA Report writing 	•	Lecture Role-play Inquiry-Based Learning		 Knowledge assessment short answers, objective type
X	1		Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	•	Lecture Role play	•	Objective type

XI	2	3 (L/E)	Enumerate the various safety protocols and its applications	 Safety protocol 5S Radiation safety Laser safety Fire safety Types and classification of fire Fire alarms Firefighting equipment HAZMAT safety Types of spill Spillage management MSDS Environmental safety Risk assessment Aspect impact analysis Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster 	 Lecture Demonstration/ Experiential learning 	 Mock drills Post tests Checklist
XII	1		Explain importance of employee safety indicators	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination NSI prevention Fall prevention Radiation safety Annual health check 	LectureDiscussion	• Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type
XIII	1		Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	 Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff Needle stick injuries and prevention Post exposure prophylaxis 	 Lecture method Journal review 	• Short answer

*Experiential learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping and transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different



behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.

PHARMACOLOGY I

:

PLACEMENT

III Semesters

THEORY: Pharmacology I (III Semester): 1 Credit (20 Hours) - Units I-VIII

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, Pharmaco-kinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacokinetics and pharmacokinetics
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases
- 9. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders
- 10. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders
- 11. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders
- 12. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period
- 13. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders
- 14. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology
- 15. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS	
Ι	3	Describe Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs.	 Introduction to pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs 	Short answerObjective ty	

COURSE OUTLINE

	1	Describe entirenties	Calculation, Weights and Measures <i>Pharmacodynamics:</i> Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance <i>Pharmacokinetics:</i> Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion Review-Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization • Factors affecting dose, route etc Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs • Rational Use of Drugs • Principles of Therapeutics		Assessment of assignments
Π	1	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant & nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants Antiseptics and Disinfectants Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
III	2	Describe drugs acting on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on G.I system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs Anti diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

IV	2	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
V	4	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics Cholinergic and anti-cholinergic Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Anti anginals Antiarrhythmics Antiplatelets & Anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	2	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	 Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid and anti thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vit. D3, calcium metabolism Calcium salts 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

VII	1	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin- Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VIII	5	Explain drug therapy/chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitubercular drugs, Anti leprosy drugs Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

:

PLACEMENT

III SEMESTER

THEORY-6 Credits (120 hrs)PRACTICAL-Lab/Skill lab- 1 Credit (40 hrs)Clinical-6 Credits (480 hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT	HRS.	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	• OSCE
II	11 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment	 Medical Surgical Disorders Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay 	 Caring for patient intra operatively Submit a list of disinfectant s used for instruments with the action and precaution

	1	1	1	1	1
		Demonstrate skill in	common surgical procedures		
		scrubbing procedures	 Scrubbing procedures – 		
			Gowning, masking and		
		Demonstrate skill in	gloving		
		assessing the patient and	 Monitoring the patient 		
		document accurately the	during the procedures		
		surgical safety checklist	• Maintenance of the		
			therapeutic environment in		
		Develop skill in assisting	OT		
		with selected surgeries	• Assisting in major and		
			minor operation, handling		
		Explain the types,	specimen		
		functions, and nursing	 Prevention of accidents and 		
		considerations for	hazards in OT		
		different types of	 Anaesthesia- types, methods 		
		anaesthesia	of administration, effects		
			and stages, equipment &		
			drugs		
			 Legal aspects 		
III	6 (T)	Identify the signs and	Nursing care of patients with	• Lecture,	Short
111	4	symptoms of shock and	common signs and symptoms	• Lecture, discussion,	
	T (L/S	electrolyte imbalances	and management	demonstration	answer
	L)	Develop skills in			• MCQ
		managing fluid and	• Fluid and electrolyte	Case discussion	• Case report
		electrolyte imbalances	imbalance		
		Perform pain assessment			
		and plans for the nursing	• Shock		
		management	р :		
TX7	16		• Pain		
IV	16 (T)	Demonstrate shill in	Nursing Management of		Б
	(T)	Demonstrate skill in	patients with respiratory		• Essay
	4 (L)	respiratory assessment	problems		• Short
			• Review of anatomy and	T	Answer
		Differentiates different	physiology of respiratory	• Lecture,	• OSCE
		breath sounds and lists	system	discussion,	
		the indications	• Nursing Assessment –	Demonstration	
		Evaluin the sticless	history taking, physical	Practice session	
		Explain the etiology,	assessment and diagnostic	• Case presentation	
		pathophysiology, clinical	tests	• Visit to PFT Lab	
		manifestations,	Common respiratory		
		diagnostic tests, and	problems:		
		medical, surgical,	• Upper respiratory tract		
		nutritional, and nursing	infections		
		management of common	• Chronic obstructive		
		respiratory problems	pulmonary diseases		
		$D_{a} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2$	\circ Pleural effusion,		
		Describe the health	Empyema		
		behaviour to be adopted	• Bronchiectasis		
		in preventing respiratory illnesses	• Pneumonia		
	1	111105505	 Lung abscess 		

		1			,
			• Cyst and tumors		
			• Chest Injuries		
			 Acute respiratory distress syndrome 		
			• Pulmonary embolism		
			• Health behaviours to prevent		
V	15	Explain the etiology,	respiratory illness Nursing Management of		0.
v	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with disorders of		• Quiz
	5(L)	manifestations,	digestive system		- OCCE
	J(L)	diagnostic tests, and	 Review of anatomy and 		• OSCE
		medical, surgical,	•	• Looturo	
		nutritional, and nursing	physiology of GI system	• Lecture, Discussion	
		management of	• Nursing assessment –		
		gastrointestinal disorders	History and physical	• Demonstration,	
		Supromostinal disorders	assessment	Role play	
		Demonstrate skill in	• GI investigations	Problem Based	
		gastrointestinal	Common GI disorders:	Learning	
		assessment	• Oral cavity-lips, gums	• Visit to stoma	
			and teeth	clinic	
		Prepare patient for upper	• GI - Bleeding,		
		and lower	Infections,		
		gastrointestinal	Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation		
		investigations	& Peritonitis		
			 Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, 		
			Appendicitis, Hernias		
			 Hemorrhoids, fissures, 		
			Fistulas		
			• Pancreas- inflammation,		
			cysts, and tumors		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Liver-inflammation,		
		gastric decompression,	cysts, abscess, cirrhosis,		
		gavage, and stoma care	portal hypertension,		
		Demonstrate skill in	hepatic failure, tumors		
		different feeding	• Gall bladder-		
		techniques	inflammation,		
			Cholelithiasis, tumors		
			• Gastric decompression,		
			gavage and stoma care,		
			different feeding techniques		
			• Alternative therapies, drugs		
			used in treatment of		
			disorders of digestive system		
VI	15	Explain the etiology,	Nursing Management of		
	(T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with cardiovascular		
	5 (L)	manifestations,	problems		• Care plan
		diagnostic tests, and	• Review of anatomy and	• Lecture, discussion	• Drug
		medical, surgical,	physiology of cardio-	• Demonstration	record
		nutritional, and nursing			

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		management of	vascular system	Practice session	
		cardiovascular disorders	Nursing Assessment-History	Case Discussion	
			and Physical assessment	• Health education	
		Demonstrate skill in	• Disorders of vascular	 Drug Book/ 	
		cardiovascular	system-Hypertension,	presentation	
		assessment	arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's		
			disease, aneurysm and		
		Prepare patient for	peripheral vascular disorders		
		invasive and non-	 Coronary artery diseases 		
		invasive cardiac	coronary atherosclerosis,		
		procedures	Angina pectoris, myocardial		
			infarction		
		Demonstrate skill in	• Valvular disorders -		
		monitoring and	congenital and acquired		
		interpreting clinical	• Rheumatic heart disease -	• BCLS Module	
		signs related to cardiac	pericarditis, myocarditis,		
		disorders	endocarditis,		
			cardiomyopathies		BLS/BCLS
VII			• Cardiac dysrrhythmias, heart		evaluation
	7 (T)		block		
	3 (L)		• Congestive heart failure, cor-		
			pulmonale, pulmonary		
		Explain the etiology,	edema, cardiogenic shock,	• Field visit to blood	
		pathophysiology, clinical	cardiac tamponade	bank	
		manifestations,	Cardiopulmonary arrest		T () ()
		diagnostic tests, and	· ·	Counseling	• Interpretati
		medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing	Nursing Management of		on of blood
		management of	patients with disorders of		reports
		hematological disorders	blood		• Visit report
		nematological disorders			
		Interpret blood reports	• Review of Anatomy and		
		interpret blobd reports	Physiology of blood, nursing		
		Prepare and provides	assessment- history, physical		
		health education on	assessment & Diagnostic		
		blood donation	tests		
			Anemia, Polycythemia		
			Bleeding Disorders –		
			clotting factor defects and		
			platelets defects,		
			thalassemia, leukemias,		
			leukopenias, agranulocytosis		
			• Lymphomas, myelomas		
		Explain the etiology,	Nursing management of		
VIII	8 (T)	pathophysiology, clinical	patients with disorders of		
	2 (L)	manifestations,	endocrine system		• Prepare
		diagnostic tests, and	• Review of anatomy and	• Lecture,	health
		medical, surgical,	physiology of endocrine	discussion,	education
		nutritional, and nursing	system	demonstration	on self-
		management of	Nursing Assessment –	Practice session	administrat

		endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	 History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus 	Case DiscussionHealth education	ion of insulin • Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	 Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	11 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for radiological and non- radiological	 Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment- History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour Orthopedic modalities: Cast, 	 Lecture / Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

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XI 17 (T) 3 (L	diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques Demonstrate skill in	 splint, traction, crutch walking Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis Special therapies, alternative therapies Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine Rehabilitation, prosthesis Replacement surgeries Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid Herpes, Chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza Meningitis Gas gangrene Leprosy Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis Special infection control managurant Natification 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion / seminar Health education Drug Book/ presentation Refer TB control & Management module 	 Prepares and submits protocol on various isolation techniques
	Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	• Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization,		

PHARMACOLOGY II

PLACEMENT-IV Semester

Theory: 2 Credits (40 Hours)

IX	4	Describe drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	 Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistaminics Topical applications for eye (Chloromphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerine, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
X	4	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XI	10	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics- Non steroidal anti- inflammatory(NSAID)drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Anti psychotics 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

		used for immunization & immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities	 hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning Activated charcoal Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs- Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants 		
XV	4	Demonstrate awareness	Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine:	Lecture cum Discussion	• Short answer
		of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine.	 Ayurveda, homeopathy, unani and siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	 Observational visit 	• Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC NURSING (with Health Assessment module)

PLACEMENT

IV SEMESTER

:

THEORY - 120 hours (6 Credits) PRACTICUM - Lab/Skill lab- 40 hrs (1 Credit) Clinical - 480 hours (6 Credits)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical & Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	 Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors Middle year- impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors. Inner ear- Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infections –Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic 	 MCQ Short answers Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
П	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and	 Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank 	MCQShort EssayOSCEDrug book

III	9(T) 4 (L)	managementofpatientswithdisorders of eyeDescribeeyedonation, bankingand transplantationExplain theetiology,pathophysiology,clinicalmanifestations,diagnostic tests,and medical,surgical,nutritional, andnursingmanagement ofKidney andurinary systemdisordersDemonstrateskill ingenitourinaryassessmentPrepare patientforgenitourinaryinvestigationsPrepare andprovide healtheducation onprevention ofrenal calculiExplain the	 Refractive errors Eyelids – infection, deformities Conjunctiva – inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea- inflammation and infection Lens- cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye banking, Eye donation Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections- acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome₇ Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate - inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book & Field visit- Visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi
	5 (T)	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	 disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic 	 Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	• Short essay

V	8(T) 4(L)	nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders Explain the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	 OSCE Short notes
VI	16(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	 Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system History, physical, neurological assessment, diagnostic tests Headache, Head injuries Spinal injuries – Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia Spinal cord compression – 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV study 	 OSCE, short notes, Essay Drug book

VII	12 (T) 4 (P)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical_surgical.	 herniation of in vertebral disc Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Meningitis, encephalitis, brain, abscess, neuro- cysticercosis Movement disorders – Chorea, Seizures & Epilepsies Cerebro-vascular disorders-CVA Cranial, spinal neuropathies – Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies Degenerative diseases - Alzheimer's disease <i>Guillain-Barré syndrome</i>, Myasthenia gravis & Multiple sclerosis Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit Nursing management of patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical 	 unit, Lecture, discussion Case Discussion / seminar Refer Module on 	
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VII			0 0	T I	
	4 (P)		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			0 I		
		-			
		medical, surgical,	History and Physical		
		nutritional and	account and	HIV/AIDS	
		nutritional, and	assessment	HIV/AIDS	
		nutritional, and nursing management of	• HIV & AIDS:	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological	• HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders	• HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection control	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies, 	HIV/AIDS	
		nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection	 HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and 	HIV/AIDS	

VIII	10(T)	Explain the	Nursing management of	Lecture and	• OSCE
	4(L)	etiology,	patient with Oncological	discussion	• Essay
		pathophysiology,	conditions •	D	• Quiz
		types, clinical	~	of chemotherapy	 Drug book
		manifestations,	• Structure and characteristics of normal	preparation and	Counseling,
		staging, diagnostic	and cancer cells	administration,	health teaching
		measures and	• History, physically	Visit to BMT,	ficartifi teaching
		management of	assessment, diagnostic	radiotherapy	
		patients with	tests.	units (linear accelerator,	
		different cancer,	• Prevention screening	brachytherapy,	
		treatment	early detections warning	etc.), nuclear	
		modalities	sign of cancer	medicine unit,	
		including newer	• Epidemiology, etiology		
		treatments	classification,		
			Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations,		
			diagnosis, treatment		
			modalities and medical		
			and surgical nursing		
			management of		
			Oncological condition		
			Common malignancies of		
			various body system eye,		
			ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus,		
			sarcoma, renal, bladder,		
			kidney, prostate Brain,		
			Spinal cord.		
			Oncological emergencies		
			• Modalities of treatment -		
			Chemotherapy,		
			Radiotherapy - Radiation		
			safety, AERB regulations, Surgical		
			intervention, Stem cell		
			and bone marrow		
			transplant,		
			Immunotherapy, Gene		
			therapy		
			• Psychological aspects of		
			cancer-anxiety, depression, insomnia,		
			anger		
			 Palliative care 		
			Supportive care		
			 Hospice care 		
			1		

IX	15(T) 4(L)	Explain the types, policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	 Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster; Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness - Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies – Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal aspects 	• • •	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ ATCN module Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)	•	OSCE Case presentations and case study
X	8(T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and agerelated body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programmes for elderly, privileges, community programs and 	•	(NDMA) guidelines Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes	•	OSCE Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population

			health services		
			• Home and institutional		
XI	12(T) 8(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	 care Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment, and supplies, Special equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families—Communication with patient and family 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of ACLS, mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors Clinical practice in different ICUs 	Objective questions and short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on BLS/ACLS, monitoring of patients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care
XII	5(T)	Describe the	• End of life care Nursing management of		• Assignment on
		etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/indus trial health disorders	 Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management 	Lecture and discussionIndustrial visit	• Assignment on industrial health hazards

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult / geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency / disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT disorders

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
ENT Ward & OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Auditometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment -1 Case study/Clinical presentation -1 Drug Book 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study / Clinical presentation Drug Book

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinica l skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Ophthalmol ogy unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with Eye disorders Educate the patients and their families	Examination of	 Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/Clinical Presentation– 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation

 ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, Refraction tests Pre and post- operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with foreign body 		
 Refraction tests Pre and post-operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		ophthalmoscopy,
 Pre and post- operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		tonometry,
 operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		• Refraction tests
 operative care Instillation of drops/medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		• Pre and post-
drops/medication • Eye irrigation • Application of eye bandage • Assisting with		
 Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		Instillation of
 Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		drops/medication
 Application of eye bandage Assisting with 		Eye irrigation
bandageAssisting with		• Application of eye
		Assisting with
Integritoday		foreign body
removal		

III. Nursing Management of Patients with kidney and urinary system disorders

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment-kidney & urinary system
- Preparation dialysis
- Catheterization and care

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies-IVP etc Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests-Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/Prostate Biopsy etc Catheterization -care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment - 1, Drug presentation - 1 Care study/Clinical presentation - 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation n

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessmen t methods
Burns unit/reconstru ctive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation -1 	 Clinical evaluati on, Care study/c ase report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards	3	Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological	 History taking; Neurological Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non- invasive diagnostic 	 Neuro- assessment –1 Case study/ case presentation- 1 Drug 	 Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/ presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

B. <u>Clinical postings</u>

	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
	n weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Isolation ward/Medic al ward	1	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunologica l disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/ barrier nursing / reverse barrier/isolation skills 	 Assessment of immune status Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers Nutritional management Care Note – 1 	 Care note Quiz Health Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assess ment method s
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological	physical examination of cancer patients	 Assessment – 1 Care study/clinical presentation -1 Pre and post-operative 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

disorders	classification care of patient with
	Preparation, assisting various modes of
	and after care patients cancer treatment
	undergoing diagnostic • Teaching on BSE to
	procedures family members
	- Biopsies/FNAC
	– Pap smear
	– Bone-marrow
	aspiration
	Various modalities of
	treatment
	– Chemotherapy
	– Radiotherapy
	 Pain management
	- Stoma therapy
	 Hormonal therapy
	– Immuno therapy
	- Gene therapy
	– Alternative
	therapy
	• Stoma care and
	feeding
	• Caring of patients
	treated with
	nuclear medicine
	Rehabilitation

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

- <u>Use of manikins and simulators</u>Assessment –primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care-bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit		Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirement s	Assessment methods
Emergency room	2 week	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	6 6	care	Clinical evaluationQuiz

	 legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 			
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IX. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units A. <u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. **Clinical postings**

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Critical Care Unit	2 Weeks	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive 	 Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentation

 T	 		т	T1
	•	Setting up of infusion		
		pump, defibrillator,		
	•	Drug administration-		
		infusion, intracardic,		
		intrathecal, epidural,		
	•	Monitoring pacemaker		
	•	ICU care bundle		
	•	Management of the dying		
		patient in the ICU		

X. Nursing Management of Patients with geriatric illness

<u>A. Skill Lab</u>

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Geriatric ward	1 week	Develops kill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	• History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment 1 Functional status assessment - 1 	Clinical evaluationCare plan

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN NURSING EDUCATION

:

PLACEMENT

IV SEMESTER

THEORY:2 credits (40 hrs)**PRACTICUM:**1 credit (40 hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and needs
- 4. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 5. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 6. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 7. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 8. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 9. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 10. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 11. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 12. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 13. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 14. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 15. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices
- 16. Analyze the current health care trends that are applicable to nursing education

COURSE OUTLINE THEORY & PRACTICAL (LAB)

UNIT		ME ours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
I	T	P 2	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	Introductionand theoretical foundations:Education and educational technologyDefinition, aimsApproaches and scope of educational technologyeducational scopeEducational philosophy:Definition of philosophy, education and philosophyComparison educational philosophiesof nursing educationTeaching learning process:Definition of teaching & learningTeaching learning process:Definition of teaching & learningTeaching learning process:Nature and characteristics of teachingNature barriers to teachingand characteristics of learningCharacteristics barriers to teachingof audite and characteristics of learningCharacteristics barriers to learningof audite audite audite audite audite audite audite audite audite audite audite audite 	Lecture cum discussion Group exercise: Preparation of comparison table	 Quiz Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories- analysis of any one
II	5	5	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty	 Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles-Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator 	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short Answer Objective type

			Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self- assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	 Types of learners Determinants of learning-learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors-personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum _definition, types Curriculum design-components, approaches Curriculum design-component, factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan 	 Self- assessment exercise: Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion Individual/gr oup exercise: Writing learning outcomes Preparation of a lesson plan 	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual /Group
III	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management Describe different methods/ strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	ImplementationTeaching in Classroomand Skill lab: TeachingMethods• Classroommanagement-principlesand strategies• Classroomcommunication• Facilitators andBarriers to classroomcommunication• Informationcommunication• Informationcommunicationtechnology (ICT)- ICTused in educationTeaching methods:Features, advantages anddisadvantages• Lecture, Group	 Lecture cum Discussion Practice teaching/ Micro teaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient 	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment of microteaching

			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	 discussion, microteaching Skill lab- simulations, Demonstration & re demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions Role play, project Field trips Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning One- to- one instruction Active learning strategies Team based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming Inter professional education 	 teaching session Construction of game-puzzle Teaching in groups-interdisciplinar y 	
Ι	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Compare the advantages of different clinical education models Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 Teaching in the clinical setting: Teaching methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Models of clinical education-traditional mode, collaborative model, preceptor model, integration of education and practice model, Characteristics of effective clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies- patient assignment- clinical conference, clinical presentation /bedside clinic, Case study/care 	 Lecture cum discussion Debate: which clinical education model is the best? Writing clinical outcomesassignments in pairs Written assignment on preceptorship 	 Short answer Assessment of written assignment

	-	1		. 1		
				study, nursing rounds,		
				concept mapping,		
				project, debate, game,		
				role play, clinical		
				simulation, PBL,		
				questioning, written		
				assignment, process		
				recording		
		_		Educational/Teaching	_	C1
V	5	5	Explain the purpose,	mediaMedia use- Purpose,	• Lecture cum	• Short
			principles and steps in the	• media use- ruipose, components, principles	discussion	Answer
			use of media	and steps		 Objective
				 Types of media- 		type
				Still visuals		
			Categorize the different	• Non projected- drawings		
			types of media and describe	& diagrams, charts, graphs, posters,		
			its advantages and	cartoons, board devices		
			disadvantages	(chalk/white board,		
			disudvantages	bulletin board, flannel		
				board, flip charts, flash		
				cards, still		
				pictures/photographs,		
				printed materials-		
				ĥandout, leaflet,		
				brochure, flyer		
			Develop skill in preparing	• Projected –film stripes,	• Preparation of	• Assessme
			and using media	microscope, power point	different	nt of the
				slides, overhead	teaching aids-	teaching
				projector	(Integrate with	media
				Moving visuals	practice teaching	prepared
				• Video learning	sessions)	
				resources-videotapes &		
				DVD, blu-ray, USB		
				flash drive		
				 Motion pictures/films 		
				Realia and models		
				 Real objects & Models 		
				Audio aids/audio media		
				 Audiotapes/Compact 		
1				discs		
				• Radio & Tape recorder		
				• Public address system		
				• Digital audio		
				Electronic media/computer		
1				learning resources		
				• Computers		
				Web-based		
1				videoconferencing		
				• E-learning, Smart		
1				classroom		
1				Telecommunication		
1				(Distance education)		
1				• Cable TV, satellite		
				broadcasting,		
l	1	1				

VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment tests	videoconferencing Telephones- Telehealth/telenursing <i>Mobile technology</i> Assessment/Evaluation Methods/strategies • Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types • Barriers to evaluation • Guidelines to develop assessment tests	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Short Answer Objective type
			Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	 Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ), Multiple choice questions (MCQ-single response & multiple response) 	• Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	• Assessment of tool/s prepared
				 Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation- Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication-progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning- Interpretive questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		

VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline <i>Guidance</i>	The second se	
				 Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/faculty in guidance 	• Lecture cum discussion	
			Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	 Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling skills/ techniques-basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services Issues for counseling in nursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems-preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance redressal cell/ 	 Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
VIII	5	2	Recognize the importance of value- based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students	committeeEthics and EvidenceBased Teaching (EBT) innursing educationEthics-ReviewDefinition of termsValue based educationin nursingValue developmentstrategiesEthical decision makingEthical standards forstudentsStudent-faculty	 Value clarificatio n exercise Case study analysis (student encountere 	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis

			Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	 Evidence based teaching- Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education 	 and suggest ethical decision- making steps Lecture cum discussion 	• Quiz-MCQ
IX	2	2	Orient towards recent trends in nursing education	 Emerging trends in healthcare and nursing education Emerging trends in healthcare in India Trends in nursing education 	Analysis of NHP 2017- to identify policy influencing nursing education and write term paper	• Evaluation of term paper

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY:

2 Credits (80 Hours) Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hrs) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child- care
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents
- 4. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance
- 5. Participate in national immunization programs /Universal Immunization program (UIP)
- 6. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation
- 7. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI)
- 8. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with common childhood diseases
- 9. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)		CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I.	T10 L10	Explain the modern concept of child- care Describe National policy, programs & legislation in relation to child health & welfare	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy & Modern concept of child- care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare. National programs and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

COURSE OUTLINE

	agencies related to welfare
Describe role of	services to the children.
preventive	Internationally accepted
pediatrics	rights of the child
1	Changing trends in hospital
	care, preventive, promotive
	and curative aspect of child
	health
T · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Preventive pediatrics:
List major causes of	• Concept
death during	• Immunization
infancy, early &	 Immunization programs and
late childhood	cold chain.
	• Care of under-five and
Differentiate	Under-five Clinics /Well-
between an adult	baby clinics
and child in terms	 Preventive measures towards
of illness and	
	accidents
response	
	Child morbidity and
	mortality rates
Describe the major	• Difference between an adult
functions & role of	and child which affect
the pediatric nurse	response to illness
in caring for a	• Physiological
hospitalized child.	
1	
	o Immunological
Describe the	
	Hospital environment for
principles of child	sick child
health nursing and	Impact of hospitalization on
perform child	the child and family
health nursing	Communication techniques
procedures	for children
	• The role of a child health
	nurse in caring for a
	hospitalized child
	• Principles of pre and
	postoperative care of infants
	and children.
	Child Health Nursing
	5
	procedures:
	Administration of
	medication: oral, I/M, & I/V
	Calculation of fluid
	requirement

II. T12		 Application of restraints Assessment of pain in children. FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale Numerical scale The healthy child 	• Lecture	Short answers
	Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children	 Definition and principles of growth and development. Factors affecting growth and development. Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The need of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children and infants. breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary / artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material 	 Determine Discussion Demonstration Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breast feeding Clinical practice/field 	 Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports

III.	T15		Nursing care of neonate:	Modular based	• OSCE
-	L20	Provide care to normal and high-	 Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal 	teaching: ENBC and	
		risk neonates	newborn / essential	FBNC module	
			newborn care.	(oral drills,	• Short answers
		Perform neonatal	 Neonatal resuscitation 	videos, self -	Objective type
		resuscitation	 Nursing management of 	evaluation	e objective type
			low birth weight baby.	exercises)	
		Recognize and	Kangaroo mother care	Workshop on	
		manage common	 Nursing management of 	neonatal	
		neonatal problems	common neonatal	resuscitation:	
			disorder.	NRP module	
			- Hyperbilirubinemia	• Demonstration	
			- Hypothermia,	• Practice	
			hyperthermia	Session	
			- Metabolic disorder	Clinical	
			- Neonatal infections	practice	
			- Neonatal seizures	T	
			- Respiratory distress	• Lecture	
			syndrome Retinenathy of	Discussion	
			- Retinopathy of Prematurity		
			 Organization of neonatal 		
			care unit		
			 Neonatal equipment 		
IV.	T10	Apply principles	Integrated management of	Modular based	• OSCE
	L 05	and strategies of	neonatal and childhood	teaching:	
		IMNCI	Illnesses	IMNCI module	
				Clinical	
* 7	20	D 1 4		practice/field	~1
V.	28	Describe the	Nursing management in	• Lecture	• Short answers
		etiology, pathophysiology,	common childhood diseases. Respiratory system:	Discussion	• Objective type
		clinical	 Identification and Nursing 	Demonstration	• Assessment of
		manifestation and	management of congenital	Practice session	skills with checklist
		nursing	malformations	Clinical	CHECKHSt
		management of	Congenital disorders:	practice	
		children with	Tracheoesophageal fistula,	praetiee	
		disorders of	Diaphragmatic hernia		
		respiratory,	• Others: Acute naso-		
		cardiovascular,	pharyngitis, Tonsillitis,		
		gastrointestinal,	Croup, Bronchitis,		
		genitourinary,	Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia,		
		nervous and	Asthma		
		endocrine system	Cardiovascular system:		
	1		Identification and Nursing		
			management of congenital		
			management of congenital malformationsCongenital heart diseases:		

r			
		Cyanotic and Acyanotic	
		(ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)	
		• Others: - Rheumatic fever	
		and Rheumatic heart disease,	
		Congestive cardiac failure	
		Hematological conditions:	
		a) Congenital: Hemophilia,	
		Thalassemia.	
		b) Others: Anemia,	
		Leukemia, Idiopathic	
		thrombocytopenic purpura,	
		Hodgkins and non-hodgkins	
		lymphoma	
		Gastro-intestinal system:	
		Identification and Nursing	
		management of congenital	
		malformations.	
		• Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft	
		palate, Congenital	
		hypertrophic pyloric	
		stenosis, Hirschsprungs	
		disease (Megacolon),	
		Anorectal malformation,	
		Malabsorption syndrome,	
		Abdominal wall defects,	
		Hernia	
		Others: Gastroenteritis,	
		Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein	
		energy malnutrition, Intestinal	
		obstruction, Hepatic diseases,	
		intestinal parasites	
		Genitourinary urinary system:	
		Identification and Nursing	
		management of congenital	
		malformations.	
		• Congenital: Wilms tumor,	
		Extrophy of bladder,	
		Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis,	
		Obstructive uropathy	
		• Others: Nephrotic syndrome,	
		Acute glomerulo nephritis,	
		renal failure	
		Nervous system:	
		Identification and Nursing	
		management of congenital	
		malformations	
		a) Congenital: Spinabifida,	
		Hydrocephalous.	
		b) Others: Meningitis,	
		Encephalitis, Convulsive	
L	1	1 '	

			disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury. Endocrine system : Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo- thyroidism		
VI	T5 L5	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Child health emergencies: Accidents -causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning NALS/PLS/PALS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration N Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING- I CLINICAL

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER-

2 credits (160 Hrs)

CLINICAL- 3 Credits (240 Hours) 8 weeks x 30 hours/week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children
- 6. Give health education/ nutritional education to parents
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem - 2 Weeks	• Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V. medicine/ fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Health talk - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	Methods
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem- 2 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	 Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 	 Case study/ presentation - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Pediatric OPD/Im munizati on room	V Sem- 1 Week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health / Nutritional education 	 Growth and Developme ntal study: Infant -1 Toddler-1 Preschooler -1 Schooler-1 Adolescent-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.

<u>Skill Lab</u>

Use of Manikins and Simulators

NALS, PLS/PALS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing Procedures:

- Administration of medication-oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding-NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

INTERNSHIP (INTEGRATED PRACTICE)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING – PRACTICAL

Placement: VIII Semester

Time: Internship – 4 weeks

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Assessment methods
Pediatric Medical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various medical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Pediatric Surgical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various surgical conditions	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	2	• Provide Intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 4 Credits (80 Hours) Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing
- 4. Apply the INC practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 12. Demonstrate skills in caring for patients with substance use disorders
- 13. Identify the needs of patients with personality and sexual disorders and provide appropriate care
- 14. Provide nursing care to patients with childhood and adolescent disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	ACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	• Lecture cum Discussion	
II	10	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynami cs of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopatholo gy of mental	 Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD & DSM Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho- social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal 	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality development 	

		disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 neurotransmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental health Nursing (INC standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model 		
			Benavioural modelInterpersonal model		
III	6	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	 Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests 	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Practice session Clinical practice 	
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	 Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse- patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari 	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Role play Process recording Simulation (video) 	

			windowTherapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT, Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
VI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing process • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment • Treatment modalities and	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

VII	6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	 nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorderss Geriatric considerations/consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	•	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	•	Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems
		etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic	of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders • Prevalence and incidence	•	discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical	•	Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

		criteria and	• alogifications	nractica	
		criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 classifications Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorder Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/Consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	practice	
IX	6	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing management patients with Substance use disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/eti ology of substance use disorder (Terminologies - Substance Use, Abuse, tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) 	 Lecture discussio n Case discussio n Case presentat ion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

X	6	 Describe the etiology, 	 Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment-History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for Vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with Personality and Sexual 	• Lecture discussio n	 Essay type Short answers
		psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic criteria and manageme nt of patients with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders	 disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with 	 Case discussio n Case presentat ion Clinical practice 	• Assessment of patient management problems

			 Personality, Sexual and Eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 			
XI	8	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing management of Behavioural & Emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorder, learning disorder, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture discussio n Case discussio n Case presentat ion Clinical practice	 S a A o n 	Essay type Short nswers Assessment of patient nanagement problems

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: V Semester

THEORY: 3credits (60 hours) 2 credits (80 hours) Lab: 10 hours Clinical: 70 hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement

COURSE OUTLINE

THEORY: 60 Hours (3 Credits)

	тт	MF	LEADNINC	TEACHING/	ACCECCMENT		
	TIME (Hours)		LEARNING	CONTENT	LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS	
UNIT	T	P	OUTCOMES		ACTIVITIES	METHODS	
I	1		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	 Health care and development of nursing services in India Current health care delivery system of India-review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 Short answer type Assessment of assignment 	
Π	2		Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	 Management basics applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controllin 	• Lecture & Discussion	 MCQ Short answer type 	

4	Describe essential elements planning	the of	 Planning nursing services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning Strategic planning Program planning: Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting- concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost 	 Lecture & Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	 Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment of problem- solving
			 benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster 		visit Report
4	2 Discuss concepts organizin including hospital organizat	5	 Organizing Organizing as a process- assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital –types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment
8	human re managem (HRM)	source	Staffing (Human resource management)• Definition, objectives, components and functionsStaffing & Scheduling	• Lecture & Discussion, role play	• Formulate Job description at different levels of care &
8		2 Identify significat human re managem	2 Identify the significance of human resource management (HRM) and	organization& organization& organizationOrganizational developmentOrganizational structureOrganizational chartsOrganizational chartsOrganizational effectivenessHospital administration, Control & line of authorityHospital statistics including hospital utilization indicesNursing care delivery systems and trendsNursing care delivery systems and trendsRole of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climateIdentify the significance of human resource management (HRM) andStaffing (Human resource manage & Scheduling	organization& organizationorganization0 organizational developmentOrganizational developmentorganizations0 Organizational structureOrganizational structure0 Organizational chartsOrganizational charts0 Organizational chartsOrganizational charts0 Organizational chartsPreparation of Organizational effectiveness1 Hospital administration, Control & line of authorityPreparational chart of hospital/ Nursing services1 Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indicesNursing care delivery systems and trends2 Identify the significance of human resource management (HRM) andStaffing (Human resource management (HRM) and2Identify the staffing & Scheduling• Lecture play

management and discuss its elements	 staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, 	Games self- assessment, Case discussion and practice session	compare with existing systemPreparation of duty roster
Explain the procedural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process	 Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units- Projecting staffing requirements /calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-service education Nature and scope of inservice education program Principles of adult learning-review Planning and organizing inservice educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report 	 Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward Visit to inventory store of the institution 	 Preparation of MMF/recor ds Preparation of log book & condemnati on documents Visit Report

VI	5	6	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	 Directing and leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management 	 Lecture & Discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments 	 Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4		Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles-Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/ preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report
VIII	3		Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation-records and reports Total quality management-Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal 	 Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/protocols for nursing units/department 	• Assessment of prepared protocols

IX	3	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	 Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis Organizational behavior and human relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review: Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review: Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace-assertive communication Committees- importance in the organization, 	 Lecture & Discussion Role play/exercise- Group dynamics & human relations 	 Short answer OSCE
X	2	Describe the financial management related to nursing services	functioningFinancial management• Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management• Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)• Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for: Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units• Budget and Budgetary process• Financial audit	 Lecture cum discussion Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	 Short answer type Essay Assessment of assignment

XI	1	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	 Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele 	 Review Practice session Visit to departments 	Short answer type
			 nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR 		
XII	1	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	 Personal Management-review Emotional intelligence Resilience building Stress and time management-de stressing Career planning 	ReviewDiscussion	
XIII	4	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	 educational institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines- Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies- INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation-Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/ board of examinations 	 Lecture & discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	• Visit report
XIV	4	planning and organizing	 Planning and organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review: Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities- master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning-faculty, 	 Directed reading- INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment- writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

			 staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities- college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences 	table and clinical rotation	
XV	4	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	recruitment and placement, job description	 Guided reading on faculty norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activity report Assessment of job description
XVI	4	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	8 8	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment- Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment and record

XVII	4	Identify	PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS	
		various legal	Review: Legal and Ethical issues	
		issues and laws	• Nursing as a profession:	
		relevant to	Characteristics of a professional nurse	
		nursing	• Nursing practice- philosophy, aim and	
		practice	objectives	

XVIII	2	70	Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	 Regulatory bodies –INC and SNC constitution and functions <i>Review: Professional ethics</i> Code of ethics and professional conduct-INC & ICN Practice standards for nursing-INC International Council for Nurses (ICN) Legal aspects in nursing: Consumer protection act, patient rights Legal terms related to practice, legal system-types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice-negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties,	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article- research/clin ical 	• Assessment of assignments
		hrs			Clinical posting- Management experience in hospital/college	

80 hrs (Lab-10 and clinical-70 hrs)

Practice competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/ students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/ materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings-incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE-end of posting

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY - 2 Credits (40 Hours)

1 Credits (80 Hours) Lab: 30hrs Clinical project-50hrs

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

UNIT	TIME (HRS)		LEARNING OUTCOMS	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
	Т	Р				
Ι	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process	 Research and research Process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of goodresearch 	 Lecture Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	Short answerObjective type

			State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Steps of Research process-overview Evidence Based Practice: Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers 		
II	2	6	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	 Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem. Writing objectives and hypotheses 	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulatio n of research questions/o bjectives/hy pothesis
111	2	6	Review the related literature	 Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review 	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic

						presented
IV	4		Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	 Short answer Objective type
V	6	4	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments- Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure 	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	 Short answer /Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist

VI	4	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	 Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data 	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables. 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data
VII	12	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data. Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation.	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	 Short answer Objective type Computatio n of descriptive statistics
VIII	4	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	 Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research including publication ethics Utilization of research findings Conducting group research project 	 Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of asample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project.

HEALTH AND NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 1.5 Credits (30 Hours) PRACTICAL: Lab- 0.5 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics- led health care services.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing superior healthcare
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using EHR system in clinical practice
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of NIS system in nursing
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

UNIT	TIME (Hrs) T	P	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	10	10	Describe the importance computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	• Short answers

COURSE OUTLINE

			Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system 	•	Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	(P) •	Assessment of skills using checklist
II	3	2	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics- needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	•	Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report	(T) • •	Essay Short answers Objective type Assessment of report
III	2	2	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	 Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS) 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system	(T) •	Essay Short answers Objective type
IV	2	2	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 	•	Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	(T) • • (P)	Essay Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills using checklist
V	2		Describe the advantages and	Patient Safety & Clinical Risk	•	Lecture Discussion	(T) •	Essay

			limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process 			•	Short answers Objective type
VI	2	2	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	(T) •	Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	2		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	 eHealth: Patients and the Internet Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	• • •	Essay Short answers Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	2	Describe the functions of nursing information system Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	 Using Information in Healthcare Management Components of Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of healthcare organizations 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	(T) • •	Essay Short answers Objective type
IX	2		Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics	Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice • Ethical-legal issues	•	Lecture Discussion Case discussion/role	(T) •	Essay Short answers

		Explains the ethical and legal issues related to nursing informatics	 pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice Ethical- legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing 	play	 Objective type (P) OSCE
X	2	Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	Healthcare Quality &Evidence Based Practice• Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	Lecture DiscussionCase study	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data
- Conducting literature review

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER Hours)

THEORY: 1 Credit (20

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in Total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in Professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedure

UNIT	TIME (Hrs)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	3	Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence	 Forensic science Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic science laboratory Violence Definition Epidemiology Source of data Sexual abuse-child and women 	 Lecture cum discussion Visit to regional/state forensic science laboratory 	 Quiz-MCQ Write visit report

COURSE OUTLINE

Ι	2	Explain concepts	Forensic nursing	•	Lecture cum	• Short answer
		of forensic nursing	Definition		discussion	Objective type
		and scope of	• History and			
		practice for	development			
		forensic nurse	• Scope - setting of			
			practice, areas of			
			practice and			
			subspecialties			
			• Ethical issues			
			• Roles and			
			responsibilities of nurse			
			• INC & SNC Acts			
III	7	Identify members	Forensic team	•	Lecture cum	
		of forensic team	• Members and their		Discussion	
		and describe role	roles			Objective type
		of forensic nurse	Comprehensive forensic			• Short answer
			nursing care of victim			
			and family	٠	Hypothetical/real	
			Physical aspects		case presentation	
			Psychosocial aspects			
			• Cultural and spiritual			
			aspects			
			Legal aspects			
			• Assist forensic team in			
			care beyond scope of			
			her practiceAdmission and	•	Observation of post-	
			 Admission and discharge/referral/death 		mortem	
			of victim of violence			
			 Responsibilities of 			
			nurse as a witness			
			Evidence preservation-			
			role of nurses			
			Observation			
			Recognition	•	Visit to department	• Write report
			Collection		of forensic medicine	
			Preservation			
			• Documentation of			
			Biological and other			
			evidence related to			
			criminal/traumatic			
			event			
			 Forwarding biological 			
			samples for forensic			
			examination			

IV	3	Describe fundamental rights and human rights commission	Introduction of Indian constitution Fundamental rights • Rights of victim • Rights of accused Human rights commission	 Lecture cum discussion Written Assignment Visit to prison 	 Short answer Assessment of written assignment Write visit report
V	5	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law- making powers Overview of Indian judicial system • JFMC • District • State • Apex Civil and criminal case procedures • IPC • ICPC	 Lecture cum discussion Guided reading 	 Quiz Short answer
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	 IE Act Overview of POSCO Act 	Lecture cum discussion	

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 20 Hours Clinical: 80 Hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

r	T		COURSE OUTLINE		ı
UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
NO.	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
VII	T110	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders	 Orthopedic disorders: Club foot Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and Atopic dermatitis 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases	Communicable diseases in children, their identification/diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention: • Tuberculosis • Diphtheria • Tetanus • Pertussis • Poliomyelitis • Measles		

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
1.0.	(1110)			ACTIVITIES	
VIII	T	Describe the	 Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever Management of behavior 	Lecture	Short answers
		management of children with behavioral & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children	 and social problems in children. Child Guidance clinic Common behavior disorders in children and management Enuresis and Encopresis Nervousness Nail biting Thumb sucking Temper tantrum Stealing Aggressiveness Juvenile delinquency School phobia Learning disability Psychiatric disorders in children and management Childhood depression Conversion reaction Posttraumatic stress disorder Autistic spectrum disorders Eating disorder in children and management Obesity Anorexia nervosa Bulimia Management of challenged children. Welfare services for challenged children in 	 Decenter Discussion Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged 	 Objective type Assessment of field reports

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
			India		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

1 Credit (80 Hrs)

THEORY: 20 Hours Clinical: 80 Hours

Pediatric Medical Ward	VI Sem- 1 Week	• Counsel & educate parents	 Application of restraints Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures 	 Case study/ presentation – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.
Pediatric Surgical Ward	VI Sem- 1 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative 	 Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & 	• Nursing care plan- 1	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/

		 care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	drainage		OSPE • Evaluation of case study/ presentation • Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem-1 Week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator / warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (NALS,PLS,PALS) 	 Newborn assessment- 1 Nursing Care Plan-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record.

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

TEORY: 1credit (20 Hours) PRACTICAL: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders
- 2. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies
- 3. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision
- 4. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017
- 5. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing management of organic brain disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) • Prevalence and incidence • Classificatio n • Etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis • Nursing Assessment- History,	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

			 Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
XIII	6	• Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (Attempted suicide, violence/aggressi on, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model -Coping enhancement -Techniques of counseling 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type

XIV	4	• Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing • Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 • (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act • Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 • Rights of mentally ill clients • Forensic psychiatry • Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking • Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 • Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017	 Lecture discussion Case discussion 	 Short answers Objective type
XV	5	 Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describes Community Mental health services and role of the nurse 	Community Mental Health Nursing • Development of Community Mental Health Services: • National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy • National Mental Health Programme	 Lecture discussion Clinical/fiel d practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

• Institutionali
zation Versus
Deinstitutionaliz
ation
Model of
Preventive
psychiatry
• Mental
Health Services
available at the
primary,
secondary,
tertiary levels
including
rehabilitation
and nurses'
responsibilities
Health Agencies:
Government and
voluntary,
National and
International
Mental
health nursing
issues for special
populations:
Children,
Adolescene,
Women Elderly,
Victims of
violence and
abuse,
Handicapped,
HIV/AIDS etc.

CLINICAL - MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II-PRACTICAL: 3 Credits (240 Hours) - 35 hrs 7 weeks

(MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I – 2 Credits (160 Hours) & MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II – 1 Credit (80 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psycho-education
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse

disorders in dead diction centre

		x .			
Areas	Duration	Learning	Skills/Procedural	Clinical	Assessments
	(in	Outcomes	competencies	requirements	Methods
	weeks)				
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psycho- education Mental hygiene practice 	 History taking and Mental status examination-2 Health education-1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assesss each skill with checklist Evaluatio n of health education Assessme nt of observation report Completi on of activity

CLINICAL POSTINGS

			education Family psycho- education		record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency 	 Case work-1 Observation report of different therapies-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluatio n of the observation report
Inpatient ward	4	 Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others 	 History taking Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro- convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families 	 Give care to 2- 3 patients with various mental disorders Case study-1 Care plan- 2 Clinical presentation1 Process recording 2 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluatio n of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completi on of activity record

Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care 	 Case work-1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluatio n of case work and observation report Completi on of activity record
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INTERNSHIP

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry ward	4 weeks	 Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems Carry out Specific Nursing interventions for the clients with different mental disorders 	• Integrated Practice	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -I INCLUDING EPIDEMIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 2. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- **3.** Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- **4.** Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 5. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- **6.** Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 7. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 8. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- **9.** Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non- communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- **10.** Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 11. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- **12.** Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)
- **13.** Explain population control & its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size

	COURSE OUTLINE							
UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS			
Ι	7 T	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	Communityhealthnursingapproaches,concepts,rolesandresponsibilitiesofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnel•Approaches:•Nursingprocess••Epidemiologicalapproach••Problemsolvingapproach•Evidencebasedapproach•Empoweringpeopletocare for themselves•Review•PrimaryhealthcarecomprehensivePrimaryHealthConcept,Principles,Process,&*Techniques:*Concept,Principles,Process,*%*Roles*Roles*Roles*Roles*Roles*Review:*Principles &*technique*Roles*Review:*Principles &*techniques*ofcommunityhealthnursingpersonnelinfamily health services	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays Supervised field practice	 Short answers Essays Assessment of supervised field practice 			
Π	10 T	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	AssistingindividualsandfamiliestopromoteandmaintaintheirhealthA.A.Assessmentofindividualsandfamilies(Reviewfromchildhelathnursing,Medicalsurgicalnursingand	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationRole plays	 Short answers Essay type Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area 			

Provide primary care at home/health centers (HWC) using standing orders/protocols as per public health standards/approved by MOH&FW and INC regulation	 OBG Nursing) Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc Children-Monitoring growth and development, milestones Anthropometric measurements, BMI Social development Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring Menstrual cycle Breast self examination (BSE) and testicles self examination (TSE) Warning Signs of various diseases Tests:Urine for sugar 			Assessment of procedural skills in lab procedures
Develop skill in maintenance of records and reports Develop beginning skills in handling social issues affecting the health and development of the family	 Tests: Orine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin <i>B. Provision of health</i> services/ primary health care: Routine check- up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis Management of common diseases at home and health centre level Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Drugs dispensing and injections at health centre <i>C. Continue medical care</i> and follow up in community for various 	Document and maintain: • Individual records • Family records • Health center records	•	Evaluation of records and reports Evaluation of field visit reports

 1	4. / 4	Г	,
	diseases/ disabilities		
Identify and assist	D. Carry out therapeutic		
the families to	<i>procedures</i> as		
utilize the	prescribed/required for	• Field visits	
community	client and family		
resources	j		
	E. Maintenance of health		
appropriately			
	records and reports		
	• Maintenance of client		
	records		
	• Maintenance of health		
	records at the facility		
	level		
	• Report writing and		
	documentation of		
	activities carried out		
	during home visits, in		
	the clinics/centers and		
	field visits		
	<i>F. Sensitize and handle</i>		
	social issues affecting		
	health and development of		
	the family		
	• Women empowerment		
	• Women and child		
	abuse		
	• Abuse of elders		
	• Female foeticide		
	 Commercial sex 		
	workers		
	 Substance abuse 		
	G. Utilize community		
	resources for client and		
	family		
	 Trauma services 		
	• Old age homes		
	Orphanages		
	• Homes for physically		
	challenged individuals		
	Homes for destitute		
	 Palliative care centres 		
	Hospice care centres		
	• Assisted living facility		

	10 T	Describe concepts, approaches methods epidemiology	the and of an of	IntroductiontoEpidemiology-EpidemiologicalApproaches,andProcesses• Epidemiology- ConceptandDefinitionandfrequency of disease• Aims & uses of epidemiology• Epidemiological models of causation of disease• Concepts of disease• Time trends of ftransmission-Direct, Indirect and chain of infection• Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence• Epidemiological approaches- Descriptive, analytical and experimental• Principles of control measures/ levels of prevention of disease• Investigation of an epidemic	•	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Field visits- communicable disease hospital & Entomology office	•	Short answers Essay type Report on visit to communica ble disease hospital Report on visit to entomology office Report and presentation on Investigatin g an epidemic of communica ble disease
IV	15 T	Explain	the	 Principles of control measures/ levels of prevention of disease Investigation of an 				Investigatin g an epidemic of communica
		epidemiology specific communicable diseases	of	programs1.CommunicableDiseases – Vector bornediseases (Every diseasewill be dealt under the		LectureDiscussion,DemonstrationRole play	•	Field visit reports Assessment
		Describe	the	following headlines)		• Suggested field		of family

various methods of prevention, control and management of communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health facility	 Epidemiology of the following vector born diseases Prevention & control measures Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Malaria Filaria Kala-azar Japanese encephalitis Dengue Communicable 	 case study OSCE assessment Short answers Essay type
	diseases: Infectious diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) • Epidemiology of the following infectious diseases • Prevention & Control measures • Screening, diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow	
	 up Leprosy Tuberculosis Vaccine preventable diseases-Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and measles Enteric fever Viral hepatitis HIV/AIDS/RTI infections- HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted 	

Identify the o Diseases/Reproductive Identify the o Diarrhoea relevant national o Respiratory tract	
IdentifytheoDiarrhoearelevantnationaloRespiratorytract	
IdentifytheoDiarrhoearelevantnationaloRespiratorytract	
IdentifytheoDiarrhoearelevantnationaloRespiratorytract	
relevant national o Respiratory tract	
health programmage infactions	
health programmes infections	
and explain the o Helminthic -soil &	
role of nurses in food transmitted and	
implementation of parasitic infections-	
these programmes Scabies and	
pediculosis	
3 . Communicable	
diseases: Zoonotic	
diseases	
Epidemiology of	
Zoonotic diseases	
Prevention & control	
measures	
Screening and	
diagnosing the	
following conditions,	
primary	
management,	
referral and follow	
up - Dabiery Identify	
o Rabies: Identify,	
suspect, primary	
management and	
referral to a health	
facility	
• Role of a nurses in	
control of	
communicable	
diseases	
National Health	
Programmes	
1. UIP-Universal	
Immunization	
Programme	
(Diphtheria,	
Whooping cough,	
Tetanus, Poliomyelitis,	
Measles and Hepatitis	
2. National Leprosy	
Eradication	
Programme (NLEP)	

V	15 T	Describe the national health programmes for	 Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP) Integrated Disease Surveillence Programme (IDSP)- Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory infections and Scabies National Aids Control Organization (NACO) National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme National Air Quality Monitoring Programme Any other newly added programmes Non- Communicable diseases and National Health 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration 	 Field visit reports Assessment
		the control of non- communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification primary management and referral to a health facility	 programmes(NCD) National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines Epidemiology of 	 Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 OSCE assessment OSCE assessment Short answers Essay type

<u>г</u>	 -	I	
	programme for control of blindness		
	• Deafness- national		
	programme for		
	prevention and control		
	of deafness		
	• Thyroid diseases		
	 Injury and accidents- 		
	Risk factors for Road		
	traffic injuries and		
	operational guidelines		
	for trauma care facility		
	on highways		
	on ingnivays		
	NCD-2 Cancers		
	• Cervical Cancer		
	• Breast Cancer		
	• Oral cancer		
	• Epidemiology of		
	specific cancers, Risk		
	factors/Causes,	health programmes	
	Prevention, Screening,		
	diagnosis- signs, Signs		
	& symptoms, and		
	early management &		
	referral		
	• Palliative care		
	• Role of a nurse in non-		
	communicable disease		
	control programme		
	National Health		
	Programmes		
	• National programme		
	for prevention and		
	control of cancer,		
	Diabetes,		
	Cardiovascular		
	Diseases and Stroke		
	(NPCDCS)		
	• National programme		
	for control of		
	blindness		
	• National programme		
	for prevention and		
	control of deafness		
	• National tobacco		
	control programme		
	• Standard treatment		
I		•	

			protocols used in National Health				
			Programmes				
VI	10 T	Explain nurses'	Management of common				
	101	role in identifying,	conditions and				
		primary	emergencies including	•	Lecture,	•	Short
		management and	first aid	•	Discussion,		answers
		referral of clients	• Standing orders:		Demonstration	•	Essay type
		with common	Definition, uses	•	Role play	•	Field visit
		disorders/	Screening,			•	reports
		conditions and	diagnosing/identification,	•	Suggested field visits		reports
		emergencies	primary care and	•	Field practice	•	OSCE
		including first aid	referral of	•	Assessment of clients	•	assessment
		0	Gastrointestinal system:		with common		assessment
			 Abdominal pain 		conditions and provide		
			 Nausea and vomiting 		referral		
			 Diarrhea 				
			 Constipation 				
			• Jaundice				
			• GI bleeding				
			• Abdominal distension				
			o Dysphagia and				
			dyspepsia				
			 Aphthous ulcers 				
			Respiratory System:				
			• Acute upper				
			respiratory infections-				
			Rhinitis, Sinusitis,				
			Pharyngitis,				
			Laryngitis, Tonsillitis				
			• Acute lower				
			respiratory infections-				
			o Bronchitis, pneumonia				
			and bronchial asthma				
			• Hemoptysis, Acute				
			chest pain				
			Heart & Blood				
			o Common heart				
			diseases- Heart				
			attack/coronary artery				
			disease, heart failure,				
			arrhythmia				
			o Blood-anemia, blood				
			cancers, bleeding				
			disorders				
			Eye & ENT conditions				
			Eye-local infections,				
			redness of eye,				
			conjunctivitis, stye,				
			trachoma and refractive				

VII	20 T	Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and child care, including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings	errors ENT-Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary system Urinary tract infections- cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions - Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting) • Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India Antenatal care • Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health	•	Short answers Essay type OSCE assessment
			 Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling Calcium and iron 	•	newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent		

	diabetes mellitus,	
	Hypothyroidism,	
	Syphilis	
	• Referral, follow up	
	and maintenance of	
	records and reports	
	Intra natal care	
	• Normal labour-	
	process, onset, stages	
	of labour	
	• Monitoring and active	
	management of	
	different stages of	
	labour	
	• Care of women after	
	labour	
Promote	• Early identification,	
adolescent health	primary management,	
	referral and follow up-	
	preterm labour, fetal	
	distress, prolonged and	
	obstructed labour,	
	vaginal & perennial	• Screen,
	tears, ruptured uterus	manage and
	• Care of newborn	refer
	immediately after birth	adolescents
	• Maintenance of	• Counsel
	records and reports	adolescents
	• Use of Safe child birth	
	check list	
	SBA module-Review	
	Organization of labour	
	room	
	Postpartum care	
	• Objectives, Postnatal	
	visits, care of mother	
	and baby, breast	
	feeding, diet during	
	lactation, and health	
	counseling	
	• Early identification,	
	primary management,	
	referral and follow up	
	of complications,	
	Danger signs-	
	postpartum	
	hemorrhage, shock,	
	puerperal sepsis, breast	
	conditions, post	

partum depression
• Postpartum visit by
health care provider
Newborn and child care
• Review: Essential
newborn care
• Management of
common neonatal
problems
• Management of
common child health
problems: Pneumonia,
Diarrhoea, Sepsis,
screening for
congenital anomalies
and referral
<i>Review:</i> IMNCI
Module
• Under five clinics
Adolescent Health
Common health
1
factors in adolescent
girls and boys
• Common
Gynecological
conditions-
dysmenoorhea,
Premenstrual
Syndrome (PMS),
Vaginal discharge,
Mastitis, Breast lump,
pelvic pain, pelvic
organ prolapse
• Teenage pregnancy,
awareness about legal
age of marriage,
nutritional status of
adolescents National
Menstrual Hygiene
scheme
Counseling for parents
and
teen agers
National programmes
• RMNCH +A
Approach- Aims,
Health systems
strengthening,

VIII	4 T 3 T	Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse Discuss the concepts and scope	 evaluation systems Universal Immunization Programme as per Government of India guidelines-Review Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) -adolscents Other new programmes School Health Services Objectives Health problems of school children Components of school health services Maintenance of school health records Initiation and planning of school health services Role of a school health nurse 	• Role play	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of health counseling to school children Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children OSCE assessment
		of demography	 Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics-demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, The causes and social implications 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits 	 Short answers Essay type

r		Г		r	
			• Sources of vital		
			statistics- Census,		
			registration of vital		
			events, sample		
			registration system		
			• Morbidity and		
			mortality indicators:		
			Definition, calculation		
			and interpretation		
			 Surveillance, 		
			Integrated disease		
			surveillance project		
			1 5		
			(IDSP), Organization		
			of IDSP, flow of		
			information and		
			mother and child		
			tracking system		
			(MCTS) in India		
			• Collection, analysis,		
			interpretation, use of		
			data		
			<i>Review-</i> Common		
			sampling techniques-		
			random and		
			nonrandom techniques		
			Disaggregation of data		
Χ	6 T	Discuss population	Population and its		
		explosion and its	Control •	Lecture	• Short
		impact on social	Population Explosion	Discussion	answers
		and economic	and its impact on \bullet	Demonstration	• Essay type
		development of	Social, Economic •	Role play	
		India	development of	Suggested field visits	
			individual, society and	Field practice	
		Describe the	country.		
		various methods of	• Population Control –		• OSCE
		population control	Women		assessment
	1		Empowerment; Social,		
			Linpowerment, Social,		
			Economic and		
			Economic and Educational		• Counseling
			Economic and Educational Development		• Counseling
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size –		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small		-
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm,		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural,		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical,		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods		on family
			Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical,		on family

Vasectomy) • Emergency Contraception • Counseling in reproductive, sexual	
 health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act 	
 National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) 	
 Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 	

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I

CLINICAL POSTINGS:

4 Weeks x 40 hours/week

Total hours: 160 hours

CLINICAL AREA/UNIT		LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases	 Investigating an epidemic - Community health survey 	• Community health survey to investigate an epidemic-1	
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients	• Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	 Health assessment of woman-1, infant/under five-1, adolescent-1, adult-1 Growth monitoring of under- five children- 1 	 Clinical performanc e assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examinatio
		Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Participate in school health programme	• Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high- risk clients to FRUs	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communicable disease- 1 • Non- communicable diseases- 1 • Dental problems- 1 • Eye problems- 1 • Ear, nose, and throat problems- 1 • High risk	n (University)

Counsel and ed individual, fam and community Provide family welfare service Participate in implementation national health programmes Maintain record reports	 intrapartum, postnatal and newborn Conduction of normal delivery at health center Newborn care Participation in school health programme A of Health conter Health conter Assessment of antenatal-1, intrapartum-1, postnatal-1 and
	 Participation in National Health Programmes Health counseling for Adult with Communicable diseases/NCD-1 Adolescent Group health Education - 1 (Rural/Urban) Family planning counselling- 1 Insertion of

	IUCD-1 • Removal of IUCD-1 • Family case study- 1 (Rural/Urban)
	• Participation in any two National Health programmes
	 Document and maintain: Individual record Family record Health center record Writing report on Health center activities

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- I

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)

Skill lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

Clinical : 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the program, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery/obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception
- 5. Describe and apply the physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful maternity care for the women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Conduct normal deliveries and provide essential newborn care
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for women and their families

UNIT		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
Ι	T- 4	Identify the trends and issues in midwifery	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Midwifery in India- Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India, National health programs related to RMNCH 		

COURSE OUTLINE

			 Current trends in midwifery and gynecology nursing: Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) Midwife led care units (MLCU) Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth Essential competencies for basic midwifery practice (ICM) Universal rights of childbearing women Sexual and reproductive health and rights Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India: INC/MOH&FW regulations Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answers Objective type Essay Quiz
			 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT)Act, Surrogate mothers -Roles And responsibilities of a midwife in different settings (hospital / community) 		
II	T- 4 L- 4	Describe / Review the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system	 Maternal, Fetal & Newborn physiology: Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception <i>Review:</i> Female organs of reproduction Female pelvis –bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, variations in pelvis shape Foetal skull- bones, sutures, fontanelles, diameters, moulding Fetopelvic relationship Physiology of menstrual cycle, 	 Lecture Discussion Self- directed learning Models Videos & films 	 Quiz Simulation Short answers OSCE

III	T - 10 L - 10 C - 40	Provide preconception care to eligible	 menstrual hygiene Fertilization, conception and implantation Embryological development Placental development Placental function: blood brain barrier Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & Fetal nutrition Assessment and management of normal pregnancy(ante- natal) Pre pregnancy Care 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of
		care to eligible couples Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy including pre pregnancy care Demonstrate knowledge of midwifery practice throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd trimesters	 Pre pregnancy Care Review of sexual development (Self Learning) Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) Preconception care Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal births), Genetic counseling (Self Learning) Planned parenthood Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters) Normal pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy - Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers engagement in maternity care Physiological changes during pregnancy Reproductive system, Cardio-vascular system Respiratory system Urinary system, Gastero 	 Health talk Role play Counselin g session Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Supervised Clinical practice Refer SBA module & Safe motherhoo d booklet 	 Assessment of skills with check list Case study evaluation OSCE

	-		
 intestinal system, Metabolic changes, Skeletal changes, Skin changes Endocrine system & psychological changes Ante-natal care: ITrimester Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy Antenatal care and counseling (lifestyles in pregnancy, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior in pregnancy counseling regarding sexual life during pregnancy etc) Danger signs during pregnancy Birth preparedness and complication readiness (including promoting normalcy during pregnancy) Respectful care and compassionate communication Recording and reporting: Clinical procedures as per the GoIs guideline GoI current model of ANC provision Role of Doula/ASHAs II Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester Rh negative and prophylacti c anti D Second trimester 	•	Lab tests- performan ce, and interpretati on Refer Guidelines for calcium supplemen tation tation	
• Second			
	•	-	
trimester tests and		on	
		alternative	
health		birthing	
education	L	onunng	

r	.	•.•	
	 Interpreting screening results Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, immunization etc Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate -Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope, Assessment of fetal well-being:, DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardiotocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. Antenatal care Women centered care Respectful care and compassionate communication Referral and collaboration, empowerment Ongoing risk assessment Maternal Mental Health III Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester Third trimester tests and screening Fetal engagement in late pregnancy 3rd trimester antenatal education classes Birth preparedness and complication readiness Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Danger signs of pregnancy-recognition of ruptured membranes Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care 	positions	
	communication		
	 Alternative birthing positions- 		
	6 P 6 P 6 P		

		women's preferred choices		
		• Role of Doula / ASHA's		
T - 10 L - 12 C - 60	Apply the physiology of labour Describe the management and care during labour Discuss how to maintain an environment for labour in which the woman feels safe Work effectively with pain during labour	 Physiology, management and care during labour Review of Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/ labour Per vaginal examination Stages of labour Organization of labor room- Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Care during 1st stage of normal labour Pain relief in labour (non- pharmacological and pharmacological support- Managing fear Activity and positioning during first stage of labour Nutrition during labour Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion for labour Role of Doula / ASHA's 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of deliveries SBA module LaQshyaguide lines Dakshitha guidelines 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE
		Second stage		
	Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women	 Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support 		

during birt enhance physiology promote ne birth Assess and provide car the newborn immediatel following b	 Management of birth/Conduction of delivery- preparation and supporting physiological birthing Essential newborn care (ENBC) Assessment and care of the newborn immediately following birth Pala of Doula / ASHA's 	 Demonstration Group work Scenario based learning
Discuss the impact of I and birth a transitiona in the worn life Ensure init of breast for and adequa- latching	 separation and expulsion, homeostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, vaginal tear / injuries and suture if required Insertion of postpartum IUCD Immediate perineal care Initiation of breast feeding Skin to skin contact Vitamin K prophylaxis Newborn resuscitation Fourth Stage Care during 4th Stage of labour Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and wavebave 	

V	T- 6 L- 6 C- 30	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium- Physiology, duration Physiology of puerperium Post-natal assessment and care- facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the mother from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow – up of postnatal mothers. Drugs used in the postnatal period 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice Refer SBA module ENBC module 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
VI	T- 6	Discuss the need	period Records and reports Assessment and ongoing care	Lecture	 Essay type
	L- 8 C- 30	for compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn and how this is	 of normal neonates Family centred care Respectful care and communication Normal Neonate - 	 Discussi on Demonstration Simulated practice session 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

provided	Physiological	 Supervised 	• OSCE
	adaptation	clinical practice	
Describe the	• Newborn assessment and care	 Refer safe 	
assessment ar	• Selecining for congenitar	deliver app	
management		module-	
normal neona		newborn	
	to 6 weeks after the delivery	management	
	(Routine care of newborn)		
	• Skin to skin contact and		
	thermoregulation		
	• Infection prevention		
	(asepsis and hand washing)		
	• Immunization		
	• Minor disorders of newborn		
	and its management		

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

Total Hours: 200hrs Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests Eg. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Set up and manage a delivery unit
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal delivery with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Assess and care for normal postnatal mothers
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 17. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care

SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers micro birth planning
- 5. PV examination
- 6. Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 7. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 8. Mechanism of labour normal
- 9. Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 10. Active management of third stage of labour
- 11. Placental examination
- 12. Newborn resuscitation
- 13. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 14. Postnatal assessment
- 15. Newborn assessment
- 16. Kangaroo mother care

		NICAL POSTINGS	4 weeks x 40hours	-	1
	DURATION		PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT
AREA	IN WEEKS	LEARNING	COMPETENCIES	REQUIREMENTS	METHODS
		OUTCOMES	/CLINICAL		
A untau atal	1	Daufanna antanatal	SKILLS	A 4 4 1	OCCE
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin Blood test for malaria Blood test for grouping and typing Kick chart /DFMC /NST / CTG / USG Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	 OSCE Case presentation
Post-partum clinic / PTCT Centre and Postnatal Ward	1 week	PerformpostnatalassessmentProvidecaretonormalpostnatalmothersandnewborn	 and complication readiness Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study Case presentation Cu-T insertion and removal 	 Assignment case study case presentation

Labour room	2 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care Provide care during labour Conduct normal delivery, provide care to mmediate care newborn	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological	•	Partograph recording PV examination Assisting / Conduction of normal delivery Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing Newborn resuscitation	•	Assignment case study Case presentation
			•	labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal delivery Essential newborn care				
			•	Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour				

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours) Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes
- 2. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 3. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 4. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 5. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 6. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 7. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 8. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 9. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 10. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 11. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 12. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Ι	4	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes	 Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programmes Role of a nurse in occupational health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Clinical performance evaluation
Π	5	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National programme for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programmes/ Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report on elderly home Essay type Short answers

Π	4 hours	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders <i>Review:</i> Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction programme National Mental Health Programme National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	 Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits, Field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Counseling report
IV	4 hours	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	 Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues <i>Review:</i> Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice Group project on community diagnosis-data management 	 Group project report Essay type Short answers
V	5 hours	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and	 Delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC 	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care 	Essay typeShort answersFiled visit reports

VII	8	urban areas Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers	 Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals- district, state and central Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA Roles and responsibilities 	 delivery systems Supervised field practice • Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs, ASHA, AWWs Participation in training programmes Essay Type Short answers
		Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health			

	<i>Review</i> : Leadership &
	supervision-concepts,
	principles & methods
	• Leadership in health:
	leadership approaches in
	healthcare setting, taking
	control of health of
	community and
	organizing health camps,
	village clinics
	Training, Supportive
	supervision and
	monitoring-concepts,
	principles and process Eg.
	performance of frontline
	health workers
	Financial Management
	and Accounting &
	Computing at Health
	Centers (SC)
	• Activities for which funds
	are received
	 Accounting and book
	keeping requirements-
	accounting principles &
	policies, book of accounts
	to be maintained, basic
	accounting entries,
	accounting process,
	payments & expenditure,
	fixed asset, SOE reporting
	format, utilization
	certificate (UC) reporting
	• Preparing a budget
	o Audit
	Records & Reports:
	Concepts of records and
	reports-importance, legal
	implications, purposes,
	use of records, principles
	of record writing, filing of
	records
	Types of records-
	community related
	records, registers,
	guidelines for maintaining
	Report writing-
	purposes, documentation
	of activities, types of
	reports
I	

VII	4 hours	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for	 Medical Records Department- functions, filing and retention of medical records Electronic Medical Records (EMR)-capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of EHR Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting Disaster Management Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field 	•
		disaster preparedness and management	 Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	 visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer-Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster /INC – Reaching out in emergencies 	
VIII	3 hours	Describe the importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site 	• Field visit report
IX	3 hours	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	 Health agencies International WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commision, Red cross, USAID, UNESCO, 	LectureDiscussionField visits	Essay typeShort answers

JHPIEGO, any other		
• National: Indian Red		
cross, Indian Council		
for Child Welfare,		
Family Planning		
Association of India,		
Tuberculosis		
Association of India,		
Central Social Welfare		
Board, All India		
Women's Conference,		
Blind Association of		
India, any other		
Voluntary Health		
Association of		
India(VHA)		
	cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health	JHPIEGO, any other • National: Indian Red cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

CLINICAL POSTINGS

2 Weeks x 40 hrs/week Total hours: 80 hours

CLINICAL AREA	DURATIO N IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban Rural	1week 1 Week	• Participate in community diagnosis -data management	Participation in Community diagnosis-data management	Group project: Community diagnosis-data management	• Assignment
		 Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem 	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems-1	 evaluation Field visit report Clinical performance assessment OSCE
		• Screen, diagnose, manage and	• Mental health screening	• Mental health screening survey- 1	during posting • Final clinical
		refer clients who are mentally unhealthy	• Health assessment of elderly	• Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly- 1	examination (University)
		 Screen, assess and manage elderly with 	Writing health center activity reportOrganizing and	• write report on health center activities- 1	
		health problems and refer appropriately	conducting clinics/camp	 Organizing and conducting: Antenatal/underfi 	
		• Participate in health centre activities	Participation in disaster mock drills	ve clinic/Health camp- 1Participation in	
		• Organize and conduct clinics/health		disaster mock drills	
		camps in the communityPrepare for disporter		 Field visit to bio- medical waste management site Visit to AYUSH 	
		disaster preparedness and management		clinic	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY : 4 Credits (80

hours)

Skill lab : 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical : 7 Credits (560 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetrical and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal conditions.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Counsel and care for couples with infertility
- 12. Describe artificial reproductive technology
- 13. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 14. Demonstrate skills in implementing various government programs related to MNCH care.
- 15. Identify the role of a midwife in vital statistics and health information management
 - **16.**Recognize the importance of family welfare programme and describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare

COURSE OUTLINE

UNI	TIM	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSME
Т	Ε	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	NT
				ACTIVITIES	METHODS
I	T- 20 L- 10 C- 120	Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with abnormal/proble ms during pregnancy Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome	RecognitionandManagementofproblemsduring Pregnancy•Assessment ofhigh-riskpregnancy••Problems/complication s of pregnancy••Problems/complication s of pregnancy••Problems/complication s of pregnancy••Problems/complication s of pregnancy••Problems/complication s of pregnancy••Bleeding in early pregnancy:abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole•Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma••Medical conditions complicating pregnancy: Anemia, PIH, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility••Infections in pregnancy • urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal•Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy: appendicitis, acute abdomen•Hydramnios • Multiple pregnancy•Abnormalities of placenta and cord •	ACTIVITIES • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Video & films • Scan reports • Case discussion • Case presentation • Drug presentation • Health talk • Simulation • Role play • Supervised Clinical practice • SBA module • WHO midwifery toolkit • GoI guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM	 METHODS Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Assessme nt of skills with check list OSCE

II	T - 20 L - 15	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems	 restriction Intra uterine fetal death Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues during pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi, grand multiparity Management and care of conditions as per the protocol Policy for the referral services Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies Maintenance of records and reports Recognition of deviations from the normal and management during labour Preterm labour: 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation 	 Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type
II	20 L –	initial management and refer women	Recognition of deviations from the normal and management during labour	DiscussionDemonstrationCase discussion/	 Short answers Objectiv

r				
			Dysfunctional labour	
			Complications of third	
			stage: Retained placenta,	
			Injuries to birth canal,	
			Postpartum hemorrhage	
			(bimanual compression	
			of the uterus, aortic	
			compression, uterine	
			balloon tamponade)	
			Obstetric emergencies-	
			Ruptured uterus,	
			Obstetrical shock,	
			Amniotic fluid embolism,	
			Foetal distress, Cord	
			prolapse, Shoulder	
			dystocia, Uterine	
			inversion, Vasa previa	
			Episiotomy and suturing	
			Obstetric procedures-	
			Forceps delivery,	
			Vacuum delivery,	
			Version	
			Manual removal of the	
			placenta	
			Induction of labour-	
			Medical & surgical	
			Caesarean section:	
			indications and preparation	
			Nursing management	
			of women undergoing	
			Obstetrical operations	
			and procedures	
			• Drugs used in	
			management of	
			abnormal labour	
			Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics	
III	T-	Describe the		Oui-
111	1- 10		Recognitionand•Lecture•Management of postnatal•Demonstration•	Quiz
	L-5	assessment, initial	Management of postnatal problems• Demonstration Case discussion/	Simul
	L-3 C-	management,	problems	ation
	80	referral and	 Physical examination, identification of deviation Drug presentation 	Short
	00		fucinitie and of activities and clinical	answ
		nursing care of	nractice	ers
		women with	Puerperal complications Gol guidance note	OSC

		alman and a	and its management	on provention and	Б
		abnormal	and its management	on prevention and management of PPH	E
		postnatal	• Puerperal pyrexia		
		conditions.	• Puerperal sepsis		
			• Urinary complications		
			• Secondary Postpartum		
			hemorrhage		
			• Vulval hematoma		
			• Breast engorgement		
			including mastitis/breast		
			abscess, feeding		
			problem		
			• Thrombophlebitis		
			o DVT		
			• Uterine sub involution		
			• Vesico vaginal fistula		
			(VVF), Recto vaginal		
			fistula (RVF)		
			• Postpartum blues /		
			psychosis		
			• Drugs used in abnormal		
			puerperium		
			• Policy about referral		
W	Т 7	Describe high		• Lecture	• Chart
IV	T - 7	Describe high	Assessment and	LectureDiscussion	Short
IV	L - 5	risk neonates and	Assessment and management of High-	DiscussionDemonstration	answers
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	Assessment and	DiscussionDemonstrationSimulation	answersObjectiv
IV	L - 5	risk neonates and	Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review)	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ 	answersObjectiv e type
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) • Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight o Kangaroo Mother 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight o Kangaroo Mother Care 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list
IV	L - 5 C -	risk neonates and their nursing	 Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress 	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	 answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of skills with check list

			 Convulsions Neonatal tetanus Congenital anomalies Baby of HIV positive mothers Baby of Rh negative mothers Birth injuries SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM / formula feeds / tube feeding Home based newborn care program - community facility integration in newborn 		
V	T - 15 L - 5 C - 120	Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological	 formula feeds / tube feeding Home based newborn care program - community facility integration in newborn care Decision making about management and referral Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns Maintenance of records and reports Assessment and management of women with gynecological Gynecological 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ 	 Essay type Short answers Objective
		gynecological disorders.	 assessment - History and Physical assessment Breast Self- Examination Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system 	presentation • Drug presentation • Videos, films • Simulated practice • Supervised Clinical	type • Assessme nt of skills with check list

		0005
• Etiology,	practice	• OSCE
Pathophysiology, clinical	• Visit to infertility	
manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and	clinic and ART	
management of disorder	centers	
of female reproductive		
system		
 Menstrual 		
abnormalities		
 Abnormal uterine 		
bleed		
• Pelvic inflammatory		
disease		
 Infections of the 		
reproductive tract		
• Uterine displacement		
• Endometriosis		
• Uterine and cervical		
fibroids and polyps		
cervical, ovarian,		
vaginal, vulval		
• Cysts – ovarian, vulval		
• Cystocele, urethrocele,		
rectocele		
• Genitor-urinary		
fistulas		
 Breast disorders – 		
infections, deformities,		
cysts, tumors		
• HPV vaccination		
• Disorders of Puberty		
and menopause		
• Hormonal replacement		
therapy		
Assessment and		
management of couples		
with infertility		
 Infertility – 		
definition, causes		
• Counseling the		
infertile couple		
 Investigations – 		
male and female		
• Artificial		
reproductive		
technology		
l wonnonegy	1	

VI	T- 8	Describe family	 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation Adoption – counselling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders Family planning and 	Lecture	Essay type
	1- 8 C- 80	planning and the national programs related to family welfare, MNCH+A care	 Family praining and family welfare programs <i>Review:</i> Vital indicators Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates Maternal death audit National health Mission National programs related to maternal newborn child health and adolescent services Family welfare services Planned Parenthood Impact of early / frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods- Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC)for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Family planning Counseling using Balanced Counseling 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Field visit reports

 Strategy (BCS) Importance of follow up and recommended timing Unintended or mistimed pregnancy Post abortion counseling Recent trends and research in contraception
contraception

(Skill lab & Clinical)

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

Total Hours: 600hrs Skill Lab – 40 (1 credit) Clinical - 560 (7 credits)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify and refer antenatal mothers with complications
- 2. Conduct labour and delivery
- 3. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 4. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 5. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications and refer them
- 7. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal mothers and their families using nursing process approach
- 8. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 9. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery
- 10. Provide family welfare services
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Provide post abortion care
- 13. Demonstrate IUCD insertion and removal
- 14. Participate in national family welfare programs
- 15. Assess women with gynecological disorders
- 16. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 17. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

I. SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1) Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2) Counselling antenatal women complication readiness
- 3) PV examination
- 4) Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 5) Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 6) Mechanism of labour normal and abnormal
- 7) Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 8) Active management of third stage of labour
- 9) Placental examination
- 10) Newborn resuscitation
- 11) Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 12) Postnatal assessment
- 13) Newborn assessment
- 14) Kangaroo mother care
- 15) Management of complications during pregnancy / labour /post partum (case studies / simulated scenarios)
- 16) Administration of Magnesium sulphate
- 17) Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip
- 18) Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 19) Management of PPH –Balloon tamponade
- 20) Family planning counselling.
- 21) PPIUCD insertion
- 22) Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 23) Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 24) Cervical biopsy
- 25) Breast examination

CLINICAL POSTINGS 14 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL AREAS	DURATION IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Antenatal OPD including infertility clinics / Reproductiv e medicine, Family	2 weeks	Perform antenatal assessment and identify complications during antenatal period Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women	 Pregnancy confirmation test History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin Blood test for 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	 Simulation Case presentation

	1		1	1 •	Ι		
welfare and		Perform and assist		malaria			
post-partum	2 weeks	in selected	•	Blood test for			
clinic /		advanced antenatal diagnostic		grouping and typing			
PTCT		procedures					
Centre		-	•	Kick chart, DFMC			
		Provide antenatal	•	Assist in			
Antenatal		care for women with complications		NST/CTG/USG			
ward		of pregnancy	•	Care of mothers			
		Counsel antenatal		with			
		mothers		complications in pregnancy			
			•	Antenatal			
			•	counselling Antenatal			
			•	interventions			
			•	Preparation for			
				childbirth			
			•	Birth			
				preparedness and			
				complication readiness			
Postnatal	2 wks	Perform postnatal	•	Postnatal history	• Health talk	•	Role play
		assessment and		collection and	Antenatal	•	Assignment
Ward		identification of		physical	assessment	•	Case study,
		postnatal		examination	Postnatal	•	Case
		complications	•	Identify postnatal	assessment		presentation
		-		complications	Newborn	•	Simulation
		Provide post			assessment		Vignettes
		abortion care and		~ 1 ·	Case studies		vignettes
		postnatal	•	Post abortion care	Case presentation		
		counselling	•	Post abortion counselling	IUCD insertion and		
				counsening	removal		
		Provide postnatal			101110 1 01		
		care	•	Care of postnatal			
				mothers – normal,			
				caesarean section			
			•	Care of normal newborn			
			•	Lactation			
				management			
			•	Postnatal			
		Provide family		counselling			
		welfare services	•	Health teaching			

	1			on nostratal and]
				on postnatal and newborn care				
			•	Family welfare				
				counselling				
Labour	4 weeks	Conduction of	•	Assessment of	•	Partograph	•	Assignment
room		normal deliveries		woman in labour		recording	•	Case study
100111			•	Partograph	•	Pain management	•	Case
		Conduct / assist in	•	Pervaginal		during labour		presentation
		abnormal		examination if	•	Conduction of		presentation
		deliveries		indicated		delivery		
			•	Obstetric		Assisting in		
		Monitor labour	•	examination	•	abnormal deliveries		
		using partograph	•	Care during first stage of labour				
			•	Pain management	•	Managing		
				techniques		complication during		
			•	Positions in		labour		
				labour	•	Case study		
			•	Preparation for	•	Case presentation		
		Identify and		labour – articles,				
		manage		physical,				
		complications	_	psychological Conduction of				
		during labour	•	normal delivery				
		during labour	•	Essential newborn				
				care				
			•	Newborn				
				resuscitation				
			•	Active				
				management of				
				third stage of				
				labour Monitoring and				
			•	care during fourth				
				stage of labour				
			•	Identification and				
				management of				
				prolonged labour,				
				cervical dystocia,				
				CPD, contracted				
				pelvis				
			•	Assist in the management of				
				abnormal				
				deliveries –				
				posterior position,				
				breech deliveries,				
				twin deliveries,				
				vacuum				

			1		1			
				extraction, forceps				
				delivery, shoulder				
				dystocia				
			•	Assist in cervical				
				encerclage				
				procedures, D&C, D&E				
			•	Management of				
				trauma to the birth				
				canal, retained				
				placenta, post				
				partum				
				hemorrhage,				
				uterine atony				
			•	Management of				
				obstetric shock				
Neonatal	2 weeks	Perform	•	Neonatal	• Case s	study	•	Case
Intensive		assessment of		assessment –		presentation		presentation
Intensive		newborn and		identification of	-	nments	•	Care study
Care Unit		identify		complication,	110018		•	Care plan
		•		-	• Simula	ated practice	•	Simulation,
		complications/con		congenital				Vignettes
		genital anomalies		anomalies.				C
		Perform neonatal	٠	Observation of				
		resuscitation		newborn				
			•	Neonatal				
		Care of high risk		resuscitation				
		newborn		100000000000000000000000000000000000000				
		Provide care for		D1 ((1 1				
			•	Phototherapy and				
		newborns in		management of				
		ventilator,		jaundice in				
		incubator etc		newborn				
			•	Assist in				
		Assist / perform		Exchange				
		special neonatal		transfusion				
		procedures		Care of baby in				
		-	•	=				
				incubator,				
				ventilator,				
				warmer.				
			•	Infection control				
				in the nursery				
			•	Neonatal				
				medications				
			•	Neonatal feeding				
				– spoon and				

			 katori, paladai, NG tube Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation Assist in advanced neonatal procedures 	
obstetric / Gynae operation theatre	1 week	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe / Assisting in caesarean section Management of retained placenta Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture. Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery 	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecologic al surgeries
Gynecology ward	2 weeks	Care for women with gynecological disorders	 Care of women with gynecological conditions Vaginal douche application Health education Care plan 	 Case presentation Simulation Vignettes

CHC, PHC,	1 week	Provide MNCH+A	Conduction of Reports	•	Assignment
SC /		care in the	antenatal and	•	Report
		community	postnatal clinics • Record maintenanc	e	submission
Community			Conduction of		
midwifery			other special • Conducting specia	1	
		Provide midwifery	clinics and camps clinics		
		care for women in	 Tubectomy, vasectomy Health talk 		
		the community	• Tracking every		
		5	pregnancy – RCH • Home visit		
			number		
			Maintaining vital		
			statistics		
			• Care of antenatal		
			and postnatal		
		Implement family	mother at home		
		welfare programs	 Newborn care at home 		
			Identification of		
			complication and		
			referral		
			• Follow up of		
			mothers and		
			newborns		
			• Micro birth		
			planning		
			Conduction of formily multiple		
			family welfare clinics		
			 Distribution of 		
			contraceptives		
			• Community		
			health education		